

#### **QES GROUP BERHAD**

Company No. 201401042911 (1119086-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia under the Companies Act, 1965)



ANNUAL REPORT 2021

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Vision, Mission & Values **About QES** 

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### ISION ©

We aim to be the preferred partner of choice for our customers, suppliers and associates in the market segments we participate in.

# MISSION

QES is the leading integrated solution provider specialized in distribution and service of precision equipment, material and engineering. We have design and manufacturing capability on inspection and automated handling equipment. We always work towards long-term profitability and sustainable growth by:

- Continuously training and empowering our Employees
- Keeping our Customers satisfied over long-term
- Building lasting relationships with our Key Suppliers
- Aligning to our Shareholders' vision and commitment

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Proxy Form Enclosed

### **VALUE**



**PASSION** 







**CUSTOMER** 







### **Assuring You Our Best, Always!**

QES was founded in Oct 1991. We specialise in manufacturing, distribution and provision of engineering services for inspection, test, measuring, analytical and automated handling equipment. QES Group of companies has since grown into a leading integrated solution provider with manufacturing capability.

The Group has 2 core business division:

- Distribution Division
- Manufacturing Division

Our successful ingredient is always customer driven. It is vital for us to constantly seek the best solution to suit our customers' requirements.

# **FACTS**





Revenue ~USD 53 million



370+ employees



7 countries



More than **30 years**operating

### CORPORATE **INFORMATION**

#### **ADNAN BIN ZAINOL**

Independent Non-Executive Chairman

#### **CHEW NE WENG**

Managing Director/President

#### **LIEW SOO KEANG Executive Director**

#### **CHIA GEK LIANG**

Independent Non-Executive Director

#### **HOH CHEE MUN**

Independent Non-Executive Director

#### **MAZNIDA BINTI MOKHTAR**

Independent Non-Executive Director

# **BOARD DIRECTORS**

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Andrea Huong Jia Mei (MIA 36347/ SSM PC NO. 202008003125)

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Lot 4.100, 4th Floor, Wisma Central Jalan Ampang 50450 Kuala Lumpur

Telephone number: 03- 2161 6433 Facsimile number: 03-2181 2456

#### SHARE REGISTRAR

Mega Corporate Services Sdn Bhd Level 15-2, Faber Imperial Court Jalan Sultan Ismail 50250 Kuala Lumpur

Telephone number: 03-2692 4271 Facsimile number: 03-2732 5388

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad RHB Bank Berhad United Overseas Bank (M) Berhad

#### STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

ACE Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

Stock Name : QES Stock Code : 0196

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Hoh Chee Mun (Chairman) Chia Gek Liang Maznida Binti Mokhtar

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Chia Gek Liang (Chairman) Hoh Chee Mun Maznida Binti Mokhtar

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Chia Gek Liang (Chairman) Chew Ne Weng Hoh Chee Mun Maznida Binti Mokhtar

#### **HEAD OFFICE**

No. 2, Jalan Jururancang U1/21, HICOM Glenmarie Industrial Park, Seksyen U1, 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor, Malaysia.

Telephone number: 03-5882 6668 Facsimile number: 03-5567 0811

#### **AUDITORS**

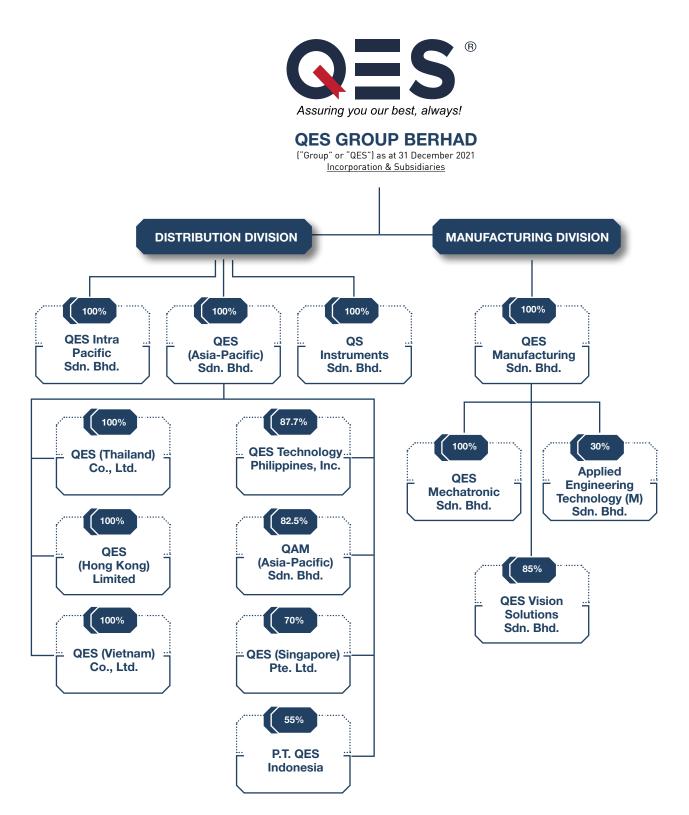
Moore Stephens Associates PLT Unit 3.3A, 3rd Floor, Surian Tower No 1, Jalan PJU 7/3, Mutiara Damansara 47810 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan

Telephone number: 03-7728 1800 Facsimile number: 03-7733 1033

#### **CORPORATE WEBSITE**

www.qesnet.com

### **CORPORATE STRUCTURE**



- The Group was incorporated in Malaysia under the Companies Act 1965 on 20 November 2014 as a public limited company under its present name and was listed on the ACE Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad in 2018. QES Group Berhad is principally an investment holding company.
- The Group had on 13 July 2021 entered into a Joint Venture Agreement with Applied Engineering, Inc. to form a joint venture Company named Applied Engineering Technology (M) Sdn Bhd which was incorporated in Malaysia under the Companies Act 2016 on 21 May 2021.

### CORPORATE **MILESTONES**

QES Malaysia was founded on the 4th October 1991



#### OCT 1991

QES Malaysia was founded on the 4th Oct 1991

#### **SEP 1992**

Expanded to Singapore via QES (Singapore) Pte.Ltd.

#### Oct 1994

Expanded to Thailand via QES (Thailand) Co.,Ltd.

#### MAY 1996

Expanded to Philippines via QES (Manila), Inc.

#### **DEC 1996**

New subsidiaries QES (Kuala Lumpur) Sdn. Bhd. & QES (Penang) Sdn. Bhd were setup

#### **JAN 1997**

QES (Asia-Pacific) Sdn. Bhd was made Corporate HQ

#### APR 1997

Moved into new three-storey Corporate HQ building in USJ9, UEP, Subang Jaya

#### OCT 2000

QAM (Asia-Pacific) Sdn. Bhd. was set up to diversify into material business of semiconductor test & assembly

#### **JUN 2001**

Creden Intra Pacific Sdn. Bhd. was set up to diversify into material business of semiconductor wafer fabrication

#### **DEC 2001**

Invested in Creden (Asia-Pacific) Sdn. Bhd. to diversify into manufacturing and trading of industrial equipment and systems

#### **MAR 2002**

Expanded to China through QES (Singapore) Pte.Ltd. representative's office in China

#### **DEC 2003**

QS Instruments Sdn. Bhd. was set up to focus on scientific analytical instruments

#### **APR 2005**

Expanded to Chengdu, China via QES China

#### **DEC 2006**

Set up subsidiary, P.T. QES Indonesia with main office in Jakarta to cover the Indonesia market

#### MAY 2007

Set up subsidiary, QES (Vietnam) Co. Ltd. with offices in Ho Chi Minh City & Hanoi to cover the Vietnam market

#### **MAY 2007**

Creden Mechatronic Sdn. Bhd. gained QMS ISO 9001: 2000 recognition

#### **MAR 2022**

Moved into new 5-storey Corporate HQ & Manufacturing Facility in Glenmarie, Shah Alam, Malaysia

#### JUL 2021

Entered into JV with US based, Applied Engineering, Inc.

#### **MAR 2021**

Implementation of Oracle Netsuite ERP System within QES Manufacturing Division

#### **MAR 2021**

QES (Asia-Pacific) Sdn.Bhd. gained QMS ISO 9001:2015 recognition for Sales & Service Operations

#### **JAN 2021**

QES acquired new 5-storey Corporate HQ & manufacturing facility in Glenmarie, Shah Alam, Malaysia

#### MAY 2020

Implementation of Oracle Netsuite ERP System within QES Distribution Division

#### **APR 2018**

Incorporation of QES Vision Solutions Sdn. Bhd. to diversify into providing vision software solution for automated equipment

#### MAR 2018

QES Group listed on the ACE Market on 8th March 2018

#### **DEC 2016**

QES (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. & QES (Thailand) Co., Ltd. becomes subsidiaries of QES Group

#### FEB 2015

Official Launch of new QES Logo

#### **AUG 2014**

Creden Intra Pacific Sdn. Bhd. gained QMS ISO 9001:2015 recognition for their Service Operation

#### AUG 2014

Implementation of Business Fulfilment System within QES Group

#### JUN 2013

Official launch of SPECTRO SEA Centre of Excellence

#### **DEC 2012**

Moved QES Corporate HQ office & factory into three-storey building at Glenmarie, Shah Alam

#### **MAY 2008**

Expanded coverage to Clark, Philippines via QES (Manila), Inc

### PROFILE OF **DIRECTORS**

#### Qualification(s):

Bachelor of Economics in 1978, University Malaya.

#### **Relevant Working Experience:**

Accumulated over 20 years of working experience in the banking industry. He started his career in 1978 serving various positions in Malayan Banking Berhad and CIMB Investment Bank Berhad until his retirement in 2004. From 2004 to 2007, he did general management consulting work on a freelance basis, assisting organisations in fundraising as well as to improve their cash flow management.

#### Present Directorship(s) with Other Public Listed Companies:

Independent Non-Executive Director of Aldrich Resources Berhad (formerly known as Orion IXL Berhad)

Encik Adnan Bin Zainol relinquished his position to be a member of the Audit, Nomination and Remuneration Committees on 26 November 2021 in compliance of Practice 1.4 of the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance.



#### **ADNAN BIN ZAINOL**

Independent Non-Executive Chairman

Malaysian · Male · 69

Appointed to our Board:

11 Mav 2015

**Board Meeting** Attendance:





#### **CHEW NE WENG**

Managing Director/President

Malaysian · Male · 59 · Co-founder

Appointed to our Board:

**Board Meeting** Attendance:

20 November 2014



#### Qualification(s):

Bachelor of Mechanical Engineering in 1987, National University of Singapore

#### **Relevant Working Experience:**

- Accumulated over 30 years of experience within the engineering industry.
- He started his career in 1987 as an Engineer at Cairnhill Precision Private Limited, Singapore and co-founded QES Group on 4 October
- As Managing Director/President, he is responsible for the overall strategic direction and management of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") such as the implementation of policies on technical and financial operations, business plans for operating units as well as the execution of quality management system.

#### **Member of the Remuneration Committee**

#### Profile of Directors (Cont'd)

#### Qualification(s):

Bachelor of Electrical Engineering (Honours) (First Class) from University Malaya in 1987.

#### **Relevant Working Experience:**

- Accumulated over 30 years of experience in the engineering industry. He began his career in 1987 with Intel Technology Sdn. Bhd. where he was tasked with various roles including semiconductor test equipment maintenance, services and overseeing testing operations.
- He joined QES (Penang) Sdn. Bhd. in 1997 as Operations Director. He was responsible mainly for the business development activities in the northern region of Peninsular Malaysia before assuming a wider regional portfolio in 2000 when he was appointed to the board of directors of QES (Asia-Pacific) Sdn. Bhd.



#### **LIEW SOO KEANG**

**Executive Director** 

Malaysian · Male · 60

Appointed to our Board:

**Board Meeting** Attendance:

20 November 2014





#### **CHIA GEK LIANG**

Independent Non-Executive Director

Malaysian · Male · 61

Appointed to our Board:

**Board Meeting** Attendance:

11 May 2015



#### Qualification(s):

- Bachelor of Electrical Engineering and a Master of Business Administration from the National University of Singapore, in 1985 and 1993.
- Bachelor of Laws Hons (2nd Upper) from the University of London in
- Obtained his Certificate in Legal Practice in 2011 and was admitted as Advocate & Solicitor of the High Court of Malaya in 2012.

#### **Relevant Working Experience:**

- He began his career in 1985 in the engineering industry with SGS-Thomson Microelectronics Pte. Ltd. In Singapore for 6 years.
- In 1992, he joined CIMB Investment Bank Berhad in the corporate finance division. During his 9 years tenure in investment banking he was involved in a wide variety of assignments which include initial public offerings, debt and equity funding raising, mergers and acquisitions, reverse take-over, corporate and debt restructuring and privatisation exercises.
- In 2013, he started practising law as an Associate where he was primarily involved in providing corporate legal services.
- Since January 2019, he has resumed doing general consulting works.

Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committees -Member of the Audit Committee.

#### Profile of Directors (Cont'd)

#### Qualification(s):

- Certified Public Accountants, Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountant ("MICPA"), in 1993.
- Admitted as a Certified Public Accountant of MICPA on 29 January 1994.
- Admitted as a Chartered Accountant of Malaysia Institute of Accountants ("MIA") on 24 October 1994.

#### **Relevant Working Experience:**

- Commenced his accountancy career in 1985 with BDO and furthered his career with Ernst & Young in 1990.
- In 1996, he joined Fella Design Group of Companies as the Group Accountant, overseeing the accounts, finance, internal audit, human resources, and information technology.
- In 2005, he became the Finance Director of VHQ Group of Companies, overseeing the accounts, finance and corporate secretarial matters in Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia, Thailand, Vietnam, and China.
- From 2012 to 2017, he provided general management consultancy and GST services.
- Since 2017, he was appointed as the Financial Controller of Straits Inter Logistics Berhad.

Chairman of the Audit Committee - Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committees.



#### HOH CHEE MUN

Independent Non-Executive Director

Malaysian · Male · 57

Appointed to our Board

11 Mav 2015







#### Maznida Binti Mokhtar

Independent Non-Executive Director Malavsian · Female · 55

Appointed to our Board:

**Board Meeting** Attendance:

1 August 2019



#### Qualification(s):

- Bachelor of Science in Economics (Honours) from London School of Economics and Political Science in 1990.
- She completed her professional articleship as a Chartered Accountant at Ernst & Young in London in 1993.
- She is currently a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales, and the MIA.

#### **Relevant Working Experience:**

- She started her career in 1990, at EY London (previously known as Ernst & Young London) in London, UK, where she qualified as a Chartered Accountant.
- In 1994, she joined AmMerchant Bank Berhad in the Privatisation and Project Advisory Unit.
- In 1997, she co-founded Skali Group of Companies and was the Chief Financial Officer for 23 years. She and the management team provided the strategic direction and led the operations of the Group.
- She has accumulated over 30 years of working experience in the accounting firm, merchant banking industry and the IT industry.

#### Member of the Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees.

Puan Maznida Binti Mokhtar was appointed as a member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committees on 26 November 2021 in replacement of Encik Adnan Bin Zainol.

#### Present Directorship(s) with Other Public Companies:

Independent Non-Executive Director of DS Sigma Holdings Berhad

#### **Profile of Directors** (Cont'd)

#### Notes:

- 1. All the Directors above have no family relationship with any Directors and/or major shareholders of the Group and have never been charged for any offence against the law other than traffic offences (if any) within the past five (5) years.
- 2. None of the Directors have any conflict of interest with the Company.
- 3. Other than En. Adnan Bin Zainol and Pn. Maznida binti Mokhtar, all the Directors of QES Group Berhad does not hold directorship in any other public companies as at 31st December 2021.



### PROFILE OF KEY MANAGEMENT

- Responsible for all regional sales, marketing and technical support activities.
- Appointed since 1 January 2011

#### Qualification(s):

Diploma in Technology (Electronic Engineering) in 1998, Tunku Abdul Rahman College

#### **Relevant Working Experience:**

- Accumulated more than 20 years of experience in the test and measurement equipment industry.
- Over 20 years in QES where he was responsible for the after-sales technical support services, sales and marketing activities within the Business Unit of QS Instruments Sdn.Bhd.



**LEE HOCK CHIN** Vice President of Distribution Division Malaysian · Male · 48



**LIM CHEE KEONG** Vice President of Manufacturing Division

Malaysian · Male · 55

- Responsible for overseeing the overall sales and marketing, production planning, equipment engineering, precision part machining operation, equipment assembly and supply chain management operations of the Manufacturing Division.
- Appointed since 1 January 2009

#### Qualification(s):

Diploma in Computer Studies in 1993, Informatics Institute, Penang.

#### **Relevant Working Experience:**

- More than 30 years of engineering and sales experiences.
- Joined QES in 1994 and has since been in charge of technical support operations, managing the technical and service department, overall management of the operations.

#### Profile of Key Management (Cont'd)

- Responsible for overseeing the overall human resource and administration functions of our Group which include human resource planning, recruitment, payroll management and supply chain management.
- Appointed since 1 April 2021

#### Qualification(s):

- Diploma in Purchasing and Materials Management in 2001, Malaysian Institute of Purchasing and Materials Management.
- Foundation studies for Graduate Diploma in Purchasing and Supply Programme in 2001, Chartered Institute of Purchasing and Supply, United Kingdom.

#### **Relevant Working Experience:**

Began her career in 1989 and since joining QES in 1992, she has accumulated over 30 years of experience in various roles ranging from office management, procurement, logistics, warehouse and management of human capital.



**CHIN GUAT EEM** 

Senior General Manager of Human Resources & Admin

Malaysian · Female · 55



YEOH CHEONG YEOW General Manager of Finance Malaysian · Male · 53

- Responsible for our Group's overall finance functions including the monitoring of business performance and results, profitability and cash flow, financial reporting, treasury management and tax compliance.
- Appointed since 1 September 2004

#### Qualification(s):

- Diploma in Commerce (Financial Accounting) in 1993, Tunku Abdul Rahman College.
- Diploma in Investment Analysis in 1996, Research Institute of Investment Analysts Malaysia.
- Fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (FCCA), United Kingdom and a Chartered Accountant of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA).

#### **Relevant Working Experience:**

- More than 25 years of experience in accounting and finance functions.
- He began his career in 1993 as an auditor and subsequently held various finance and accounting roles prior to joining QES in 2004 assuming his present role.

- 1. All the Key Management above have no family relationship with any Directors or major shareholders of the Group and have never been charged for any offence against the law other than traffic offences (if any) within the past five (5) years.
- 2. All the Key Management above does not hold directorship in any other public listed companies and has no conflict of interest with the Company.

### LETTER TO **SHAREHOLDERS**

#### Dear Shareholders,

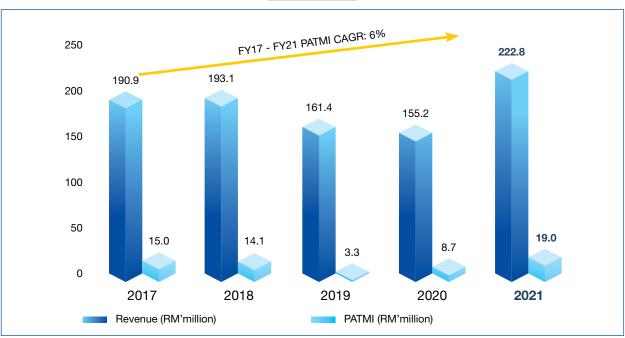
QES Group Berhad turned in a commendable performance in the financial year ended 31 December 2021 ("FYE 2021"), notwithstanding the challenging operating environment with the prevailing global COVID-19 pandemic situation. Recurring waves of COVID-19 infections have brought numerous challenges to the Group's operations as the imposition of movement controls and prohibition of cross-border travels required the Group to make fluid adaptations to limit business disruptions. Fortunately for the Group, the global economy's shift towards digitalization coupled with the confluence of increased demand for consumer electronics, online consumption of goods and services and smart automation led to the increase in demand for digital goods and new 5G products which led to a severe supply crunch in the semiconductor industry, which had a domino effect on benefitting industries such as ours.

#### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

#### Analysis of financial results

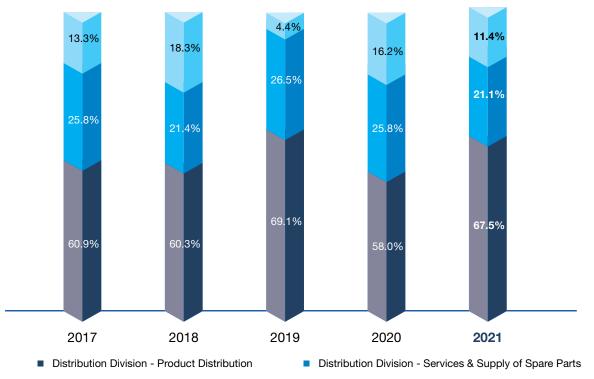
The Group ended the financial year with a record of RM222.8million in revenue and RM19.0 million in profit after tax attributable to the owners of the company ("PATMI"). Revenue grew by 43.6% or RM67.6 million from RM155.2 million while PATMI increased by 118.4% or RM10.3 million from RM8.7 million as compared to FYE 2020. The robust growth was a result of higher sales of product from both Distribution and Manufacturing Division.

#### Revenue & PATMI



#### Letter To Shareholders (Cont'd)

#### Manufacturing & Distribution Division Breakdown

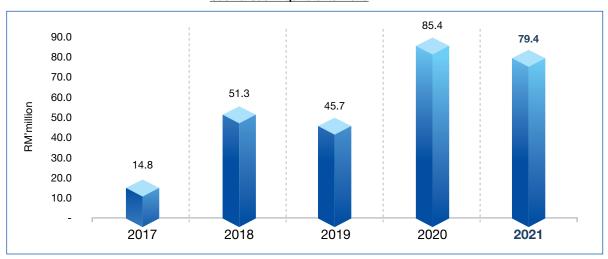


Manufacturing Division

#### Maintaining a strong balance sheet

The financial position of the Group remained strong with cash and cash equivalents of RM79.4 million as at 31 December 2021. Despite facing an ongoing volatile and challenging operating environment post-Covid, the Group is committed to optimise usage of our cash reserves over the next 12 months, in ensuring our business expansion plan, product development process and digitalisation project remained intact.

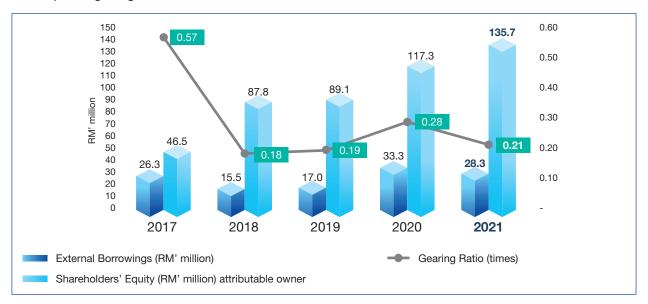
**Cash & Cash Equivalents Trend** 



#### Letter To Shareholders (Cont'd)

#### (iii) Shareholders' equity growth

Our shareholders' equity increased from RM117.3 million in FYE 2020 to RM135.7 million due to the growing profitability of the Group. The increase coupled with the reduce in total external borrowings contributed to our improved gearing ratio from 0.28 times in FYE 2020 to 0.21 times in FYE 2021.



#### **BUSINESS SUSTAINABILITY AND DEVELOPMENT**

#### (i) Corporate Highlights

On 1st January 2021, QES (Asia-Pacific) Sdn Bhd was appointed as Nikon Corporation's authorised distributor and will be responsible for managing the marketing, sales and aftersales services of Nikon Corporation's industrial metrology products in Malaysia.

On 13 July 2021, the Group announced the signing of a Joint Venture Agreement with Electronic Interface Company, Inc. dba Applied Engineering, Inc (USA) to expand into high technology semiconductor equipment making in Penang. We have since set up Applied Engineering Technology (M) Sdn Bhd ("AETM") which had their grand opening on 9 March 2022. AETM is set to cater to the specific needs of clients in the semiconductor equipment manufacturing, medical technology and medical devices, defence, and aerospace market segments, not only in Malaysia, but also to ASEAN countries and China.

The Group had also successfully signed a Sales and Purchase Agreement with the Penang Development Corporation on 15th September 2021, via its wholly owned subsidiary, QES Mechatronic Sdn Bhd ("QMC") for the proposed acquisition of a 2-acre land in Batu Kawan Industrial Park, Penang for a total cash consideration of RM4,791,600.00.

#### (ii) Strengthening Digitalisation

QES withstood the COVID-19 challenges and countered them by improving our operational efficiencies, managing costs, embarking on digitalisation to improve our capabilities as well as innovating our businesses. During the year, we continued with our digitalisation and automation journey as well as process improvements across all our business units and departments. We have enhanced our operational and business processes by investing in new software systems for human resources and business solutions such as Payroll2u, Shepherd CMMS and Microsoft 365.

#### Letter To Shareholders (Cont'd)

#### (iii) Manufacturing product development

In FYE 2021, our Manufacturing Division has expanded their products and solutions such as RFID Warehouse Management System, Smart Vending Solutions, Integrated IoT Sensing Solutions, RFID Bunny Suit Management Solution and Production E-Traveler Solution which will capitalise on the semiconductor growth and Industry 4.0 related projects. We remain focused on developing the manufacturing division as this is the heart of the business and holds the key to our future success. As the year progressed, the Group successfully launched 3 new products namely the Post Die Attach Inspection System - PDA 1000V. This system is specially designed for the inspection of a new type of power switch based on SiC & GaN material such as IGBT & MOSFET device handling specifically targeted at the electronic vehicles industry. The Group also introduced another 2 Automated Inspection products, Post Molded Inspection System PMI3000 and Post Probing Inspection System PPI3000 in FYE 2021.

#### (iv) Employees Health & Safety

At the onset of the COVID-19 outbreak in early 2020, QES took various preventive measures to ensure minimal disruptions in the running of the Group's operations. To safeguard our operations and employees, we enforced strict procedures throughout the companies. QES fully complied with all the standard operating procedures initiated by all the respective local governments which we have businesses at, which included body temperature checks, mandatory wearing of face masks in public spaces, sanitisation, social distancing and working from home procedures. We also restricted visitation to visitors, customers, suppliers and only allowed exceptions when deemed necessary under strict health declaration protocols as imposed by our human resources department. The Management is pleased that all the employees played a role in ensuring the success of the various implementations as the total workplace COVID-19 infection recorded was only 2 cases since 2020 till FYE 2021.

#### MARKET OUTLOOK AND FUTURE PROSPECT

The economic recovery is expected to be better with the upliftment of travel bans effective 1st April 2022 in Malaysia. The Group remains cautiously optimistic on the prospects for FYE 2022 and expects to see continual growth despite the overall challenging outlook with the higher cost of materials and inflationary pressure due to the various geopolitical and global supply chain crisis issues caused by the pandemic. The Group's long-term business objectives are to generate sustainable earnings supported by positive cash flows and maintaining a positive and healthy financial position. Barring any unforeseen circumstances, the Group will also undertake a transfer listing of the entire issued share capital of QES Group Berhad from ACE Market to Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad in FY 2022.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we would like to express our sincere appreciation and gratitude to our shareholders, the management and employees, for their dedicated work, commitment and loyalty. Finally, we would like to express our sincere gratitude to all our customers, suppliers, business associates, vendors, bankers and regulatory authorities for their continuous support and trust in QES. We call upon all our stakeholders to continue to support QES and we wish to convey our utmost appreciation for placing your trust upon us.

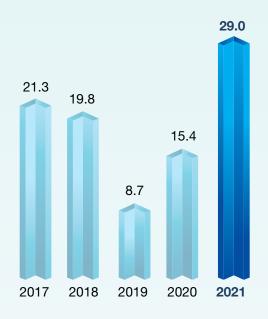
Rest assured	. we will	continue t	to work to	paether	and force	ahead to	achieve th	ne hiahest	arowth and	success for	<b>QES</b>

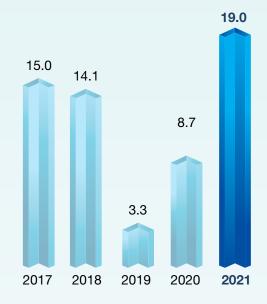
Thank you.	
Adnan Bin Zainol	Chew Ne Weng
Independent Non-Executive Chairman	Managing Director/President

# GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

## Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortisation (RM'million)

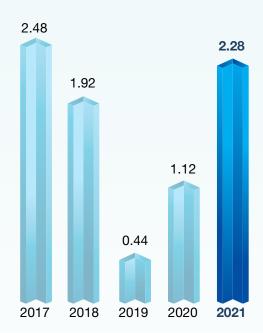
Profit attributable to Owners of the Company (RM'million)

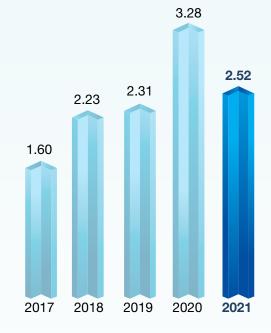




Basic Earnings per Share (sen)

Current Ratio (times)





### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE REVIEW

#### Revenue and gross profit

The Group recorded a higher revenue of RM222.8 million in FYE 2021, an increase of RM67.6 million or 43.6% as compared to FYE 2020. The growth of revenue was mainly due to an increase in sales generated from both Distribution and Manufacturing Division by RM67.2 million and RM0.4 million respectively.

The Group recorded a higher gross profit ("GP") of RM16.2 million, a 45.8% increase over last year's RM35.4 million primarily due to higher GP contribution by the Distribution Division, in tandem with its increase in revenue. Overall GP margin for the current financial year stood at 23.2% as compared to 22.8% in FYE 2020.

Geographically, Malaysia remains as the biggest revenue contributing country, at approximately 41.3% of our total revenue in FYE 2021. 50.2% of our revenue is derived from other ASEAN countries, and the remaining 8.5% is contributed by other countries. This well-balanced geographical composition shows the Group's diversity and strength of our core businesses in which there is no heavy reliance on a single country to drive the continuous growth of the Group.

#### **Operating expenses**

Administrative expenses increased to RM17.2 million in FYE 2021 from RM16.1 million in FYE 2020 mainly due to an increase in staff costs and software maintenance costs following a successful implementation of Oracle NetSuite ERP system across all QES subsidiaries this year.

Marketing and distribution cost rose to RM5.8 million from RM5.1 million, in line with the growth of our revenue.

Other operating expenses decreased marginally to 2.7% of our revenue in FYE 2021 compared to 3.3% in FYE 2020 despite taking into account higher loss allowance in trade receivables, inventories written off, depreciation and amortisation. This is in spite of lower net loss on foreign exchange and absence of inventories written down in FYE 2020.

The Group's finance costs decreased slightly mainly due to the lower recognition of interest expenses on lease interest and reduction in interest from short term bank borrowings.

#### **Profit**

The Group's profit before tax ("PBT") increased by 117.1% to RM25.4million in FYE 2021 from RM11.7 million in FYE 2020 in line with the growth in our revenue and gross profit. Profit after tax further increased by 125.3% to RM19.6 million in FYE 2021 from RM8.7 million in FYE 2020 in line with higher PBT.

The Group's effective tax rate in FYE 2021 was 22.8%. The effective rate is lower compared to 26.1% in FYE 2020 and the statutory income tax rate of 24.0% mainly due to adjustments made on certain non-taxable and tax exempted income notwithstanding the adjustment for non-taxable expenses in place.

#### **FINANCIAL POSITIONS REVIEW**

#### Non-current assets

The Group's total non-current assets increased by RM22.2 million, mainly due to the purchase of freehold land and building for new QES factory and office amounting to RM23.0 million, demonstration equipment of RM3.6 million and other property, plant and equipment of RM1.5 million. There are also additional intangible assets amounting to RM1.2 million and new investments in an associate company of RM1.0 million incurred this year. The increase is partially offset by the disposal of demonstration equipment and office furniture and equipment amounting to RM1.8 million at net book value, total depreciation of RM2.5 million and RM1.5 million charged for property, plant and equipment ("PPE") and right-of-use ("ROU") asset respectively, amortisation of intangible asset of RM0.5 million coupled with the reversal of ROU due to lease modification of RM1.6 million at net book value.

#### **Current assets**

Total current assets for FYE 2021 stood at RM184.6 million, an increase by RM16.6 million mainly attributable to an increase in trade receivables by RM19.9 million as a result of an increase in revenue for FYE 2021. Other receivables increased by RM2.1 million mainly due to advances paid for renovation and fittings of new QES factory and office building coupled with down-payment paid for land purchase at Batu Kawan. Inventories also increased by RM1.9 million due to stock in place at end of FYE 2021 pending deliveries and increase in shortterm investments and fixed deposit by RM5.9 million and RM0.5 million respectively despite the decrease in cash and bank balances of RM13.1 million and tax recoverable of RM0.6 million.

#### Management Discussion and Analysis (Cont'd)

#### **Current and non-current liabilities**

The Group's non-current liabilities decreased by RM2.4 million in FYE 2021. This is mainly due to lower recognition of non-current lease liabilities by RM2.4 million and reduce in long term borrowing by RM0.6 million as a result of repayment of term loan. This was partially offset by the increase of RM0.4 million in deferred tax liabilities mainly in relation to the temporary timing arising from carrying value of property, plant and equipment.

Total current liabilities increased by RM22.0 million in FYE 2021, mainly attributable to the increase in trade payables of RM9.1 million, consistent with the increase in trade receivables and our growth in revenue. Other payables also increased by RM7.4 million due to higher accrued trade and non-trade expenses in addition to the increase in contract liabilities of RM7.0 million mainly from higher deposit received from customers. This is notwithstanding the decrease in short term borrowings by RM1.2 million mainly due to lower bank overdrafts drawdown at end of financial year.

#### **Gearing ratios**

Our gearing ratio improved from 0.28 times in FYE 2020 to 0.21 times in FYE 2021 as a result of the reduced in total borrowings as well as growing profitability during the financial year under review.

#### **LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESERVES**

The net cash outflow of the Group for FYE 2021 was RM5.4 million. This can be accounted by:-

- Cash inflow of RM23.6 million from operating activities:
- Cash outflow of RM26.7 million from investing activities; and
- Cash outflow of RM2.3 million for financing activities.

Cash inflow of RM23.6 million was mainly attributable to favourable outcome from operating activities in place during the year.

Cash outflow of RM26.7 million from investing activities was mainly attributable to the acquisition of PPE of RM28.1 million, addition in intangible assets of RM1.2 million, investment in associate of RM1.2 million and placement of fixed deposit of RM0.5 million. This is mitigated by proceeds from disposal of PPE of RM3.2 million and interest on income received amounting to RM1.0 million.

The repayment of lease liabilities and term loan of RM1.5 million and RM0.5 million respectively constituted the main cash outflow of RM2.3 million for financing activities.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's cash and cash equivalents stood at RM79.4 million.

#### **Operational and Financial Risks**

#### **Operational Risks**

During FYE 2021, the Group has successfully implemented the Oracle NetSuite as our digitalisation project partner. With this successful implementation, we can run a more efficient operation as information can be retrieved on a real time basis for us to make quick and informed decisions. With this investment, we aspire to meet our customers' requirements and expectations in terms of quality of services, speed, and excellence. Our ultimate objective is to create optimum operational efficiencies while enhancing the customer experience. This will enable us to minimize any prospect of loss resulting from inadequate information while implementing policies, procedures or systems in place. This has been especially beneficial during the COVID-19 pandemic, as it has underlined the absolute necessity of fully embracing digitalisation in order to support new ways of working from home and connecting with our customers.

The Group is actively and continuously pursuing new product and technology innovations to address the increasingly sophisticated needs of our customers such as adopting the use of computerized maintenance management system to enhance our service support to our customers.

The Group will continue to strengthen its market position and expand its customer base by penetrating new market segments.

#### Management Discussion and Analysis (Cont'd)

#### **Financial Risks**

#### Foreign exchange risk

The Group is exposed to fluctuations in foreign exchanges rates as a major part of our sales and purchases are transacted in foreign currencies. Our finance, purchasing and sales departments will coordinate our foreign currency sales and purchases to be in the same currency as much as possible to minimize our foreign currency exposure as a form of natural hedging. Should our exposure become substantial, the Group would consider hedging our position. However, there would remain risks arising from foreign exchange and any adverse fluctuations in the foreign exchange rates may have an adverse impact on the Group's revenue and earnings.

#### **COVID-19 Risks**

The COVID-19 pandemic has impacted the economy, companies and people's livelihood globally. It has also highlighted the potential risks and vulnerability in the sustainability of even the most resilient companies. However, the upside is the changes in consumers' needs and behaviour, in that more application and consumption of semiconductors are seen during this unprecedented time and greater demand for virtualising large sections of the economy and society, such as working from home, which increased the demand in electronic devices such as computers, laptop, smart phones, servers and other ways of virtualisation. These trends are likely to increase demand for data servers, cloud usage, contactless and automated solutions and Internet of Things.

Our topmost priorities during this pandemic have been to safeguard the well-being of our employees and customers. Hence, the Group has also taken all appropriate measures and adhered strictly to all the recommended standard operating procedures as laid out by all the local government rules and regulations. The Management is pleased that all the employees played a role in ensuring the success of the various implementations as the total workplace COVID-19 infection recorded was only 2 cases since 2020 till FYE 2021.

#### **DIVIDEND**

On 23 February 2022, the Directors declared a final dividend of 0.40 sen per ordinary share in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2021. The entitlement to dividend to be determined based on the record of depositors as at 10 March 2022 whilst the dividend was paid on 31 March 2022.

### SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT

QES firmly believes that economic, environment, social responsibility and good corporate governance are the core of achieving a sustainable business. In achieving our business sustainability, the Group remains committed in achieving operational profitability whilst focusing on the environment, social and governance ("ESG") criteria as essential elements in enabling the Group to achieve success now as well as into the future.

Our Sustainability Statement ("SS") was prepared in pursuant to Bursa Securities' ACE Market Listing Requirements ("AMLR") and Sustainability Reporting Guide issued. In preparing this Statement, the Group also considered the Sustainability Reporting Guide - 2nd Edition and its accompanying Toolkits, issued by Bursa Securities.

The Group is committed towards ensuring that our business operations are carried out in a sustainable and responsible manner, taking into consideration of the ESG implications the Group is exposed to. This sustainability statement outlines our endeavours throughout FYE 2021 in areas where our expertise and resources can make a positive impact.

OUR VISION	OUR MISSION
We aim to be the preferred partner of choice for our customers, suppliers & associates in the market segments we participate in	<ul> <li>Continuously train and empower our Employees</li> <li>Keeping our Customers satisfied over long term</li> <li>Building lasting relationships with our Key Suppliers</li> <li>Aligning to our Shareholders' vision and commitment</li> </ul>

#### **OUR SUSTAINABILITY APPROACH**

This Sustainability Statement describes the Group's commitment towards improving its sustainability practices while also considering the concerns of our stakeholders. By focusing on sustainability, the Group focuses and highlights more on ESG to strengthen the local economy, safeguard natural resources and strengthen our bond with our community.

In line with the United Nations' 2030 Agenda and seventeen (17) UNSDGs, the Group adopted these goals as part of our sustainability journey, where we identified six (6) UNSDGs which have a direct impact on the Group in terms of risks and opportunities over the long-term.















The Group's Sustainability Committee organisation structure is presented below:



The Group has in place a Sustainability Committee with a clear organisation chart for the implementation of its sustainability activities. The Group Managing Director is the Chairman and the main driver of the sustainability measures and initiatives. He is supported by a team of key management personnel in implementing strategies towards achieving sustainable performance for the Group.

Stakeholders are individuals, groups and entities affected by the operations of the Group. The Group recognises that fair treatment and maintaining a strong relationship with the core stakeholders are key to long-term profit and business success. Hence, the Group conducts periodic engagement with both external and internal stakeholders to help us better understand their perspectives and concerns on key issues and to integrate those perspectives and concerns into the Group's sustainability strategy.

In adopting specific channels to specific stakeholders, we are able to ensure that these stakeholder's expectations and requirements are met. The summary below shows our key stakeholders, their areas of interests and the platforms we use to engage them in.

Key Stakeholders	Areas of Interests	Platforms Used
Directors	<ul><li>Financial Performance</li><li>Corporate Governance Practices</li><li>Business Strategy</li></ul>	<ul><li>Quarterly Board Meetings</li><li>On-Going Interactions</li></ul>
Management	<ul><li>Financial Performance</li><li>Corporate Governance Practices</li><li>Business Strategy</li><li>Human Capital Management</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Monthly Management Meetings</li> <li>Quarterly Key Management Meetings</li> <li>Half Yearly Key Management Meetings</li> <li>On-Going Interactions</li> </ul>
Employees	<ul> <li>Employee Health &amp; Well-Being</li> <li>Occupational Safety</li> <li>Compensation &amp; Benefits</li> <li>Career Development</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Employee Corporate Handbook</li> <li>Emails Memo</li> <li>Intranet</li> <li>Performance Appraisal</li> <li>Learning &amp; Development Programmes</li> <li>Virtual Townhall Meetings</li> </ul>
Shareholders/ Investors	<ul><li>Financial Performance</li><li>Corporate Governance Practices</li><li>Business Strategy</li></ul>	<ul><li>Annual General Meetings</li><li>Quarterly Financial Reports</li><li>Investors Briefings</li></ul>

Key Stakeholders	Areas of Interests	Platforms Used
Customers	<ul> <li>Technologies &amp; Innovation</li> <li>Product Reliability &amp; Quality</li> <li>Technical Support Services</li> <li>Competitive Pricing</li> <li>Manufacturing Capacity</li> <li>On – Time Delivery</li> <li>Compliance with Regulations</li> <li>Corporate Governance Practices</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>On - Site Visit</li> <li>Exhibitions/Conference/Webinars</li> <li>Customer Training &amp; Support</li> <li>Customer Complaint Form</li> <li>Customer Satisfaction Survey</li> <li>Corporate Website</li> <li>Social Media (LinkedIn)</li> </ul>
Suppliers/Vendors	<ul> <li>Compliance with Regulations</li> <li>Corporate Governance Practices</li> <li>Agreeable Contracts</li> <li>Terms of Payment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Email Correspondence</li> <li>On - Site Visit</li> <li>Daily Interactions</li> <li>Vendor Assessment &amp; Evaluation Procedure</li> <li>Annual Performance Evaluation</li> </ul>
Communities/ Societies	<ul><li>Corporate Governance Practices</li><li>Community Involvement</li><li>Environmental Management</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Community Involvement Programmes</li> <li>Career Fairs</li> <li>Corporate Website</li> <li>Social Media (LinkedIn)</li> </ul>
Media	<ul><li>Regulatory Compliance</li><li>Community Involvement</li></ul>	<ul><li>Corporate Website</li><li>Social Media (LinkedIn)</li></ul>

#### **MATERIAL MATTERS**

As part of the Group's efforts to develop its sustainability framework, the Group has conducted a materiality assessment to identify material sustainability matters and ranked the material matters based on its importance to its business and its stakeholders.



Important to Business Operations

#### **MATERIAL MATTERS**

The priority of material matters are categorised according to the following aspects of stakeholders' interests which also continue to map our relevant direct or indirect contribution to the UNSDGs.

Aspect	Material Matters	Relevant Stakeholders	Contribution to UNSDGs
Environmental	<ul><li>Waste Management</li><li>Hazardous Substances</li><li>Energy Conservation</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Government/ Regulators</li> <li>Community/ Society</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SDG 12 - Responsible         Consumption and         Production</li> <li>SDG 13 - Climate Action</li> <li>SDG 7 - Affordable and         Clean Energy</li> </ul>
Social	<ul> <li>Human Capital         Management &amp; Career         Development</li> <li>Employee Health &amp; Well-         Being and Occupational         Safety</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Employees</li><li>Community/ Society</li></ul>	<ul> <li>SDG 8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth Indirect</li> <li>SDGs: SDG 5 - Gender Equality</li> </ul>
Governance	<ul> <li>Business Growth &amp;         Continuity</li> <li>Corporate Governance         Practices</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Directors</li> <li>Management</li> <li>Employees</li> <li>Shareholders/ Investors</li> <li>Shareholders/ Investors</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SDG 8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth</li> <li>SDG 9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure</li> </ul>



#### Waste Management

In line with the SDG 12.5 of responsible consumption and production, we are committed to substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse. We are committed to conduct business sustainably with minimal adverse impact to the environment and in compliance to all applicable environmental laws and regulations. We also attempt to adopt the best industry practices through the management of our subcontractors.

All scheduled wastes are properly disposed of by registered contractors to the approved treatment premises and disposal facilities.

In our daily operations, we are committed to recycling, energy-saving practices and undertaking measures to reduce wastage, pollution and harmful emissions. We are committed to improving the efficiency of our resources and reduce our environmental impact by encouraging our employees:-

- To recycle old documents
- To distribute all memos via email
- To disseminate all company information such as handbooks, SOP, forms using internal electronic network
- To reuse delivery boxes when necessary
- To reuse shipping, packing material when necessary
- To switch off all electrical appliances when not in use

During the reporting period, there were no incidents of non-compliance and penalties pertaining to environmentalrelated issues. To maintain the highest standard of environmental compliance and to prevent future occurrence of incidence, the Management will continue to review and improve current environmental management system and practices and ensure that all our activities and operations comply with existing regulatory requirements.

#### **Hazardous Substance**

In FYE 2021, our distribution division has installed more than 1,600 analysers that are integrated in a testing program for regulatory compliance that supports a wide range of hazardous substance analysis such as RoHs and WEEE. WEEE compliance aims to encourage the design of electronic products with environmentally-safe recycling and recovery in mind.

RoHS compliance dovetails into WEEE by reducing the amount of hazardous chemicals used in electronics manufacture. RoHS regulates the hazardous substances used in the manufacture of electrical and electronic equipment (EEE), while WEEE regulates the disposal of this same equipment. Some of our flagship products include SpectroGreen, Spectro Genesis, Hitachi Thermal Desorption MS (Screening Device for Phthalates) HM1000A and Hitachi XRF Analyser Series.

#### **Energy Conservation**

Despite significant progress over the past decade on improving access to electricity, increasing renewable energy use in the electricity sector and improving energy efficiency, the world is still falling short in providing affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all.

Managing energy efficiency represents one of the biggest opportunities for the Group to reduce our environmental impact and lower our operating costs. The Group is installing new solar panel roofs at our new Corporate HQ that will be in operation from March 2022. The Group is hoping that with the installation of the new Solar PV module, we are looking at annually offsetting 237 tons of carbon dioxide, which is also saving the equivalent of:-

CO2 absorbed for one year by

10,782 trees

Cars Mileage taken off the road for one year

912,209 km

Light bulbs powered for one year

2,926 lightbulbs



#### **Human Capital Management & Career Development**

The Group believes that carrying out training and development programmes for our employees are fundamental to our employees' abilities to acquire the skills necessary for their career advancement and personal development. Despite the challenges brought by the pandemic in FY2021 which has resulted in physical attendance of training courses being disallowed, the Group has, through the use of virtual tools and one-on-one practical session where applicable, continued to conduct the following training and development programmes for our employees. In FYE 2021, the Group conducted a total of 191 on-line trainings in embracing the new normal.





#### Occupational Health & Safety

As a demonstration of our commitment to upholding the highest standards of safety, we rely on comprehensive preventive measures, and the cooperation of our employees to adhere to the best practices in their day-to-day operations. We inspect emergency preparedness equipment such as the firefighting system, fire extinguisher, medical equipment and facility, emergency exit signage and light to ensure they are available, well maintained and functioning in the event of emergencies.

The inspections are carried out on a monthly and quarterly basis. In conducting these inspections, we aim to prevent, if not eliminate incidents, injuries and illnesses arising from unsafe or unhealthy work conditions and processes.

Our emphasis on employee's health and safety well-being can be witnessed through the establishment of our inhouse Occupational Health, Safety & Environment Policy which comprises the: -

- Atomic Energy Licensing Board (AELB) Emergency Response Team
- **Emergency Response Team**
- Monthly Fire System Maintenance
- Safety & Health Committee

The aim of these teams is to ensure that we provide an accident-free workplace environment across our workstations to all our employees. We ensure all employees are familiar and well-versed with the plan to minimise safety incidents in the event of emergencies. As the below table shows a list Occupational Health & Safety training that was conducted for the FYE 2021.

- ALM100-In House Radiation Safety Awareness Training
- Contractor Safety Passport System High Risk Work
- Fire Drill Demonstration Theory and Practical training
- **New Hires Orientation**

#### **Employee Health & Well-Being**

At the onset of the COVID-19 outbreak in early 2020, QES took various preventive measures to ensure minimal disruptions in the running of the Group's operations. To safeguard our operations and employees, we enforced strict procedures throughout the companies such as:

- Weekly self-testing of all employees with test kits given to all employees monthly
- Temperature checking and facial recognition scanning
- Face masks were given to all employees
- Social distancing demarcation marked clearly around the office
- Work from home and rotational work from home policies were imposed accordingly
- Encouraged digitalisation of paperwork to minimalize employees contacts
- Daily sanitization of the office and factory

In December 2021, Selangor was affected by flash floods that damaged the homes of many including some of our employees were also affected by it. The Management decided to provide a one-time relief for the affected employees to help them rebuild their homes just in time for the holidays. A total of RM34, 500.00 was distributed to aid 23 employees affected by the flood.

#### **Community**

In FYE 2021, the Group contributed a total of RM 8,268.00 in total to Fundraising for Flood Victims in Selangor and Fund Raising of Oxy-meters for PgCare Alliance by Malaysia Semiconductor Industry Association (MSIA).

#### **GOVERNANCE**

#### **Business Growth & Continuity**

Semiconductor wafer manufacturing innovation using materials such as silicon carbide ("SiC") and gallium nitride ("GaN") gave impetus to improve Electric Vehicles ("EV") performance. Indirectly, we need to develop new equipment to meet our customers' demands on automation and fast inspection of these new design of IC chips. By working closely with customers, our manufacturing division has researched and developed the all-new Post Die Attach Inspection System - PDA 1000V. The automated vision inspection system is designed to handle and automatically inspect the new power switches (IGBT or MOSFET) based on SiC and GaN materials

#### **Industry Networking and Collaboration**

In light of the pandemic, the Group has launched a series of webinars with the cooperation from Suppliers to target specific industry markets. The webinars were widely promoted on all social media platform and has been generating positive responses from our current and new target audience.

High Precision Elemental Analysis of Precious Metal Alloys in Refineries, Jewellery Manufacturing and Hallmarking	22nd Jul 2021
Cement Industry Quality Assurance and Production Monitoring with X-ray Fluorescence Elemental Analysis: A Live Expert Webinar	24th Jun 2021
Elemental Analysis of Precious Metals Using SPECTROLAB S	28th Jul 2021
10 Benefits for Routine Labs from Improved ICP-OES Technology	10th Oct 2021
Analysis of Fuels and Additives Using ICP-OES and ED-XRF	16th Dec 2021
Analysis of Slag, Ferro-Alloys and Refractory Materials Using ED-XRF	16th Dec 2021
Using X-ray Fluorescence Spectrometry for Compliance Screening & Quality Control of Multilayer Structures in the Electronics Industry	23rd Sept 2021
Lithium-Ion Battery Material Analysis With ICP-OES	25th Nov 2021
Analysis of Food Using ICP-OES	27th May 2021

#### **Corporate Governance**

The Group recognises that corporate governance is fundamental to its long-term business and is unreservedly committed to applying the practices necessary to ensure corporate transparency, accountability, performance and integrity which are vital for stakeholder's trust and confidence. The Group will continue to observe high standards of corporate governance which is stated in the Corporate Governances Overview Statement in this Annual Report. The Group has also formalised and incorporate the following:

- Code of Ethics and Conduct
- Anti-Corruption and Bribery Policy
- Whistleblowing Policy
- Corporate Governance Report
- **Board Charter**

For further information, documents on our policies are published on our corporate website at https://www.qesnet. com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/

### **GROUP HIGHLIGHTS** OF 2021









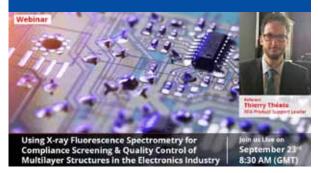






#### Group Highlights Of 2021 (Cont'd)





#### 4 Oct 2021 - QES 30th Virtual Anniversary



25 Nov 2021 - Li-Ion Battery Material



#### 10 Dec 2021 - Semicon West 2021 Virtual Exhibition



16 Dec 2021 - Analysis of Slag, Ferro-Alloys and Refractory Materials Using ED-XRF



December 2021 - Machine Condition Assessment Program



14th December 2021 - QES Joint Press Release with Invest Penang & JHM Consolidation Berhad







### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE **OVERVIEW STATEMENT**

The Board of Directors ("Board") of QES Group Berhad are pleased to present the Group's Corporate Governance ("CG") Overview Statement for the FYE 2021, which serves to provide shareholders and stakeholders with an understanding of the Group's commitment to CG and how the Group's practices support its ability to create long-term value for all our shareholders and stakeholders. Our CG Overview Statement are premised on Securities Commission Malaysia's Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance's three principles, namely Board Leadership and Effectiveness, Effective Audit and Risk Management, Integrity in Corporate Reporting and Meaningful Relationship with Stakeholders.

This CG Overview Statement is prepared in compliance with Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's ACE Market Listing Requirement ("AMLR"), and it is to be read together with the CG Report 2021 which is available on the Group's corporate website at www.gesnet.com.

#### PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS

#### **SECTION I: BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES**

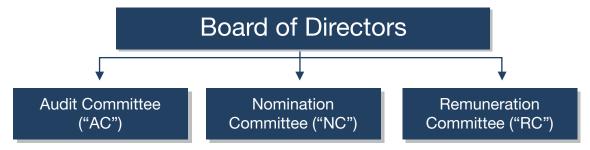
#### STRATEGIC AIMS, VALUES AND STANDARDS

The Board is responsible for leading the Group and is accountable to the shareholders and stakeholders to create long term sustainability within the Group. The Group's CG framework embeds the right values and standards throughout the Group.

The Board deliberates on the strategies proposed by the Management in a supportive and collaborative manner in order to stimulate careful consideration of issues and to minimise undue risks. The Board will scrutinise the sustainability, effectiveness and implementation of the strategic plans for the financial year under review and provide guidance and input to the management. The Group's review strategy is an integral part of matters reserved for the Board. The Board has delegated certain matters, such as the day-to-day management of the Group to the Managing Director. The distinct roles played by the Board and the Management creates a healthy eco-system of checks and balances in the Group's pursuit of its interests.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors ("NED") including the Chairman are responsible for bringing independent judgment and scrutiny to decisions taken by the Board and providing objective challenges to Management. The NED do not participate in the day-to-day management of the Group and do not engage in any business dealing or other relationship with the Group. In this manner, the NED fulfil a crucial corporate accountability role as they provide independent and objective views, opinions and judgement on issues being deliberated and act in the best interest of the Group, its stakeholders and shareholders, including minority shareholders.

In order to ensure orderly and effective discharge of the above functions and responsibilities, the Board has also delegated certain responsibilities to the following Board Committees:



Although specific powers are delegated to the Board Committees, the Board continues to keep itself abreast of the actions and decisions taken by each Board Committee, including key issues via reports by the Chairman and/or Chairperson of each of the Board Committees, as well as the tabling of minutes of all Board Committee meetings, to the Board at Board meetings. The Board reviews the respective Board Committees' authority and Terms of Reference ("TOR(s)") from time to time to ensure their relevance and enhance its efficiency. The ultimate responsibility for the final decision on all matters, however, lies with the Board of Directors as a whole.

The TOR of each of the Board Committees as approved by the Board is available on the Company's corporate website www.qesnet.com.

The delegation of authority for Board Committees are stipulated in their respective TOR. The Board Charter and TORs are reviewed periodically to ensure effective and efficient decision making in the Group.

The Board Committees also act as a reviewing committee, evaluating and recommending matters under their purview for the Board to consider and approve. The Board receives reports at its meetings from the Chairman of each Committee on current activities and it is the general policy of the Group that all major decisions shall be considered by the Board as a whole.

A Board and Board Committee evaluation is conducted annually to evaluate the Board's performance and to identify opportunities to increase its effectiveness. The evaluation was done internally through questionnaires based on the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance ("MCCG") and the Board was satisfied with the overall results of the evaluation.

#### **THE CHAIRMAN**

Encik Adnan Bin Zainol ("Encik Adnan") was appointed as the Independent Non-Executive Chairman of the Group. Encik Adnan acts as a facilitator to the Board in ensuring the smooth functioning of the Board in the interest of good CG practice.

Encik Adnan works closely with the Executive Directors to plan meeting agendas to keep abreast of the latest market and Group developments. He also ensures that there is frequent interface between the Board and the Management and ensures that his key responsibilities as set out in the Board Charter are adhered to.

#### NON-EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN AND THE MANAGING DIRECTOR

The positions of the Non-Executive Chairman and the Managing Director of the Group are held by different individuals with clear and distinct roles which are formally documented in the Board Charter.

In order to foster a strong governance culture in the Group and to ensure a balance of power and authority, the roles of Non-Executive Chairman and Managing Director are strictly separated. The Company practises a division of responsibilities between the Non-Executive Chairman and the Managing Director. This is also to maintain effective supervision and accountability of the Board and Executive Management. The Non-Executive Chairman is responsible for Board effectiveness and to ensure that the conduct and working of the Board is in an orderly and effective manner while the Managing Director and Executive Director take on the primary responsibility of managing the Group's businesses and resources as well as overseeing and managing the day-to-day operations of the Group.

Guidance 1.4 of MCCG 2021 states that having the same person assume the positions of Chairman of the board, and Chairman of the Audit Committee ("AC"), Nomination Committee ("NC") or Remuneration Committee ("RC") gives rise to the risk of self-review and may impair the objectivity of the Chairman and the board when deliberating on the observations and recommendations put forth by the board committees. Thus, the Chairman of the board should not be involved in these committees to ensure there is check and balance as well as objective review by the board. Therefore, the Chairman of the Board, Encik Adnan Bin Zainol had relinquished his position to be a member of the AC, NC and RC on 26 November 2021 and Puan Maznida Binti Mokhtar was appointed as a member of NC and RC on 26 November 2021 in replacement thereof.

#### QUALIFIED AND COMPETENT COMPANY SECRETARY

The Board had appointed a qualified secretary who is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and is qualified to act as Company Secretary under Section 235(2) of the Companies Act, 2016. The Company Secretary is responsible to, amongst other, to provide sound governance advice, adherence to the laws and regulations, as well as directives issued by the regulatory authorities.

The Company Secretary play an advisory role to the Board in relation to the Company's constitution, Board's policies and procedures and compliance with the relevant regulatory requirements, codes or guidance and legislations. The Company Secretary support the Board by ensuring that all Board meetings are properly conducted and adhered to board policies and procedures, rules, relevant laws and best practices on CG and deliberations at the Board and Board Committee meetings as well as follow-up on matters arising are well captured and recorded. The Company Secretary also keep the Board updated on changes in the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities and directives issued by the regulatory authorities, and the resultant implications to the Company and the Directors in relation to their duties and responsibilities.

#### **ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND ADVICE**

The Chairman, with the assistance of the Group's Company Secretary, ensures appropriate information flows to the Board and Board Committees.

The Board received copies of meeting minutes of the Board and Board Committee meetings on a timely manner prior to the Board meetings to enable the Directors to discharge their duties and responsibilities competently and in a wellinformed manner. The Key Management are also invited to attend the Board and Board Committees meetings, to brief and provide explanations to the Board on the operations of the Group.

#### **BOARD MEETINGS**

The Board intends to meet at least 5 times a year, with additional meetings convened where necessary. Minutes of Board meetings are duly recorded by the Company Secretary. During the FYE 2021, a total of 7 Board meetings were held. To facilitate the Directors' time planning, an annual meeting calendar is prepared and circulated in advance. The calendar provides Directors with the schedule of all Board and Board Committees meetings, as well as closed periods for dealing in securities by Directors and Principal Officers based on the targeted dates of announcement of the Group's quarterly financial results.

The Directors' commitment in carrying out their duties and responsibilities are affirmed by their attendance at the Board and Board Committee Meetings held during the FYE 2021, as reflected below:-

	Attendance At Meetings of (Attended/Held)			
Name of Director	Board	AC	NC	RC
Adnan Bin Zainol*	7/7	*3/3	*1/1	*_
Chew Ne Weng	7/7	-	-	1/1
Liew Soo Keang	7/7	-	_	-
Chia Gek Liang	7/7	6/6	2/2	1/1
Hoh Chee Mun	7/7	6/6	2/2	1/1
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	7/7	6/6	**1/1	**1/1

Encik Adnan relinquished his position as a member of the AC, NC and RC on 26 November 2021

The Board is satisfied that each Director had devoted sufficient time to effectively discharge their responsibility.

Puan Maznida was appointed as a member of NC and RC with effect from 26 November 2021.

#### **BOARD CHARTER**

The Board implemented its Board Charter on 11 October 2017. It sets out the roles, functions, composition, operation and processes of the Board and is to ensure all Board members acting on behalf of the Group are aware on their duties and responsibilities.

The Board will periodically review and update its Board Charter in accordance with the needs of the Group and to comply with new regulations that may have an impact on the discharge of the Board's responsibilities.

The Board Charter was last reviewed and updated on 14 April 2022.

#### **SUMMARY OF KEY BOARD RESERVED MATTERS**

Approval of financial results and budgets

**Business continuity** & Corporate Plan

Acquisitions, disposals and transactions exceeding the authority limit of the Executive Directors

Disposal or acquisition of significant fixed assets or companies within the Company.

The Board Charter is available on the Group's corporate website at www.gesnet.com.

#### **CODE OF CONDUCT AND ETHICS**

The Board had established a Code of Conduct and Ethics for the Group on 20 March 2018, and together with the management, implemented its policies and procedures which governs, amongst others, dealings with customers and suppliers, managing conflicts of interest, maintaining confidential information, accepting gifts, loans and entertainment, accepting directorship outside the Group, complying with laws and regulations, ensuring a healthy and safe environment, protection and use of the Group's asset, insider information and securities trading and sexual harassment.

The Code of Conduct and Ethics is periodically reviewed and is available on the Group's corporate website at www. gesnet.com.

#### WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY

The Board had established the policies and procedures on whistleblowing for the Group on 20 March 2018. The Group's whistleblowing policies and procedures provide an avenue for all employees of the Group and members of the public to raise concerns or disclose any improper conduct within the Group and to take appropriate action to resolve them effectively.

The Whistleblowing Policy is periodically reviewed and is available on the Group's corporate website at www.gesnet.com.

#### **GOVERNANCE OF SUSTAINABILITY**

The Board continuously ensures that there is an effective governance framework for sustainability within the Group. In November 2021, the Board together with the Management, review the new Practices and Guidance under the revised MCCG 2021. Among the changes discussed by the Board, was the Board Charter, TORs and also the membership of the Chairman of the Board in Board Committees. The Managing Director, through the Management Committee, continues to be responsible for the strategic management of material sustainability matters of QES Group.

In order to ensure the Board is kept abreast on sustainability issues which are relevant to the Company business and operations, several training programmes had been organised for the Board during the year.

#### **SECTION 2: BOARD COMPOSITION**

#### **COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD**

The independence of each Non-Executive Director is reviewed annually. Directors with declared interests abstain from both discussion and decisions relating to those interests. On 23 February 2022, the Board through the NC had conducted an assessment and review of the independence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors which were prepared in accordance with the definition of Independent Director under Rule 1.01 of the AMLR. Based on the recommendation of the NC, the Board is comfortable that each of the Non-Executive Director met the requisite fit and proper requirements which include the criteria for independence. The Board is satisfied that they are independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement or the ability to act in the best interests of the Group. Currently the composition of 6 Board members as at 31 December 2021 was considered appropriate and adequate to effectively govern the organisation.

As at 31 December 2021, the Board has 6 members comprising 2 Executive Directors and 4 Independent Non-Executive Directors. The composition not only fulfils the requirements as set out under the AMLR of Bursa Securities which stipulates that at least 2 Directors or 1/3 of the Board, whichever is higher, must be independent and this composition also fulfils the MCCG Practice 5.2 which requires at least half of the Board to be Independent Directors.

The Group practices a division of responsibility between the Executive and Non-Executive Directors. The Executive Directors are responsible for the overall management of the Group, to oversee operations, and to coordinate the development, implementation of business and corporate strategies.

The presence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors assures an element of balance to the Board as they provide an independent view, advice and judgment to ensure that the interests of minority shareholders and the general public are given due consideration in the decision-making progress.

The Board is committed in ensuring that its composition not only reflects the diversity as recommended by the MCCG, as best as it can, but also has the right mix of skills and balance to contribute to the achievement of the Group's goals and missions.

For this purpose, a Board Competency Matrix has been developed and used as reference for the Board's succession planning. Presently, the members of the Board include professionals from diverse ethnicity and age, bringing with them depth, diversity of expertise, a wide range of experience and perspective in discharging their responsibilities by adding positive values to the Group. The profile of each Director is presented in pages 5 to 8 of this Annual Report 2021.

#### **GENDER DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Board takes note of the gender diversity recommendations under the MCCG and will continue to prioritise women candidates in future recruitment exercise.

The appointment of Puan Maznida binti Mokhtar on 1 August 2019 as an Independent Non-Executive Director was a clear indication of the Group's commitment on their gender diversity which prioritise women candidate in their appointment of Directors to the Board.

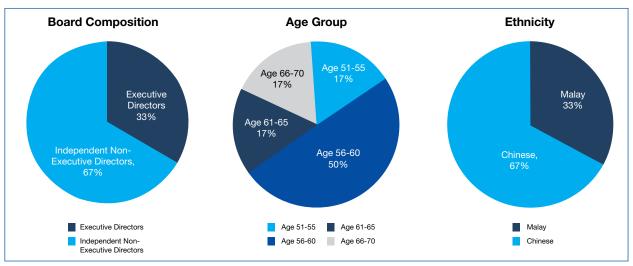
The NC will continue to recommend appointments to the Board based on diversity measured against meritocracy and other objective criteria such as skills and experience the individual offers.

#### **TENURE OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR**

Currently, none of our Independent Non-Executive Directors had served the Group for a cumulative term of 9 years.

The tenure of Independent Directors is limited to a cumulative term, of not exceeding 12 years. In the event that the Board intends to retain the Director as an Independent Director after he/she has served for a consecutive/cumulative term of 9 years, the Board must justify the decision and seek shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process or the respective Independent Director may continue to serve on the Board as a Non-Independent Director.

Board Composition Summary as at 31 December 2021 are set out as below:-



#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

The NC was established on 11 October 2017. The primary objective of the NC is to ensure that the Board is comprised of individuals with an optimal mix of qualifications, skills and experience.

Meetings of the NC are held as and when necessary, and at least once a year.

The present composition of the NC consists of 3 members of the Board, all of whom are Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The Terms of Reference of the NC is available at the Group's corporate website at www.gesnet.com.

The NC's key responsibilities are:-

#### (a) **Appointment of New Director**

The chart below shows the procedures on appointment of new Director

The appointment of new Director to the Board is based on the recommendations of the NC.



The NC, in making a recommendation to the Board on the candidate as a new Board appointment, shall have regards to:

- (i) Size, composition, diversity (including gender diversity) and other qualities of the existing Board, level of commitment, resources and time that the recommended candidate can contribute to the existing Board and the Group;
- (ii) The candidate's skills, knowledge, expertise and experience, professionalism, integrity and, in the case of a candidate for the position of Independent Non-Executive Director, the independence criteria as set out in Rule 1.01 of the AMLR; and
- The appropriate number of Independent Non-Executive Directors to fulfil the requirements under AMLR which requires at least 2 or 1/3 of the membership of the Board to be Independent Directors.

The final decision as to who shall be appointed as Director remains the responsibility of the full Board after considering the recommendation of the NC.

In 2021, there was no new appointment of a Director on the Board of QES Group Berhad.

#### (b) **Board Evaluation**

The evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board, Board Committees as well as individual Directors including Independent Non-Executive Directors was conducted in-house under the purview of the NC and facilitated by the Company Secretary.

The evaluation criteria for the Board, Board Committees and individual Directors are primarily anchored on regulatory requirements and emerging best practices of MCCG as the method of evaluation.

The NC assesses the effectiveness of the Board and the Board Committees, as well as performance of the individual Directors on an annual basis. In addition to these annual assessments, the NC actively identifies the gaps in the Board composition as well as identify and select new members to the Board.

The questionnaires comprised the Board and Board Committee Effectiveness Assessments, Directors and Board Committee members' Self and Peer Assessments, were issued to the Board/Committee members. In February 2022, the analysis of the annual assessments results and feedback from the Board/Committee members were presented by the Company Secretary for the NC/Board's consideration in developing action plans for enhancing its overall effectiveness.

#### **Re-election of Directors** (c)

Director's re-election provides an opportunity for shareholders to renew their mandate conferred to the Directors.

The NC is responsible for making recommendation to the Board for the re-election of Directors who retire by rotation. Their recommendations are based on formal reviews on the performance of Directors, taking into consideration the Board Competency Matrix.

Further, the Constitution of the Group provides that all Directors shall retire by rotation once in every 3 years or at least 1/3 of the Board shall retire from office and be eligible to offer themselves for re-election at the Annual General Meeting.

Any Director appointed during the year is required under the Company's Constitution to retire and seek reelection by shareholders at the following Annual General Meeting immediately after his/her appointment.

In November 2021, the Board approved Mr. Hoh Chee Mun and Puan Maznida Binti Mokhtar's re-election as recommended by the NC.

#### **DIRECTORS TRAINING**

The training programmes attended by the Directors during the FYE 2021 are as follows:

Name	Course Title	Date	Training Provider
Adnan Bin Zainol	SC Updates The Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance to Promote Board Leadership & Oversight of Sustainability	19 August 2021	Smart Focus
Chew Ne Weng	M&A Due Diligence: From Legal & Risk Perspectives	1 April 2021	Institute of Corporate Director Malaysia (ICDM)
Chew Ne Weng	Innovate for Exponential Growth	6 May 2021	Institute of Corporate Director Malaysia (ICDM)
Chew Ne Weng	SC Updates the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance to Promote Board Leadership & Oversight of Sustainability	19 August 2021	Smart Focus
Chew Ne Weng	Advocacy Sessions for Directors & Senior Management of ACE Market Listed Corporation	21 September 2021	Bursa
Liew Soo Keang	Developing KPI In The New Norm	20 - 21 Jan, 2021	3Ntity Sdn Bhd
Liew Soo Keang	FMM – KPMG Webinar on Understanding Transfer Pricing Requirements in Malaysia	4 March, 2021	Federation of Malaysian Manufacturers (FMM)
Liew Soo Keang	Learning what is KFA, KPI, OKR, and KRA. Why KFA is a practical choice to develop performance metrics	6 July, 2021	Top Foresight Sdn Bhd
Liew Soo Keang	Putting in Place a Performance Framework in Mission Critical	11 August, 2021	Top Foresight Sdn Bhd
Liew Soo Keang	Advocacy Sessions for Directors & Senior Management of ACE Market Listed Corporation	21 September, 2021	Bursa Malaysia
Liew Soo Keang	ICDM Member's Day #2/2021: ESG	21 September, 2021	Institute of Corporate Director Malaysia (ICDM)
Liew Soo Keang	EEPN I GRP I The Way of Working (WOW) in E&E Industry	23 November, 2021	Malaysia Productivity Corporation (MPC)
Liew Soo Keang	Go ESG Asean 2021	24 - 25 November, 2021	Institute of Corporate Director Malaysia (ICDM)
Liew Soo Keang	International Anti-Corruption Day 2021 (HARA)	9 December, 2021	Federation of Malaysian Manufacturers (FMM)
Liew Soo Keang	Powertalk Global Series 2021- Demystifying Investors' ESG Expectation, The Do's & Don'ts	15 December, 2021	Institute of Corporate Director Malaysia (ICDM)
Chia Gek Liang	Audit Oversight Board Conversation with Audit Committees	29 November 2021	Securities Commission Malaysia

Name	Course Title	Date	Training Provider
Hoh Chee Mun	Corporate Liability Awareness Training	3 February 2021	Respublica Management
Hoh Chee Mun	Audit Oversight Board Conversation with Audit Committees	6 December 2021	Securities Commission Malaysia
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	SC Updates the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance to Promote Board Leadership & Oversight of Sustainability	19 August 2021	Smart Focus
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	Boardroom Workshop for Directors Inspiring your Board Performance	6 September 2021	Smart Focus
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	Gen Z and the Future for Accountancy	9 November 2021	Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA)
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	Accelerated Digital Transformation of Legacy Companies	25 March 2021	Institute of Corporate Director Malaysia (ICDM)
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	Launch of the 2020 Malaysian Board Practices Review Report	8 July 2021	Institute of Corporate Director Malaysia (ICDM)
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	Financial & Debt Management Initiative for SMEs and Individuals Amidst the COVID-19 Pandemic	15 September 2021	Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA)
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	Audit Oversight Board Conversation with Audit Committees	29 November 2021	Securities Commission Malaysia
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	POWERTALK: ASEAN Board Trends Survey 2022: What Keeps You Awake At Night?	13 December 2021	Institute of Corporate Director Malaysia (ICDM)
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	POWERTALK: Your Biggest "S" in ESG: Sustainable Human Capital Management & Workplace Transformation	14 December 2021	Institute of Corporate Director Malaysia (ICDM)
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	POWERTALK: Demystifying Investors' ESG Expectations, the Do's & Don'ts	15 December 2021	Institute of Corporate Director Malaysia (ICDM)
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	POWERTALK: Rethink, Reimagine & Redesign: Business Model of the Future	16 December 2021	Institute of Corporate Director Malaysia (ICDM)
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	POWERTALK : Becoming a Boardroom Star	17 December 2021	Institute of Corporate Director Malaysia (ICDM)

#### **NC'S ACTIVITIES DURING THE FYE 2021**

Below is a summary of the activities undertaken by the NC for the FYE 2021:-

- (a) Assessed the overall Board and the Board Committees' performance and effectiveness as a whole;
- Reviewed and assessed the independence of Independent Directors and their tenure of service; (b)
- Reviewed and assessed the term of office and performance of the AC and each of its members; (c)
- (d) Reviewed the succession plan for the Board members;
- Reviewed and assessed the performance, and made recommendations to the Board for its approval, regarding (e) the Directors who are seeking for re-election at the upcoming AGM; and
- (f) Assessed Directors' training to ensure all Directors receive appropriate continuous training programmes.

#### **SECTION 3: REMUNERATION**

#### **REMUNERATION POLICY**

The Board has in place policies and procedures to ensure the remuneration of the Directors reflect their responsibilities and commitment undertaken by them and also to attract and retain right talent in the Board. The remuneration packages are regularly evaluated against the Group's performance and market related surveys.

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The RC was established on 11 October 2017.

The primary objective of the RC is to establish a documented, formal and transparent procedure for assessing and reviewing the remuneration packages of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors in order to ensure the remuneration of the Directors reflect their responsibility and commitment undertaken by them and also to attract and retain right talent in the Board to drive the Group's long term objectives.

Periodic reviews are performed by the RC on the remuneration structure to ensure that the compensation of the Non-Executive Directors is competitive, appropriate and aligned with prevalent market trends and practices. The reviews takes into account the level of responsibility undertaken by the Non-Executive Directors and the complexity of the Group's operations.

The Executive Directors remuneration are structured to link rewards to corporate and individual performance. The RC reviews the performance of the Executive Directors annually and submits their views and recommendations to the Board on any adjustments to the remuneration packages.

The present composition of the RC consists of 4 members of the Board, majority of whom are Independent Non-Executive Directors.

During the FYE 2021, the RC together with the assistance of the Group's Senior General Manager of Human Resource and Admin reviewed and recommended the remuneration of Directors for FYE 2022.

The TOR of the RC is available at the Group's corporate website at www.gesnet.com.

#### **DETAILS OF DIRECTORS REMUNERATION**

The details of the total remuneration of the Directors, in aggregate with categorisation into appropriate components for FYE 2021 are set out as follows:

Directors	# Fees (RM'000)	Salaries & * Other emoluments (RM'000)	Benefits- in-kind (RM'000)	Total (RM'000)
The Company				
Executive Directors				
Chew Ne Weng	_	_	_	_
Liew Soo Keang	-	_	_	-
Non-Executive Directors				
Adnan Bin Zainol	60	_	_	60
Chia Gek Liang	60	_	_	60
Hoh Chee Mun	60	_	_	60
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	48	_	_	48

Directors	# Fees (RM'000)	Salaries & * Other emoluments (RM'000)	Benefits- in-kind (RM'000)	Total (RM'000)
The Group				
Executive Directors				
Chew Ne Weng	125	826	35	986
Liew Soo Keang	100	733	35	868
Non-Executive Directors				
Adnan Bin Zainol	60	_	_	60
Chia Gek Liang	60	_	_	60
Hoh Chee Mun	60	_	-	60
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	48	_	-	48

The Non-Executive Directors Fees are subject to the approval by the shareholders of the Group at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

#### PRINCIPLE B: EFFECTIVE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

#### **SECTION 1: AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The AC comprises of 4 Independent Non-Executive Directors. The AC is chaired by an Independent Non-Executive Director, Mr. Hoh Chee Mun. The TOR of the AC is available at the Group's corporate website at www.qesnet.com.

The AC is comprised of members who are financially literate and possess the appropriate level of expertise and experience.

#### **EXTERNAL AUDITORS**

Moore Stephens Associates PLT was appointed as the Group's External Auditors for the FYE 2021 to provide relevant and transparent reports to the shareholders. The AC met once during the FYE 2021 with the External Auditors without the presence of the Executive Directors and Management to discuss any key area or issues that require the attention of the AC. The External Auditors confirms that they are and have been independent throughout the conduct of audit engagement in accordance with the terms of all relevant professional and regulatory requirements. An annual assessment on the External Auditors was conducted in February 2022, the AC was satisfied with the performance of the External Auditors and had made recommendation to the Board for the External Auditors re-appointment for FYE 2022.

#### **INTERNAL AUDITOR**

Smart Focus Group Sdn. Bhd. is in-charge of the internal audit function and assists the AC in reviewing, evaluating and monitoring the effectiveness of the Group's governance, risk management and internal control process. The AC met once during the FYE 2021 with the Internal Auditor without the presence of the Executive Directors and Management to deliberate any key area or issues that requires the attention of the AC. An annual assessment on the performance of the Internal Auditor was also conducted by the AC in February 2022. Based on the annual evaluation conducted, the AC was satisfied with the performance of the Internal Auditor for the FYE 2021.

Other emoluments include bonuses and the Group's contributions to the Employees Provident Fund, Social Security and Employment Insurance System contributions.

#### SECTION 2: RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL FRAMEWORK

The Board recognises its overall responsibility for the Group's systems of internal control and for reviewing the adequacy and integrity of those systems. In view of the limitations that are inherent in any systems of internal control, the systems of internal control are designed to manage risks within tolerable levels rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives. Hence, such system by its nature can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement, error or losses.

The Board has established an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced, or potentially exposed to, by the Group in pursuing its business objectives. This process has been in place throughout the financial year and up to the date of approval of the Annual Report 2021. The adequacy and effectiveness of this process have been continually reviewed by the Board.

The Board is of the view that the overall risk management and internal control systems in place for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 are operating adequately and effectively for the purpose of safeguarding the Company's assets as well as shareholders' investments and the interest of employees and other stakeholders.

The Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control as set out in the Annual Report 2021 provides an overview on the state of risk management and internal controls within the Group.

#### PRINCIPLE C: INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

#### **SECTION 1: COMMUNICATION WITH STAKEHOLDERS**

The Board recognises the importance of maintaining transparency and accountability to its shareholders and to disseminate information on the Group's performance and any significant development on a timely manner.

The Board views the Annual General Meeting as the primary forum to communicate with shareholders while the Extraordinary General Meetings are held as and when required. The Group's corporate website, www.gesnet.com incorporates an Investor Relations section which provides all relevant information about the Group and is accessible by both the shareholders and the public.

#### **SECTION 2: CONDUCT OF GENERAL MEETING**

Shareholders will receive notices of Annual General Meetings, which are sent out at least 28 calendar days before the date of the Annual General Meeting. In addition, the Notice of Annual General Meeting or Extraordinary General Meeting will be advertised in the newspaper. The Board encourages shareholders to attend the forthcoming 8th Annual General Meeting and undertakes to answer all questions raised by the shareholders.

The proceedings of the Annual General Meeting includes a question and answer session in which the Chairman of the Annual General Meeting would invite shareholders to raise questions on the Group's Financial Statements and other items for adoption at the AGM, before putting a resolution to vote. The Chairman of the Annual General Meeting will ensure that sufficient opportunities are given for shareholders to raise issues relating to the affairs of the Group and that adequate responses are provided.

The results of all the resolutions set out in the Notice of Annual General Meeting will be announced on the same day via Bursa LINK, which is accessible on Bursa Securities' and the Group's corporate website at www.qesnet.com. The Board ensures that full information of the Directors who are retiring at the Annual General Meeting and willing to serve if re-elected are disclosed in the Annual Report 2021.

An explanatory note facilitating full understanding and evaluation of issues involved in the proposed resolutions accompanying each item of Special Business is included in the Notice of Annual General Meeting.

#### **CORPORATE WEBSITE**

The Group maintain a comprehensive and up to date website which includes an Investor Relation Section and complete contact details and information. Regular news, announcements and other relevant information are also posted on the website.

At the date of this Statement, QES has adopt 39 out of 48 practices including 1 step-up practices of MCCG 2021. The practices that have yet to be applied/adopted are as follows:-

Practice 4.4	Performance evaluations of the board and senior management include a review of the performance of the board and senior management in addressing the company's material sustainability risks and opportunities.
Practice 4.5	The board identifies a designated person within management, to provide dedicated focus to manage sustainability strategically, including the integration of sustainability considerations in the operations of the company.
Practice 5.4	The board has a policy which limits the tenure of its independent directors to nine years without further extension.
Practice 5.9	The board comprises at least 30% women directors.
Practice 5.10	The board discloses in its annual report the company's policy on gender diversity for the board and senior management.
Practice 8.2	The board discloses on a named basis the top five senior management's remuneration component including salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments in bands of RM50,000.
Practice 8.3	Companies are encouraged to fully disclose the detailed remuneration of each member of senior management on a named basis.
Practice 10.3	The board establishes a Risk Management Committee, which comprises a majority of independent directors, to oversee the company's risk management framework and policies.
Practice 12.2	Large companies are encouraged to adopt integrated reporting based on a globally recognised framework.

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

The Directors of the Group are responsible for the preparation of the Group and of the Company's financial statements to ensure a true and fair view is presented in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

In ensuring the preparation of these financial statements, the Directors have observed the following criteria:

- Overseeing the overall conduct of the Company's business and that of the Group; (i)
- (ii) Identifying principal risks and ensuring that an appropriate system of internal control exists to manage these risks;
- Reviewing the adequacy and integrity of Internal Controls System and Management Information System in the (iii) Company and within the Group;
- (iv) Adopting suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- (v) Making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- (vi) Ensuring compliance with application Approved Accounting Standards in Malaysia.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that proper accounting and other records which are closed with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and ensuring that the financial statements comply with the AMLR, the provisions of the Companies Act 2016 and applicable Approved Accounting Standards in Malaysia.

The Directors are also responsible for taking such reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to minimise fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are satisfied that in preparing the financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2021, the Group has used the appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently and supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates. The Directors also consider that all applicable approved accounting standards have been complied with and further confirm that the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### **COMPLIANCE STATEMENT**

The Board has deliberated, reviewed and approved this Corporate Governance Overview Statement. The Board considered that the Corporate Governance Overview Statement provides the information necessary to enable shareholders of the Group to evaluate how the principles and best practices as set out in the MCCG have been complied with since the Group's listing on 8 March 2018. The Board shall remain committed to attaining the highest possible standards through the continuous adoption of the principles and best practices of the MCCG and all other applicable laws and regulations.

This Corporate Governance Overview Statement was approved by the Board of Directors of QES on 14 April 2022.

## **ADDITIONAL** COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

#### OTHER INFORMATION REQUIRED BY BURSA MALAYSIA SECURITIES BERHAD - ACE MARKET LISTING REQUIREMENTS

#### **UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS**

#### Initial public offering ("IPO")

In conjunction with its listing on the ACE Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, the Company issued its prospectus on the 8 February 2018 and undertook a public issue of 151,661,000 new ordinary shares at an issue price of RM0.19 per ordinary share, raising gross proceeds of RM28.82 million ("IPO Proceeds"). The IPO proceeds have been fully utilised as at 7 March 2021.

#### **Private Placement ("PP")**

On 30 October 2020, the Company raised a total gross proceeds of RM20.095 million from the private placement ("PP") of 75,830,800 new ordinary shares.

On 26 November 2021, the Company announced further details on the utilization of the proceeds raised for future working capital and/or other investments that RM0.8 million shall be used to supplement the Group's working capital through the purchase of inventories and consumables, RM1.2 million shall be used for investments in its joint venture with Applied Engineering, details of which were announced on 15 July 2021, and RM2.4 million is to be used towards the acquisition of a parcel of land in Batu Kawan Industrial Land, Penang, which was announced on 15 September 2021.

On 4 March 2022, the Company announced its intention to vary the utilisation of the PP proceeds. The details of the variation of PP proceeds are set out below:

No.	Details of utilisation	<sup>®</sup> PP Proceeds raised RM'000	Actual utilisation RM'000	Balance of PP Proceeds unutilised RM'000	<sup>(ii)</sup> Variations of the PP Proceeds utilisation RM'000	After Variations of the PP Proceeds utilisation RM'000	Initial timeframe for utilisation of proceeds from 30 Oct 2020	Revised expected timeframe for utilisation of proceeds from 30 Oct 2020
(a)	Factory capacity expansion	8,200	1,641	6,559	-	6,559	Within 18 months	No change
(b)	R&D on future product expansion	5,300	440	4,860	-	4,860	Within 24 months	(iii) Within 36 months
(c)	Market expansion to China	1,500	97	1,403	(1,403)	-	Within 18 months	Not applicable
(d)	Future working capital and acquisition related investment	4,595	3,816	779	1,403	2,182	Within 24 months	(iv) Within 36 months
(e)	Estimated expenses in relation to the proposed PP	500	500	-	-	-	Immediate	No change
		20,095	6,494	13,601	-	13,601		

### Additional Compliance Information (Cont'd)

#### Notes:

- Additional information in relation to the PP proceeds can be found under the announcements dated 02 October 2020 and 26 November 2021.
- The Board has resolved to vary the balance unutilised amount of RM1.40 million earmarked for market expansion to China to be adjusted to future working capital and acquisition related investment. The amount will be utilised for additional investment in its joint venture with Applied Engineering, Inc. as the Company is projecting a need to increase the paid-up capital of the joint venture company Applied Engineering Technology (M) Sdn Bhd. The reallocation of the funds to future working capital is also due to the current strict border control by the China government which stifles any business visits to China. The Group still intends to pursue the China expansion plans going forward but expects to utilise its own internally generated funds to do so.
- The period of utilisation of PP Proceeds for the research and development ("R&D") on future products to be extended to within 36 months from 30 Oct 2020 as the Company requires additional time for both the R&D and engineering software resources to complete the development with the recent supply chain issues compounding the delays.
- The period of utilisation of PP Proceeds for the future working capital and acquisition related investment to be extended to within 36 months from 30 Oct 2020 as the Company requires additional time for purchase of inventories for the distribution business and also for utilisation of the additional investment in its joint venture as outlined in note (ii).

#### **Audit and Non-Audit Fees**

The amount of audit and non-audit fees paid/payable to the External Auditors for the services rendered to the Group and the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 are as follows:-

	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Audit fee Non-audit fee	285 30	35 30
	315	65

#### **Material Contracts**

There were no material contracts entered into by the Group involving Directors' and major shareholders' interests which were still subsisting as at the end of the financial year or which were entered into since the end of the previous financial year.

#### **Employee Share Option Scheme**

The Employee's Share Option Scheme of the Company ("ESOS") was established and implemented on 1 July 2019 and the ESOS is governed by its ESOS By-Laws approved by the shareholders at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 25 June 2019. The ESOS became effective for a period of five (5) years from 1 July 2019 in accordance with the terms of the ESOS By-Laws. There were no ESOS options granted since implmentation.

## STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

#### INTRODUCTION

The Board is responsible for the formation as well as oversight of the Group's risk management and internal control systems that are designed to manage the Group's risk appetite within acceptable levels of tolerance as set out by the Board and Management in order to achieve the Group's goals and objectives in generating value to the shareholders. The Board periodically reviews the effectiveness and adequacy of the framework and system by identifying, assessing, monitoring and communicating key business risks to safeguard shareholders' investments and Group's assets.

The Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance requires listed companies to maintain a sound system of internal control to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets. Pursuant to Rule 15.26(b) of the AMLR, the Board of Directors ("the Board") of QES is pleased to report on its Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control ("SORMIC"), which provides an overview of the nature and state of risk management and internal controls of the Company and its group of companies ("the Group") during the financial year under review and up to the date of approval of this statement by the Board. This statement is guided by the latest Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers issued by the Taskforce on Internal Control with the support and endorsement of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance ("MCCG").

#### **BOARD RESPONSIBILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

The Board is committed to ensure the existence of an appropriate risk management framework and sound, efficient and effective system of internal control to safeguard shareholders' investment and Group's assets. The system is designed to provide reasonable assurance of effective operations and compliance with laws and regulations. The Board ensures the effectiveness of the system through periodic reviews. As there are limitations that are inherent in any system of internal control, this system is designed to manage rather than eliminate risks that may impede the achievement of the Group's business objectives. Accordingly, it can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The system of internal control covers, inter alia, financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management procedures. Internal control and risk-related matters which warranted the attention of the Board were recommended by the Audit Committee ("AC") to the Board for its deliberation and approval and matters or decisions made within the AC's purview were referred to the Board for its notation.

#### **MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Senior Management is accountable to the Board for the risk management and internal control system and for the implementation of processes to identify, evaluate, monitor and report the relevant risks. The implementation of the risk management process for the Group is the responsibility of QES's Senior Management. The Senior Management institutionalise our risk management practices by:

- Reviewing and ensuring the effectiveness of the risk management policies and processes.
- Managing the relevant risks that may impede the achievement of objectives are identified and appropriate mitigating actions have been implemented.
- Identifying significant changes to QES risks including emerging risks and take actions as appropriate to communicate to QES Group's AC and the Board.

The Senior Management, meets on a half-yearly basis with the Managing Director and Executive Director with other management level employees to ensure the continual effectiveness, adequacy and integrity of the risk management system and that key risk matters would be recommended for escalation to the AC and the Board for deliberation and approval. The Senior Management of the principal subsidiary companies are tasked to identify and manage the significant risks that are affecting their respective business units. The risk management practices adopted by the Group's principal subsidiary companies are aligned to the Group's risk management practices.

The Board is of the view that the risk management and internal control system in place for the year under review and up to the date of issuance of the annual report is adequate and effective to safeguard the shareholders' investment, the interests of customers, regulators, employees and the Group's assets.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND ENVIRONMENT

The Group has an organisation structure that is aligned to business requirements. The internal control mechanism is embedded in the various work processes at appropriate levels in the Group. The Board is accountable for ensuring the existence and effectiveness of internal control and provides leadership and direction to Senior Management on the manner the Group controls its businesses, the state of internal control and its activities. In developing the internal control systems, consideration is given to the overall control environment of the Group, assessment of financial and operational risks and an effective monitoring mechanism.

#### **INTERNAL AUDIT**

The Board is fully aware of the importance of the internal audit function and has engaged an independent professional firm to provide independent assurance to the Board and AC in providing an independent assessment on the adequacy, efficiency and effectiveness of the Group's internal control system.

The internal audit firm adopts a risk-based approach and prepares its audit plan based on the risk profiles from the risk assessment of the business units of the Group. Scheduled internal audits are carried out based on the annual audit plan approved by the AC. On a quarterly basis the internal audit firm presents to the AC with the internal audit reports.

During the year under review, internal audit reviews were carried out by the Internal Audit team to address the related internal control weaknesses. Significant weaknesses identified during the reviews together with the improvement measures to strengthen the internal controls were reported accordingly.

The main elements in the system of internal control framework included:

- An organisational structure in the Group with formally defined lines of responsibility and delegation of authority;
- Documentation of written policies and procedures for certain key operational areas;
- Quarterly review of financial results by the AC and the Board;
- Active participation and involvement by the Managing Director and the Executive Director in the day-to-day running of the major businesses and regular discussions with the Key Management of smaller business units on operational issues;
- Review of internal audit reports and findings by the AC;
- Monthly review of Group management accounts by Managing Director, Executive Director and Key Management;
- External audit review on the financial segment.

The internal auditor also periodically reports on the activities performed, key strategic and control issues observed to the AC. The AC reviews and approves the internal audit plan and human resources requirements to ensure the function maintains an adequate number of internal auditors with sufficient knowledge, skills and experience. The internal audit in its current practices, complies with the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO - USA Standard) and The Criteria of Control Board (COCO - Canadian Standard)'s Internal Controls - Integrated Framework. Using this framework, all internal control assessments performed by the internal auditors are based on the internal control elements, scope and coverage. The internal auditor continues to adopt the risk-based audit plan to ensure the programmes carried out are prioritised based on the Group's key risks and core or priority areas. Input from various sources inclusive of the Enterprise Risk Management Framework, business plan, past audit issues, External Auditors, Management and Board are gathered, assessed and prioritised to derive the annual audit plan.

In 2021, either full audit or follow-up audit reviews were conducted in various areas. There were total five (5) reports issued, two (2) Internal Audit review and two (2) Follow up review and one (1) Risk Management profiling report. Internal Audit reviews were conducted to establish the state of internal control based on the information provided by the Management.

The following areas were covered in the Internal Audit coverage during 2021:

- Finance & Accounts
- Human Resource & Admin
- Procurement
- Logistics
- Distribution
- Sales and Marketing

All reports from the internal audit reviews carried out were submitted and presented to the AC with the feedback and agreed corrective actions to be undertaken by the Management. The internal audit firm is committed to equip the internal auditors with sufficient knowledge, skills and competencies to discharge their duties and responsibilities.

#### **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

The internal audit firm develops and maintains a quality assurance that covers all aspects of internal audit activities. The quality assurance programme assesses the effectiveness of internal audit processes and identifies opportunities for improvement via both internal and external assessment. It has its own peer reviewer mechanism to ensure consistently good quality output of every audit engagement. The team leader is well experience to manage the internal audit assignments.

#### INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION

While the Management has full responsibility in ensuring the effectiveness of internal control, which it establishes, the Board has the authority to assess the state of internal control as it deems necessary. In doing so, the Board has the right to enquire information and clarification from the Management as well as to seek inputs from the Audit Committee, External and Internal Auditors, and other experts at the expense of the Group.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Board has an established ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks encountered by the Group in accordance to the Guidance for Directors of Public Listed Companies on Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control. Risk management is an integral part of the business operations and this process goes through a review process by the Board. Discussions have been conducted during the year involving different levels of managements to identify and address risks faced by the Group. These risks were summarised and included in the Group's risk management report. The Group has an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group throughout the financial year under review and up to the date of approval of this statement for inclusion in the annual report by the Management. This is to ensure that all high risks are adequately addressed at various levels within the Group.

The Board regards risk management as an integral part of the Group's business operations and has oversight over this critical area through the AC. The AC, supported by the Internal Auditor, provides an independent assessment of the effectiveness of the Group's Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") framework and reports to the Board. The Group's ERM framework is consistent with the ERM framework and involves systematically identifying, analysing, measuring, monitoring and reporting on the risks that may affect the achievement of its business objectives. This framework helps to reduce the uncertainties surrounding the Group's internal and external environment, thus allowing it to maximise opportunities and minimise adverse incidences that may arise. The major risks to which the Group is exposed to are strategic, operational, regulatory, financial, market, technological, products and reputational risks.

The ERM process is based on the following principles:

- Consider and manage risks enterprise-wide;
- Integrate risk management into business activities;
- Manage risk in accordance with the Risk Management framework;
- Tailor responses to business circumstances; and
- Communicate risks and responses to Management

All identified risks are displayed on a 1 to 3 risk matrix based on their risk ranking to assist the Management in prioritising their efforts and appropriately managing the different classes of risks. The Board and Management drive a pro-active risk management culture and regular risk awareness and coaching sessions are held to ensure that the Group's employees have a good understanding and application of risk management principles. There is no dedicated ERM department; however the Managing Director and Head of Finance who work closely with the Group's operational managers to continuously strengthen the risk management initiatives within the Group so that they respond effectively to the constantly changing business environment.

The Board recognises the importance of ERM in enhancing shareholders' value while upholding a high standard of corporate governance. Combining a strong and sustained commitment from the Board and Key Management with a clear direction and oversight from all levels of leadership, the Group embraces a holistic risk management approach to achieve its business targets with minimal surprises.

Risk management policies and practices form part of our overall strategies to chart positive growth in today's rapidly evolving business environment. The Board continues to ensure that risk management is effectively institutionalised and its risk maturity level is elevated. This is achieved via a multitude of ERM initiatives clustered into key strategic areas, as part of the Group's efforts to ensure smooth ERM practice on the ground coupled with continuous tracking and monitoring of risks and controls. It also strengthens its risk culture and practice, harmonise its risks and risk appetites at the operational level wherever possible.

#### RISK STRUCTURE/ACCOUNTABILITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

Further improving our risk governance, ERM structures have been established at each department and subsidiary. The aim is for a risk culture to be internalised through risk ownership and to drive ERM implementation at the functional level. ERM Resource Persons also known as Head of Department / Risk Coordinators, are appointed at each business unit, and act as the single point of contact to liaise directly with the Head of Finance in matters relating to ERM, including the submission of reports on a periodic basis. In addition, they are responsible for assisting their Heads of Department to manage and administer the business units' risk portfolios, which include arranging, organising and coordinating ERM programmes.

#### ASSURANCE FROM THE MANAGEMENT

As evidenced from the various activities mentioned above, the Board has obtained reasonable assurance from the Managing Director, Head of Finance, and other Department Heads that the Group's risk management and internal control system are operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects, based on the risk management model adopted by the Group.

#### **REVIEW OF THE STATEMENT BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS**

In line with the listing requirements of ACE market Pursuant to Paragraph 15.23, the External Auditors have reviewed this Statement pursuant to the scope set out in Recommended Practice Guide ("AAPG") 3, Guidance for Auditors on Engagements to Report on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control included in the Annual Report issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA") for inclusion in the Annual Report of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2021, and has reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the SORMIC is inconsistent, nor factually inaccurate.

AAPG 3 does not require the External Auditors to consider whether the Directors' Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system including the assessment and opinion by the Board of Directors and Management thereon. The External Auditors are also not required to consider whether the processes described to deal with material internal control aspects of any significant problems disclosed in the Annual Report will, in fact, remedy the problems.

#### CONCLUSION

For the financial year under review, there were no significant internal control deficiencies or material weaknesses resulting in material losses or contingences requiring separate disclosure in the Annual Report. The Board is of the view that the Group's system of internal control and risk management is adequate to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets. However, the Board is also cognisant of the fact that the Group's system of internal control and risk management practices must continuously evolve to meet the changing and challenging business environment. Therefore, the Board will, when necessary, put in place appropriate action plans to further enhance the Group's system of internal control and risk management framework. This statement is also based on the consideration of the audit work performed by both the External Auditors and the Internal Auditors on financial and non-financial matters.

## **AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT**

The Audit Committee ("AC") was established on 11 October 2017 with the primary objective to provide additional assurance to the Board of the Company by giving an objective and independent review of the financial, operational, administrative controls and procedures, establish and maintain internal controls, reinforce the independence of the Group's External Auditors, evaluate the quality of the Internal Auditors and oversee compliance with laws and regulations together with observance of a proper code of conduct.

#### 1. COMPOSITION OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The AC comprises of 3 members, all of whom are Independent Non-Executive Directors. This is in line with the listing requirement of Bursa Securities and the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance, which stipulates that the composition of AC must be composed of not fewer than 3 members and all the AC members must be nonexecutive with a majority of them being independent directors.

The AC Chairman is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants, which is in compliance with Rule 15.09(1)(c)(i) of the ACE Market Listing Requirements.

#### 2. **COMMITTEE MEETINGS**

The AC met 6 times for FYE 2021. The details of the AC's meetings held for the financial year are as follows:-

Name	Designation	Membership	Appointment Date	Resignation Date	Attendance/ Held
Hoh Chee Mun	Chairman	Independent Non-Executive	11 October 2017	-	6/6
Adnan Binti Zainol	Member	Independent Non-Executive	11 October 2017	26 November 2021	3/3
Chia Gek Liang	Member	Independent Non-Executive	11 October 2017	-	6/6
Maznida Binti Mokhtar	Member	Independent Non-Executive	1 August 2019	-	6/6

#### 3. **SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES**

#### **FINANCIAL REPORTING**

- Reviewed the unaudited quarterly financial results and announcements of the Group, and recommended them to be submitted for approval by the Board, to release to Bursa Securities accordingly;
- Reviewed any related party transactions and conflict of interest situations that may arise within the Group (b) during the FYE 2021;
- (c) Reviewed the audited financial statements for the FYE 2021; and
- Reviewed the Corporate Governance Overview Statement, Corporate Governance Report 2021 and (d) Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control to ensure compliance with the ACE Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities and recommend to the Board for inclusion in the Annual Report 2021.

## **Audit Committee Report** (Cont'd)

#### 3. **SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES (CONT'D)**

#### **EXTERNAL AUDIT**

- During the FYE 2021, the AC reviewed the External Auditor's, Moore Stephens Associates PLT ("MSA") presentation which were as follows:-
  - Audit Planning Memorandum which outlined its engagement team, audit approach, audit timeline, the areas of audit emphasis, and their focus on Key Audit Matters with reference to the International Standard on Auditing 701; and
  - Audit and Risk Management and Closing Presentation for the FYE 2021 which update the current status of the audit, highlights and explains the disposition of the salient accounting and audit issues, the Key Audit Matters identified during the audit, any significant deficiencies in internal control and highlighted MSA's assessment of the risks or material misstatements and communicate with the Audit Committee on other matters required under ISA 260 Communication with those charged with Government.
- Scrutinised potential Key Audit Matters raised by the External Auditors and ensured that adequate work had been done to support the audit conclusions and overall impact on the financial statements.

The Key Audit Matters vetted by the AC were:-

- Impairment review of intangible assets; and
- (ii) Recoverability of amounts due from subsidiaries.
- The AC had undertaken an annual assessment of the suitability and independence of the External Auditor and based on the results of the assessment, the AC is satisfied with the suitability of MSA to be reappointed as External Auditors of the Company and had made recommendation to the Board for the External Auditors re-appointment.
- (d) Discussed with the External Auditor on updates or in relation to the new proposed changes in accounting standards, regulatory requirements and considered the implications to the financial statements of the new Financial Reporting System.
- The AC met with the External Auditors without the presence of the Executive Directors and management (e) on 18 November 2021 to discuss audit findings and assistance given by the management. There were no major concerns raised by the External Auditor during the session.

### **Audit Committee Report** (Cont'd)

#### INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Group outsourced its internal audit function to an independent consulting firm, Smart Focus Group Sdn. Bhd. which reports directly to the Audit Committee. The internal audit function is to ensure a regular review of the adequacy and integrity of the Group's system of internal control, risk management process and compliance with the Group's established policies and procedures to provide reasonable assurance that such systems continue to operate satisfactorily and effectively within the Group. The Internal Auditor undertakes the internal audit function based on the audit plan that is reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee.

During the FYE 2021, the Internal Auditors conducted the followings:-

Reported Date	Report
20 August 2021	<ul> <li>(a) Internal Audit Follow-up Review on QS Instruments Sdn. Bhd.</li> <li>(b) Internal Audit Follow-up Review on P.T QES Indonesia</li> <li>(c) Enterprise Risk Management Report 2021</li> </ul>
18 November 2021	<ul> <li>(a) Internal Audit Review on QES (Vietnam) Co. Ltd</li> <li>(b) Internal Audit Review on QES Mechatronic Sdn. Bhd.</li> <li>(c) Presented the Internal Audit Plan for the FYE 2022</li> </ul>

The final audit reports containing findings and recommendations together with management's responses thereto were reviewed by the AC and discussed at AC Meetings. Areas of improvement identified and timelines for the outstanding matters to be resolved were communicated to the management for further actions. Follow up reviews would subsequently be performed to ascertain the extent of implementation of the recommended corrective actions for improvements.

The AC met with the Internal Auditor on 18 November 2021 in the absence of the Executive Directors and management to discuss audit issues and reservations arising from the internal audit cycles. There were no major concerns raised by the Internal Auditor during the private session.

The cost incurred for the internal audit function in respect of the FYE 2021 was RM25,000.

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## DIRECTORS' **REPORT**

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The details and principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 13 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities of the Group and of the Company during the financial year.

#### **RESULTS**

	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Profit for the financial year	19,594	2,756
Attributable to:- Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	18,985 609	2,756 -
	19,594	2,756

#### **RESERVES AND PROVISIONS**

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than those disclosed in the financial statements.

#### **ISSUANCE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES**

The Company has not issued any shares or debentures during the financial year.

#### **OPTIONS GRANTED OVER UNISSUED SHARES**

No options were granted to any person to take up unissued shares of the Company during the financial year.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

On 23 February 2022, the Directors declared a tax-exempt final dividend of 0.40 sen per ordinary share in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2021. The entitlement to dividend to be determined based on the record of depositors as at 10 March 2022 whilst the payment date to be fixed on 31 March 2022.

The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect this proposed dividend. Such dividend will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 December 2022.

#### **DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY**

The Directors in office since the beginning of the financial year up to the date of this report are:-

Chew Ne Weng Liew Soo Keang Adnan Bin Zainol Chia Gek Liang Hoh Chee Mun Maznida Binti Mokhtar

#### **DIRECTORS OF THE SUBSIDIARIES**

The following is a list of Directors of the subsidiaries (excluding Directors who are also Directors of the Company) in office since the beginning of the financial year up to the date of this report:

Benjamin Santos Joey T Guyo Lee Hock Chin Leong Kook Weng Lim Chee Keong Michael Maestrado Pang See Chian Ratchata Udomsirimas Sakda Ruangsant Tan Meow Shong Tan Soon Huat Thersya Lukito

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

According to the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 59 of the Companies Act 2016 ("Act"), the interest of Directors in office at the end of financial year in shares of the Company and its related corporations during the financial year were as follows:

	_	rdinary Shares		
	At 01.01.2021 Unit	Bought Unit	Sold Unit	At 31.12.2021 Unit
The Company Direct interests:				
- Chew Ne Weng	257,270,895	_	(224,000,000)	33,270,895
- Liew Soo Keang	198,751,105	_	(8,000,000)	190,751,105
- Adnan Bin Zainol	40,000	_	_	40,000
- Chia Gek Liang	40,000	_	_	40,000
- Hoh Chee Mun	90,000	-	_	90,000
Indirect interest:				
- Chew Ne Weng*	-	218,000,000	-	218,000,000

Indirect interest pursuant to Section 8(4) of the Companies Act 2016 via WA Capital Sdn Bhd.

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (CONT'D)**

By virtue of their interest in the Company, Chew Ne Weng, Liew Soo Keang, Adnan Bin Zainol, Chia Gek Liang and Hoh Chee Mun are deemed to be interested in the Company and its subsidiaries, to the extent of their interests in the Company.

The other Director in the office at the end of the financial year did not have any interest in the shares of the Company or of its related corporations during the financial year.

#### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

The amount of fees and other benefits paid to or receivable by the Directors or past Directors of the Company and the estimated monetary value of any other benefits received or receivable by them otherwise than in cash from the Company and its subsidiaries for their services to the Company and its subsidiaries were as follows:

	Company RM'000	Subsidiaries RM'000
Salaries and bonus	_	1,304
Fees	228	225
Defined contribution plan	_	246
Social security contributions	_	8
Estimated monetary value of benefits-in-kind	_	70
Others	-	1
Total fees and other benefits	228	1,854

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director of the Company has received nor become entitled to receive any benefit (other than Directors' emoluments received or due and receivable as disclosed in the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporations with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest, other than as disclosed in Note 32 to the financial statements.

There were no arrangements during or at the end of the financial year which had the object of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

#### OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

- Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable (a) steps:
  - (i) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provision for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate provision had been made for doubtful debts; and
  - to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business including their value as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

#### OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

- At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:
  - which would render the amount of written off for bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful (i) debts inadequate to any substantial extent;
  - (ii) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading;
  - (iii) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate; or
  - not otherwise dealt with in the report or financial statements which would render any amount stated in the (iv) financial statements misleading.
- (c) At the date of this report, there does not exist:
  - any charge on the assets of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial (i) year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
  - (ii) any contingent liability of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (d) In the opinion of the Directors:
  - (i) no contingent or other liability has become enforceable, or likely to become enforceable, within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year, which will or may affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due;
  - (ii) the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature; and
  - (iii) no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.
- The total amount paid to or receivable by the auditors as remuneration for their services as auditors for the (e) financial year from the Company and its subsidiaries are RM65,000 and RM250,000 respectively.
- There was no amount paid to or receivable by any third party in respect of the services provided to the Company (f) or any of its subsidiaries by any Director or past Director of the Company.
- There was no indemnity given to or insurance effected for any Directors and certain Officers of the Group and (g) of the Company.

#### SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Details of significant events during the financial year are disclosed in Note 39 to the financial statements.

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Messrs. Moore Stephens Associates PLT, have expressed their willingness to continue in the office.

Approved and signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 31 March 2022.

**CHEW NE WENG** 

**LIEW SOO KEANG** 

## STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Section 251(2) of the Companies Act 2016

We, the undersigned, being two of the Directors of the Company, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors, the accompanying financial statements as set out on pages 63 to 140 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia, so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2021 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

Approved and signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 31 March 2022.

**CHEW NE WENG** 

**LIEW SOO KEANG** 

## STATUTORY DECLARATION

Pursuant to Section 251(1) of the Companies Act 2016

I, Yeoh Cheong Yeow, being the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of the Company, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements as set out on pages 63 to 140 are to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed at Kuala Lumpur in the Federal Territory on 31 March 2022

**YEOH CHEONG YEOW** 

(MIA no: 16643)

Before me,

TAN KIM CHOOI (No. W 661)

Commissioner of Oaths

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the members of QES Group Berhad

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of QES Group Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2021 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 63 to 140.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2021, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and IESBA Code.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of the most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### Impairment review of intangible assets

As disclosed in Note 12 to the financial statements, the goodwill with carrying amount of approximately RM3.4 million arose from the Group's acquisition of a subsidiary in previous years and is subject to an annual impairment review.

Also included within the intangible assets is certain development costs with carrying amount of approximately RM1.6 million, which had indicators of impairment and was subject to an impairment review.

For both the above identified intangible assets, the Group determined the recoverable amounts of both the goodwill and development costs based on value-in-use ("VIU") method using discounted cash flows projections from approved financial budgets covering a five years period.

We have identified the impairment review of the above identified intangible assets as a key audit matter as the impairment test involves significant management judgement in estimating the underlying assumptions to be applied in the discounted cash flows projections in arriving at the respective recoverable amounts.

## Independent Auditors' Report (Cont'd)

#### **Key Audit Matters (cont'd)**

#### Impairment review of intangible assets (cont'd)

#### Our audit procedures performed and responses thereon

We have performed the following audit procedures to evaluate management's methodology and assumptions used in their impairment review:-

- Reviewed the cash flows projections covering a period of 5 years;
- Evaluated and challenged the appropriateness and reasonableness of the assumptions applied to key inputs such as profit margin, future revenue and discount rate applied, which included comparing these inputs with externally derived data as well as our own assessments based on our knowledge of the client and the industry;
- Tested the mathematical accuracy of the cash flows projections; and
- Performed sensitivity analysis for a range of reasonably possible scenarios.

#### Recoverability of amounts due from subsidiaries

Included within the amounts due from subsidiaries of the Company, as disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements, is approximately RM4.5 million which was subject to a higher credit and/or impairment risk as the said subsidiary was making loss during the financial year.

We have identified the recoverability of amounts due from subsidiaries as a key audit matter due to the judgements by management as to the likelihood of the recoverability of the amount due from the loss-making subsidiary, which is based on a number of factors, including whether there will be sufficient cash flows in the future to repay the outstanding amounts.

#### Our audit procedures performed and responses thereon

We have performed the following audit procedures to evaluate the management's assessment about the recoverability of amounts due from subsidiaries:

- Evaluating management's assessment on the sufficiency of future cash flows by comparing management's forecast of future cash flows to historical results and evaluating the assumptions used in those forecasts;
- Tested the mathematical accuracy of the cash flows forecast and projections; and
- Performed a sensitivity analysis by changing certain key assumptions used in the forecast of future cash flows calculations and assessed the impact to the future cash flows.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the Annual Report and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the Annual Report and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Annual Report, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditors' Report (Cont'd)

#### **Responsibilities of Directors for the Financial Statements**

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and of the Company's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, (e) and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## Independent Auditors' Report (Cont'd)

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia, we report that the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, are disclosed in Note 13 to the financial statements.

#### **Other Matter**

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the contents of this report.

**MOORE STEPHENS ASSOCIATES PLT** 201304000972 (LLP0000963-LCA) Chartered Accountants (AF002096)

Petaling Jaya, Selangor Date: 31 March 2022

**TAN KEI HUI** 03429/04/2023 J **Chartered Accountant** 

## STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

		Gr	oup	Com	pany
No	te	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Revenue Cost of sales	4	222,842 (171,226)	155,224 (119,820)	2,952 -	- -
Gross profit		51,616	35,404	2,952	
Other income		3,766	3,296	525	316
Marketing and distribution expenses		(5,847)	(5,108)	- (710)	(6)
Administrative expenses Other expenses		(17,223) (6,095)	(16,077) (5,052)	(713) (1)	(489) -
Profit/(loss) from operations		26,217	12,463	2,763	(179)
Finance costs	5	(662)	(737)	· –	` _
Share of result of an associate, net of tax		(170)		_	_
Profit/(loss) before tax	6	25,385	11,726	2,763	(179)
Tax expense	8	(5,791)	(3,063)	(7)	(4)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		19,594	8,663	2,756	(183)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax					
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign subsidiaries		(240)	(114)	_	-
Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan		(35)	65	-	-
Total other comprehensive income for the financial year		(275)	(49)	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		19,319	8,614	2,756	(183)
Profit for the financial year attributable to:		10.005	0.000		
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		18,985 609	8,660 3		
		19,594	8,663		
Total comprehensive income for the financial year attributable to:					
Owners of the Company		18,704	8,608		
Non-controlling interests		615	6		
		19,319	8,614		
		10,010			
Earnings per share Basic/Diluted (sen)	9	2.28	1.12		

The annexed notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

## STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2021

		Gr	oup	Com	pany
	Note	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	10	34,033	10,384	8	-
Right-of-use assets	11	1,812	4,892	-	-
Intangible assets	12	7,638	6,921	_	-
Investment in subsidiaries	13	-	_	51,358	46,358
Investment in an associate	14	1,030	_	_	-
Deferred tax assets	15	986	1,139	_	-
		45,499	23,336	51,366	46,358
Current assets					
Inventories	16	20,738	18,852	_	_
Trade receivables	17	52,590	32,665	_	-
Other receivables	18	9,068	6,920	1	12
Tax recoverable		1,112	1,708	1	_
Amounts due from subsidiaries	30		_	8,548	6,227
Short-term investments	19	40,101	34,233	24,381	28,950
Fixed deposits with financial					
institutions	20	19,174	18,633	_	_
Short-term deposits	21	16,350	_	_	_
Cash and bank balances		25,508	54,995	64	53
		184,641	168,006	32,995	35,242
TOTAL ASSETS		230,140	191,342	84,361	81,600

## Statements of Financial Position (Cont'd)

		Gr	oup	Com	pany
	Note	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity					
Share capital	22	80,775	80,775	80,775	80,775
Legal reserve	23	25	25		_
Translation reserve	23	(1,193)	(931)	_	_
Merger deficit	24	(20,228)	(20,228)	_	_
Retained earnings		76,329	57,640	3,368	612
Total equity attributable to					
Owners of the Company		135,708	117,281	84,143	81,387
Non-controlling interests		2,171	1,421	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY		137,879	118,702	84,143	81,387
Non-current liabilities					
Borrowings	25	16,660	17,259	_	_
Lease liabilities	26	670	3,099	_	_
Deferred tax liabilities	15	471	31	1	_
Provision for post-employment					
benefits	27	1,301	1,068	_	_
		19,102	21,457	1	-
Current liabilities					
Trade payables	28	26,573	17,514	_	_
Other payables	29	19,098	11,721	206	212
Amount due to a subsidiary	30	_	_	11	_
Borrowings	25	10,261	11,492	-	_
Lease liabilities	26	738	1,411	_	-
Contract liabilities	31	15,189	8,164	-	-
Tax payable		1,300	881	_	1
		73,159	51,183	217	213
TOTAL LIABILITIES		92,261	72,640	218	213
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		230,140	191,342	84,361	81,600

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

	\ \ \ \	Attrib	utable to Own	Attributable to Owners of the Company	pany	<b>^</b>		
	\ \ \ \	Non-distributable	ibutable	<b>^</b>	Distributable			
	Share	Merger		Translation	Retained		Non-	Total
	capital	deficit	reserve	reserve	earnings	Total	interests	equity
	RM'000	Note 24 RM'000	Note 23 (I) RM'000	Note 23 (II) RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Group As at 1 January 2021	80,775	(20,228)	25	(931)	57,640	117,281	1,421	118,702
Profit for the financial year	I	I	I	I	18,985	18,985	609	19,594
Other comprehensive income								
differences	I	ı	I	(262)	I	(262)	22	(240)
- nemeasurement of defined benefit plan	I	1	ı	I	(19)	(19)	(16)	(32)
Total other comprehensive income	I	I	I	(262)	(19)	(281)	9	(275)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	I	ı	I	(262)	18,966	18,704	615	19,319
Transactions with Owners of the Company								
Dividends to non-controlling interest	I	I	I	I	I	I	(142)	(142)
interests in a subsidiary	I	I	I	I	(277)	(277)	277	I
lotal transactions with Owners of the Company	I	I	I	1	(277)	(277)	135	(142)
At 31 December 2021	80,775	(20,228)	25	(1,193)	76,329	135,708	2,171	137,879

# Statements of Changes in Equity (Cont'd)

	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Attrib	utable to Own	Attributable to Owners of the Company	pany	<b>^</b>		
	·	Non-distributable -	ibutable	_ <	Distributable			
	Share capital	Merger deficit	Legal	Translation reserve	Retained earnings	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
	RM'000	Note 24 RM'000	Note 23 (i) RM'000	Note 23 (ii) RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Group At 1 January 2020	61,180	(20,228)	25	(831)	48,932	89,078	1,415	90,493
Profit for the financial year	I	I	I	I	8,660	8,660	က	8,663
Other comprehensive income								
differences	I	I	I	(100)	1	(100)	(14)	(114)
- nemeasurement of defined benefit plan	I	I	ı	I	48	48	17	65
Total other comprehensive income	ı	1	1	(100)	48	(52)	က	(49)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	I	ı	I	(100)	8,708	8,608	9	8,614
Transactions with Owners of the Company Issuance of shares pursuant to Private Placement (Note 22)	19,595	1	1	J	1	19,595	1	19,595
At 31 December 2020	80,775	(20,228)	25	(931)	57,640	117,281	1,421	118,702

## Statements of Changes in Equity (Cont'd)

	Note	Share capital RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total equity RM'000
Company				
At 1 January 2020		61,180	795	61,975
Loss for the financial year, representing total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	(183)	(183)
Transaction with Owners of the Company Issuance of shares pursuant to Private Placement	22	19,595	-	19,595
At 31 December 2020/1 January 2021 Profit for the financial year, representing total		80,775	612	81,387
comprehensive income for the financial year		_	2,756	2,756
At 31 December 2021		80,775	3,368	84,143

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

		Gro	oup	Com	pany
	Note	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Profit/(Loss) before tax		25,385	11,726	2,763	(179)
Adjustments for:-					
Amortisation of intangible assets		471	371	_	_
Bad debts written off		_	87	_	_
Depreciation of property, plant					
and equipment		2,514	2,115	1	_
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		1,465	1,466	-	_
Gain on disposal of property, plant					
and equipment		(1,401)	(965)	-	_
Gain on lease modification		-	(2)	-	_
(Gain)/Loss on unrealised foreign					
exchange		446	(11)	_	_
Loss allowance on trade receivables		766	418	_	_
Interest expense		662	737	_	_
Interest income		(1,036)	(995)	(525)	(316)
Inventories written back		(653)	_	_	_
Inventories written down			162	_	_
Inventories written off		757	16	-	_
Other investments written off		-	60	_	_
Property, plant and equipment					
written off		3	8	_	_
Provision for post-employment		070	222		
benefits		272	296	_	_
Share of result of an associate,		170			
net of tax		170	<u>-</u>	_	
Operating profit/(loss) before					
working capital changes		29,821	15,489	2,239	(495)
Inventories		(1,990)	1,148	<del>-</del>	_
Receivables		(23,060)	(5,547)	11	5
Payables		16,435	(5,430)	(6)	(131)
Contract liabilities		7,055	2,299		
Cash generated from/(used in)					
operations		28,261	7,959	2,244	(621)
Post-employee benefits paid		(11)	(5)	_	_
Income tax refund		-	98	_	_
Income tax paid		(4,182)	(2,337)	(8)	(6)
Interest paid		(485)	(491)	_	
Net cash from/(used in) operating					
activities		23,583	5,224	2,236	(627)

## Statements of Cash Flows (Cont'd)

		Gr	oup	Com	pany
	Note	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(28,061)	(3,374)	(9)	_
Additional subscription of shares in a					
subsidiary Addition in intangible assets		(1,188)	(718)	(5,000)	_
Interest received		1,036	995	525	316
Issuance of share capital Advances to subsidiaries	22	-	19,595	(2,321)	19,595 (298)
Subscription of shares in an associate		(1,200)	_	(2,321)	(290)
Placement of pledged fixed deposits			(0.00)		
with financial institutions Proceeds from disposal of		(541)	(389)	-	_
property, plant and equipment		3,245	1,811	_	_
Net cash (used in)/from investing					
activities		(26,709)	17,920	(6,805)	19,613
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>					
Advances from a subsidiary Dividends paid to non-controlling		-	-	11	-
interest	34	(142)	_	_	_
Net (repayment)/drawdown of	(:::\	(477)	10.000		
borrowings Interest paid	(iii)	(477) (177)	18,229 (246)		
Repayment of lease liabilities	(iii)	(1,483)	(1,286)	_	_
Net cash (used in)/from financing					
activities		(2,279)	16,697	11	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash		(F 405)	20.044	(4.550)	10.000
and cash equivalents Foreign currency translation		(5,405)	39,841	(4,558)	18,986
differences		(561)	(141)	_	_
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		85,359	45,659	29,003	10,017
Cash and cash equivalents at	<i>m</i>	70	05	04 ::-	02.222
end of year	(i)	79,393	85,359	24,445	29,003

# Statements of Cash Flows (Cont'd)

## Note:

The cash and cash equivalents of the Group and the Company comprise the following: (i)

	Group		Company	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Short-term investments	40,101	34,233	24,381	28,950
Short-term deposits (Note 21) Fixed deposits with financial	16,350	-	-	-
institutions (Note 20)	19,174	18,633	_	_
Cash and bank balances*	25,508	54,995	64	53
Bank overdrafts (Note 25)	(2,566)	(3,869)	-	-
	98,567	103,992	24,445	29,003
Less: Fixed deposits pledged	(19,174)	(18,633)	_	_
	79,393	85,359	24,445	29,003

In year 2020, included in the cash and bank balances was RM17,850,000 being monies placed with the vendor's financier arose from the acquisition of a 5-storey detached factory property as part of the redemption sum due by the vendor to the vendor's financier. The acquisition was completed upon obtaining the vacant possession on 4 January 2021.

### Cash outflows for leases as a lessee: (ii)

	Group	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Included in net cash from/(used in) the operating activities Payment relating to short term leases	(357)	(333)
Included in net cash from/(used in) financing activities Interest paid in relation to lease liabilities Repayment of lease liabilities	(177) (1,483)	(232) (1,286)
Total cash outflows for leases	(2,017)	(1,851)

# Statements of Cash Flows (Cont'd)

## Note: (cont'd)

Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities:

	< Gro	<>		
	Borrowings* RM'000	Lease liabilities RM'000		
2021				
At beginning of the financial year	24,882	4,510		
Repayment made	(477)	(1,660)		
Interest expenses	_	177		
Net repayment, representing net changes in cash flows				
from financing activities	(477)	(1,483)		
Reversal due to lease modification	_	(1,619)		
Gain on unrealised foreign exchange	(50)			
At end of the financial year	24,355	1,408		
2020				
At beginning of the financial year	6,707	5,506		
Repayment made	(576)	(1,518)		
Interest expenses	14	232		
Drawdown of borrowings	18,791	_		
Net drawdown/(repayment), representing net changes				
in cash flows from financing activities	18,229	(1,286)		
Acquisition of new leases	_	434		
Reversal due to lease modification	-	(144)		
Gain on unrealised foreign exchange	(54)			
At end of the financial year	24,882	4,510		

Bank overdrafts are excluded from the reconciliation of movements of liabilities as it is presented as part of cash and cash equivalents.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at 31 December 2021

## **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

The Company is a public limited company that is incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia. The Company is listed on the ACE Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 13.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities of the Group and of the Company during the financial year.

The registered office is located at Lot 4.100, Tingkat 4, Wisma Central, Jalan Ampang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

The principal place of business is located at No. 2, Jalan Jururancang U1/21, HICOM Glenmarie Industrial Park, Seksyen U1, 40150 Shah Alam Selangor, Malaysia.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2022.

#### 2. **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

The Group and the Company have also considered the new accounting pronouncements in the preparation of the financial statements.

## Accounting pronouncements that are effective and adopted during the financial year

Amendments to MFRS 4, MFRS 7, Interest Rate Benchmark Perform – (Phase 2)

MFRS 9 and MFRS 16 Amendments to MFRS 4

Amendments to MFRS 16

Insurance Contracts - Extension of the Temporary

Exemption from Applying MFRS 9 Covid-19 - Related Rent Concessions

Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in MFRSs

The adoption of the above did not have any significant effect on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company.

## Accounting pronouncements that are issued but not yet effective and have not been early adopted

The Group and the Company have not adopted the following accounting pronouncements that have been issued as at the date of authorisation of these financial statements but are not yet effective for the Group and the Company:

## Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021

Amendments to MFRS 16

Covid-19 - Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

#### 2. **BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)**

## Statement of compliance (cont'd)

### Accounting pronouncements that are issued but not yet effective and have not been early (ii) adopted (cont'd)

The Group and the Company have not adopted the following accounting pronouncements that have been issued as at the date of authorisation of these financial statements but are not yet effective for the Group and the Company: (cont'd)

## Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022

Amendments to MFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework

Amendments to MFRS 116 Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before

Intended Use

Amendments to MFRS 137 Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018 - 2020

## Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts Amendments to MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

Amendments to MFRS 17 Initial Application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9 -

Comparative Information

Amendments to MFRS 101 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-

Current

Amendments to MFRS 101 and Disclosure of Accounting Policies

MFRS Practice Statement 2

Amendments to MFRS 108 **Definition of Accounting Estimates** 

Amendments to MFRS 112 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities

arising from a Single Transaction

## Effective date to be announced

Amendments to MFRS 10 and Sale or Contribution of Assets between an **MFRS 128** Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The Group and the Company will adopt the accounting pronouncements when they become effective in the respective financial periods. These accounting pronouncements are not expected to have any effect to the financial statements of the Group and of the Company upon their initial application.

#### **Functional and presentation currency** (b)

These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in RM and has been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

## **Basis of measurement**

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in accounting policies.

#### 2. **BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)**

#### (d) Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The summary of accounting policies as described in Note 3 are essential to understand the Group's and the Company's result of operations, financial position, cash flows and other disclosures. Certain of these accounting policies require critical accounting estimates that involve complex and subjective judgements and the use of assumptions, some of which may be for matters that are inherently uncertain and susceptible to change. The Directors exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies.

Estimates, assumptions concerning the future and judgements are made in the preparation of the financial statements. They affect the application of the Group's and of the Company's accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and disclosures made.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are assessed on an on-going basis and are based on experience and relevant factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The actual results may differ from the judgements, estimates and assumptions made by management, and will seldom equal the estimated results.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation or uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are set out below.

#### Impairment of Financial Assets (i)

The Group and the Company assess on a forward-looking basis the expected credit loss associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by MFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the trade receivables.

For other receivables and amounts due from subsidiaries, the Group and the Company apply the approach permitted by MFRS 9, which requires the Group and the Company to measure the allowance for impairment loss for that financial asset at an amount based on the probability of default occurring within the next 12 months considering the loss given default of that financial asset.

### (ii) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

When the recoverable amount of an asset is determined based on the estimate of the value in use of the cash generating unit to which the asset is allocated, the management is required to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash generating unit and also to apply a suitable discount rate in order to determine the present value of those cash flows.

### (iii) Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

Deferred tax implications arising from the changes in corporate income tax rates are measured with reference to the estimated realisation and settlement of temporary differences in the future periods in which the tax rates are expected to apply, based on the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. While management's estimates on the realisation and settlement of temporary differences are based on the available information at the reporting date, changes in business strategy, future operating performance and other factors could potentially impact on the actual timing and amount of temporary differences realised and settled. Any difference between the actual amount and the estimated amount would be recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which actual realisation and settlement occurs.

#### 2. **BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)**

## Significant accounting estimates and judgements (cont'd)

## Impairment of Goodwill

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and at other times when such indicators exist. This requires management to estimate the expected future cash flows of the cash generating unit to which goodwill is allocated and to apply a suitable discount rate in order to determine the present value of those cash flows. The future cash flows are most sensitive to budgeted gross margins, growth rates estimated and discount rate used. If the expectation is different from the estimation, such difference will impact the carrying value of goodwill.

## Leases

The Group assesses at lease commencement by applying significant judgement whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. The Group considers all facts and circumstances including their past practice and any cost that will be incurred to change the asset if an option to extend is not taken, to help them determine the lease term.

The Group also applies judgement and assumptions in determining the incremental borrowing rate of the respective leases. The Group first determines the closest available borrowing rates before using significant judgement to determine the adjustments required to reflect the term, security, value or economic environment of the respective leases.

## Inventories written down

Reviews are made periodically by management on slow-moving inventories. These reviews required judgement and estimates. Possible changes in these estimates could result in revisions to the valuation of inventories.

### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements by the Group and the Company, unless otherwise stated.

#### **Basis of consolidation** (a)

## Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at the reporting date. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company. Consistent accounting policies are applied for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. The Company controls an investee if and only if the Company has all the following:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant power (i) activities of the investee);
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee; and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (a) Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

## Consolidation (cont'd)

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, the Company considers the following in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power over the investee:

- (i) The size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- Potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and (iii)
- Any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Subsidiaries are consolidated when the Company obtains control over the subsidiaries and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiaries.

When control ceases, the disposal proceeds and the fair value of any retained investment are compared to the Group's share of the net assets disposed. The difference together with the carrying amount of allocated goodwill and the exchange reserve that relate to the subsidiary is recognised as gain or loss on disposal.

## Business combination

Acquisitions of subsidiaries are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree.

The Group elects on a transaction-by-transaction basis whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Transaction costs incurred are expensed and included in administrative expenses.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability, will be recognised in accordance with MFRS 9 either in profit or loss or a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it will not be remeasured.

Subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. In instances where the contingent consideration does not fall within the scope of MFRS 9, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate MFRS.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

## Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

### Business combination (cont'd)

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Business combinations under common control are accounted using the predecessor method of merger accounting where the profit or loss and other comprehensive income include the results of each of the combining entities from the earliest date presented or from the date when these entities came under the control of the common controlling party (if later).

The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are accounted for based on the carrying amounts from the perspective of the common controlling party, or the combining entities if the common controlling party does not prepare consolidated financial statements.

The difference in cost of acquisition over the aggregate carrying value of the assets and liabilities of the combining entities as of the date of the combination is taken to equity. Transaction cost for the combination is recognised in profit or loss.

Similar treatment applies in the Company's separate financial statements when assets and liabilities representing the underlying businesses under common control are directly acquired by the Company. In accounting for business combinations in the Company's separate financial statements, the excess of the cost of acquisition over the aggregate carrying amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the combination is taken to equity.

## **Subsidiaries**

In the Company's separate financial statements, investment in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

## Associates

Associates are entities, in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method less any impairment losses. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates, after adjustments if any, to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an associate, the carrying amount of that interest including any long-term investments is reduced to zero, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation to fund the associate's operations or has made payments on behalf of the associate.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (a) Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

## Associates (cont'd)

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, any retained interest in the former associate at the date when significant influence is lost is measured at fair value and this amount is regarded as the initial carrying amount of a financial asset. The difference between the fair value of any retained interest plus proceeds from the interest disposed of and the carrying amount of the investment at the date when equity method is discontinued is recognised in profit or loss.

When the Group's interest in an associate decreases but does not result in a loss of significant influence, any retained interest is not re-measured. Any gain or loss arising from the decrease in interest is recognised in profit or loss. Any gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are also reclassified proportionately to profit or loss.

Investment in associates are measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses. The cost of investment includes transaction costs. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

## Non-controlling Interests

Non-controlling interests represents the equity in subsidiaries not attributable directly or indirectly, to owners of the Company, and is presented separately in the consolidated profit or loss and within equity in the consolidated financial position, separately from equity attributable to Owners of the Company.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. In such circumstances, the carrying amounts of the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary company. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to Owners of the Company.

Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interests even if that results in a deficit balance.

## Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions between subsidiaries in the Group, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted associates and joint ventures are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investees. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

## Foreign currencies

## Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured in the respective functional currencies of the Group and of the Company and are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currencies at exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies measured at fair value are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the reporting date are recognised in profit or loss except for exchange differences arising on monetary items that form part of the Group's and of the Company's net investment in foreign operations, which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and accumulated under translation reserve in equity. The translation reserve is reclassified from equity to profit or loss of the Group on disposal of the foreign operation.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of nonmonetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. Exchange differences arising from such non-monetary items are also recognised directly in equity.

#### (ii) Group entities

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into RM at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their profit or loss are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. The exchange differences arising on translation for consolidation are recognised in other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

## Revenue and other revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when or as a performance obligation in the contract with customer is satisfied, i.e. when the "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation is a promise to transfer a distinct goods or service (or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer) to the customer that is explicitly stated in the contract and implied in the Group's and the Company's customary business practices.

Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration to which the Group and the Company expect to be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised goods or services to the customers, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties such as sales taxes. If the amount of consideration varies due to discounts, rebates, refunds, credits, incentives, penalties or other similar items, the Group and the Company estimate the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled based on the expected value or the most likely outcome. If the contract with customer contains more than one performance obligation, the amount of consideration is allocated to each performance obligation based on the relative stand-alone selling prices of the goods or services promised in the contract.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

## Revenue and other revenue recognition (cont'd)

The revenue is recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the uncertainly associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

The control of the promised goods or services may be transferred over time or at a point in time. The control over the goods or services is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time if:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's and the Company's performances as the Group and the Company perform;
- The Group's and the Company's performances create or enhance assets that the customer controls as the assets are created or enhanced; or
- The Group's and the Company's performances do not create assets with alternative use and the Group and the Company have enforceable rights to payment for performance completed to date.
- Revenue from contracts with customers (i)

### Sale of goods

Revenue from sales of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and provisions, trade discounts, volume rebates and net of taxes.

Revenue is recognised when or as a performance obligation in the contract with customer is satisfied, i.e. when the "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

Revenue is not recognised to the extent where there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due, associated costs or the possible return of goods.

## Revenue from services

Revenue from services provided is recognised net of discount, where applicable, as and when the services are performed. Revenue is recognised over time based on contract.

### (ii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

#### (iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

#### (iv) Other income

Wages subsidy and hiring incentive received from government are recognised on monthly basis over the qualified period under the criteria set by the government. Other income is recognised on an accrual basis that reflects the effective yield on asset.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

## **Employee benefits**

#### Short term benefits (i)

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as an expense in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Short-term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised as a liability when they accrue to the employees. The estimated liability for paid annual leave is recognised for services rendered by employees up to the reporting date. Short-term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

#### Defined contribution plan (ii)

The Group participates in the national pension schemes as defined by the laws of the countries in which it has operations. The Group makes contributions to Employee Provident Fund in Malaysia, a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed.

## Provision for post-employment benefits

Certain subsidiaries of the Group operate separate defined retirement benefit schemes for certain employees. Such benefits are unfunded.

The liability recognised in the statements of financial position in respect of post- employment benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date minus the fair value of plan assets. Retirement benefits are assessed annually using the projected unit credit method; the present value of the defined benefit obligation is measured by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using a discount rate by reference to market yields of high quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability at the reporting date.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actual assumptions are charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the period when they arise. Changes in the defined benefit liability arising from service cost and net interest on the defined benefit obligation for the financial year are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (e) **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset if they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of that asset. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditures and borrowing costs are incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised until the assets are substantially completed for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds.

#### Income taxes (f)

### (i) Current tax

Tax expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax. Current tax is the expected amount payable in respect of taxable income for the financial year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date, and any adjustments recognised for prior years' tax. When an item is recognised outside profit or loss, the related tax effect is recognised either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (f) Income taxes (cont'd)

#### (ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, on all temporary differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction, which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the assets are realised or the liabilities are settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there are sufficient taxable temporary differences relating to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority to offset or when it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will be available for the assets to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transactions either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity and deferred tax arising from business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition or the amount of any excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the acquisition cost.

#### Earnings per share (g)

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for own shares held.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own share held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise share options granted to employees.

### (h) Impairment

#### (i) Financial assets

The Group and the Company recognise loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECL") on financial assets measured at amortised cost, contract assets and lease receivables. Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses.

Loss allowance of the Group is measured on either of the following bases:

- (i) 12-month ECL - represents the ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or for a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months); or
- Lifetime ECLs represents the ECLs that will result from all possible default events over the (ii) expected life of a financial instrument or contract asset

The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

## Impairment (cont'd)

Financial assets (cont'd)

Simplified approach - trade receivables, lease receivables and contract assets

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide ECLs for all trade receivables, lease receivables and contract assets as permitted by MFRS 9. The simplified approach required expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where applicable.

General approach - other financial instruments and financial guarantee contracts

The Group applies the general approach to provide for ECLs on all other financial instruments and financial guarantee contracts, which requires the loss allowance to be measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs at initial recognition.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort.

This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward looking information, where available.

If credit risk has not increase significantly since initial recognition or if the credit quality of the financial instruments improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

The Group considers an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes when the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held).

The Group considers a financial guarantee contract to be in default when the debtor of the loan is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the creditors and the Company in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held). The Group only applies a discount rate if, and to the extent that, the risks are not taken into account by adjusting the expected cash shortfalls.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

## Credit Impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group and the Company assess whether financial assets carried at amortised cost is credit impaired. A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (h) Impairment (cont'd)

### Financial assets (cont'd)

Credit Impaired financial assets (cont'd)

Evidence that a financial asset is credit impaired includes the observable data about the following events:

- Significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- A breach of contract such as a default or significant past due event;
- The lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider (e.g the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise);
- It is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- The disappearance of an active market for security because of financial difficulties.

## Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group or the Company determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's or the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

### (ii) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets (except for inventories and deferred tax assets) are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash- generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which such impairment loss is recognised directly against any revaluation surplus for the asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that same asset. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that largely are independent from other assets and groups.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating units is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Except for goodwill, assets that were previously impaired are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period. Any subsequent increase in recoverable amount is recognised in the profit or loss unless it reverses an impairment loss on a revalued asset in which case it is taken to revaluation reserve. Reversal of impairment loss is restricted by the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (h) Impairment (cont'd)

#### (ii) Non-financial assets (cont'd)

An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the subsidiary, joint venture or associate exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the investment including the proceeds from its disposal. Any subsequent increase in recoverable amount is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (i) Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Subsequent to initial recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Group recognises such part as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

All property, plant and equipment are depreciated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of the property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives.

The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:-

Freehold building	2%
Moulds, plant and equipment	12.5% - 20%
Office equipment, furniture, fittings, computer and telecommunication equipment	15% - 30%
Equipment for demonstration	15%
Motor vehicles	12.5% - 20%
Electrical fittings, office renovation and signboard	10%

Freehold land has an indefinite useful life and therefore is not depreciated.

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at each reporting date to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the net carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Fully depreciated property, plant and equipment are retained in the financial statements until they are no longer in use and no further charge for depreciation is made in respect of these property, plant and equipment.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (i) Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses and includes borrowing cost incurred during the period of construction.

No depreciation is provided on capital work-in-progress and upon completion of construction, the cost will be transferred to property, plant and equipment.

#### (k) Intangible assets

#### (i) Goodwill on consolidation

Goodwill is initially measured at cost. Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired is allocated, from the acquisition date, to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the cash- generating unit may be impaired, by comparing the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit, including the allocated goodwill, with the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised for goodwill are not reversed in subsequent periods.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that cashgenerating unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative fair values of the operations disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

## Research and development

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure on development activities, whereby the application of research finding are apply to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products or processes are capitalised only if development costs can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically or commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Group intended to and has sufficient resources to complete development to use or to sell the asset.

The expenditure capitalised includes the costs of materials, direct labour, and overhead costs that are directly attributable to preparing the asset for its intended use. Capitalised development expenditure is measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life.

### (iii) Trademark

Trademark acquired is measured on initial recognition at cost. The useful life of the trademark is assessed to be indefinite and are not amortised but tested for impairment annually or more frequently if the events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The useful life of trademark is reviewed annually to determine whether the useful life assessment continues to be supportable.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

## Intangible assets (cont'd)

#### (iv) Derecognition

Gain or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset except goodwill on consolidation are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

### Amortisation (v)

The amount subject to amortisation is calculated based on the cost of the asset less its residual value. Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight- line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets from the date that they are available for use.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

5 years Development costs

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted, if appropriate.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are not amortised but are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

### (I) **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis. Costs of raw materials, consumables and trading goods comprise the cost of purchase plus the cost of bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

In the case of work-in-progress and manufactured finished goods, cost includes conversion costs of labour and variable production overheads. For items of inventory that are individually significant or are segregated for individual projects, cost is measured using the specific identification method. For homogeneous items of inventory, cost is determined on an item-by-item basis or on group of similar items

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Where necessary, due allowance is made for all damaged, obsolete and slow- moving items.

### Financial instruments

## Initial recognition and measurement

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group or the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without significant financing component) or a financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issuance. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

## (m) Financial instruments (cont'd)

Initial recognition and measurement (cont'd)

An embedded derivative is recognised separately from the host contract where the host contract is not a financial asset, and accounted for separately if, and only if, the derivative is not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract and the host contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. The host contract, in the event an embedded derivative is recognised separately, is accounted for in accordance with policy applicable to the nature of the host contract.

Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement (ii)

The Group and the Company categorise financial instruments as follows:

### Financial assets

Categories of financial assets are determined on initial recognition and are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group or the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change of the business model.

#### Amortised cost (a)

Amortised cost category comprises financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets are not designated as fair value through profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss. Interest income is recognised by applying effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount except for credit impaired financial assets as disclosed in Note 3(h)(i).

#### (b) Fair value through profit or loss

All financial assets not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. This includes derivative financial assets (except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument). On initial recognition, the Group or the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income as at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise. Financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair value. Net gains or losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in the profit or loss.

All financial assets, except for those measured at fair value through profit or loss, are subject to impairment assessment as disclosed in Note 3(h)(i).

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

## (m) Financial instruments (cont'd)

Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement (cont'd)

### Financial liabilities

The categories of financial liabilities at initial recognition are as follows:

Fair value through profit or loss (a)

> Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument), contingent consideration in a business combination and financial liabilities that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

> On initial recognition, the Group or the Company may irrevocably designate a financial liability that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost as at fair value through profit or loss:

- if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would (a) otherwise arise:
- a group of financial liabilities or assets and financial liabilities is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the group is provided internally on that basis to the Group's key management personnel; or
- if a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives and the host is not a financial (c) asset in the scope of MFRS 9, where the embedded derivative significantly modifies the cash flows and separation is not prohibited.

Financial liabilities categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair value with gains or losses, including any interest expense are recognised in profit or loss.

For financial liabilities where it is designated as fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition, the Group and the Company recognised the amount of change in fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to change in credit risk in the other comprehensive income and remaining amount of the change in fair value in profit or loss, unless the treatment of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch.

#### Amortised cost (b)

Other financial liabilities not categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any gains or losses on derecognition are also recognised in profit or loss.

## Offsettina

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group or the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and liability simultaneously.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

## (m) Financial instruments (cont'd)

#### (iv) Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantees issued are initially measured at fair value. Subsequently, they are measured at higher of:

- the amount of the loss allowance; and
- the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance to the principles of MFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Liabilities arising from financial guarantees are presented together with other provisions.

#### (v) Regular way purchase or sale of financial assets

A regular way purchase or sale is a purchase or sale of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned.

A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets is recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting. Trade date accounting refers to:

- the recognition of an asset to be received and the liability to pay for it on the trade date, and (a)
- derecognition of an asset that is sold, recognition of any gain or loss on disposal and the (b) recognition of a receivable from the buyer for payment on the trade date.

#### (vi) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or control of the asset is not retained or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any noncash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

### (n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, short-term deposits, short-term investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These also include bank overdrafts that form an integral part of the Group's cash management. For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts and pledged deposits, if any.

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (o) Leases

#### (i) Definition of lease

A contract is, or contain, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control for the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether:

- the contract involves the use of an identified asset this may be specified explicitly or implicitly, and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified;
- the Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Group has the right when it has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used. In rare cases, where the decision about how and what purpose the asset is used is predetermined, the Group has the right to direct use of the asset if either the customer has the right to operate the asset; or the Group designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and what purpose it will be used.

#### Recognition and initial measurement (ii)

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less the lease incentives received.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the respective Group entities' incremental borrowing rate.

The Group has elected not to recognise right-to-use assets and liabilities for short term leases that have a lease terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (iii) Subsequent measurement

The right-of-use assets is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The principal annual depreciation rates are as follows:

Leasehold land Leasehold building Lease of buildings Motor vehicles

80 years 50 years 2 to 3 years or over the lease term 5 to 6 years

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (o) Leases (cont'd)

#### (iii) Subsequent measurement (cont'd)

The right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are presented as a separate line in the statements of financial position.

The lease liability is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payment made. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in index or rate, a change in the estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or as appropriate, changes in the assessment of whether a purchase or extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has applied judgement to determine the lease term for some lease contracts in which it is a lessee that include renewal options. The assessment of whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise such options impacts the lease term, which significantly affects the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised.

When the lease liability is remeasured, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets has been reduced to zero.

#### **Equity instrument** (p)

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group and of the Company after deducting all of their liabilities. Ordinary shares are equity instruments.

Ordinary shares are recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable incremental transaction costs. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

### (q) **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group and the Company have a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

### (r) **Contingencies**

A contingent liability or asset is a possible obligation or asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non- occurrence of uncertain future event(s) not wholly within the controls of the Group and of the Company.

Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in the statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (s) Fair value measurement

Fair value of an asset or a liability, except for share-based payment and lease transactions, is determined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair value is categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the input used in the valuation technique as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group recognised transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfers.

#### (t) **Contract assets and liabilities**

Contract assets are the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customers. Contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights to economic benefits become unconditional. This usually occurs when the Group issues billing to the customer. Contract assets are recognised as revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

When there is objective evidence of impairment, the amount of impairment losses is determined by comparing the contract asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows to be generated by the contract asset.

Contract liabilities are the obligation to transfer goods or services to customers for which the Group has received the consideration or has billed the customer. In the case of services contract, contract liabilities are the excess of the billings to-date over the cumulative revenue earned. Contract liabilities include down payments received from customers and other deferred income where the Group has billed or has collected the payment before the goods are delivered or services are provided to the customers.

#### (u) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses, including revenue and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker, which in this case is the Board of Directors of the Company, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (v) **Government grant**

Grants/assistance from government is recognised when there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all the attached conditions.

Government grants/assistance relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the statements of profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate.

Government grants/assistance related to assets are presented in the statements of financial position as deferred revenue and recognised in the profit or loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.

#### **REVENUE** 4.

	Note	Gre	oup	Com	pany
		2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Dividend income	(i)	_	_	2,952	_
Sales of goods	(ii)	174,941	115,124	_	_
Service income	(iii)	47,901	40,100	_	-
		222,842	155,224	2,952	_

Except for dividend income, these represent the invoiced value of goods sold and services rendered less discounts, return and net of taxes.

The performance obligations and revenue recognition policies for dividend income, sales of goods and service income have been presented as below:

#### (i) **Dividend income**

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

### (ii) Sales of goods

The Group's revenue encompass sales of goods from the Distribution division, which principally involved in the distribution of inspection, test and measurement equipment, materials and engineering solutions and the Manufacturing division, which includes manufacturing of optical inspection equipment, automated handling equipment and advanced wafer measurement systems and the provision of vision software solutions for automated equipment, mechanical and electrical engineering consultancy and interface software for industrial equipment.

Revenue is recognised when the performance obligation ("PO") is satisfied upon the delivery of the products to the customers which requires customers' acknowledgement that the goods have been accepted by the customers. Only then will the enforceable right for payment be satisfied and revenue is recognised at point in time when a billing is raised, evidencing the transfer of control over the goods to customer. The distinct POs of delivery, service and installation are not material to be considered separately. Payment is generally due within 30 – 120 days from the date the PO is satisfied.

### **REVENUE (CONT'D)** 4.

#### (iii) Service income

The Group provides after sales services such as the training, repairing, maintenance and replacement of equipment parts for its customers, which is on an annual service contract basis or a one-time off contract basis. The contract comprised a single PO and is satisfied over the contract period. Revenue from the after sales services is recognised over time based on the contract, whilst revenue from the replacement of equipment parts is recognised at the point in time control of the goods is transferred.

The following table shows unsatisfied performance obligations resulting from service contracts.

	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Group Revenue expected to be recognised on service		
contracts on the next 12 months	3,265	2,919

### 5. **FINANCE COSTS**

	Group	
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Interest expense:		
Bank overdrafts	105	112
Bankers' acceptances	47	37
Lease liabilities	177	232
Letter of credit	84	53
Revolving loan	29	32
Term loan	571	14
Trust receipts	220	257
	1,233	737
Less: Amount capitalised in property, plant and equipment	(571)	-
Amount recognised in profit or loss	662	737

### 6. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX

Profit/(loss) before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):-

	Group		Com	Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Amortisation of intangible assets	471	371	_	_	
Auditors' remuneration					
- current year	285	280	35	35	
- other services	30	5	30	5	
Bad debts written off	_	87	-	_	
Depreciation of property, plant					
and equipment	2,514	2,115	1	_	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	1,465	1,466	-	_	
Employee benefits expenses (Note 7)	48,026	41,438	228	192	
Gain on disposal of property, plant					
and equipment	(1,401)	(965)	_	_	
Gain on lease modification	_	(2)	_	_	
(Gain)/loss on foreign exchange					
- realised	(405)	445	-	_	
- unrealised	446	(11)	_	_	
Government grant	(37)	_	_	_	
Hiring incentive	(106)	(24)	-	_	
Loss allowance on trade					
receivables	766	418	-	_	
Interest income	(1,036)	(995)	(525)	(316)	
Inventories written back	(653)	_	-	_	
Inventories written down	_	162	-	_	
Inventories written off	757	16	_	_	
Other investments written off	_	60	-	_	
Property, plant and equipment					
written off	3	8	-	_	
Short-term leases	357	333	-	_	
Wages subsidy	(246)	(1,068)	_	_	

### 7. **EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES**

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Staff cost				
Salaries, bonus, wages,				
allowances and overtime	31,802	28,200	_	_
Defined benefit plans	272	296	_	_
Defined contribution plans	3,761	3,270	_	_
Social security contributions	245	204	_	_
Others	5,786	3,624	_	-
Less: Amount capitalised in	41,866	35,595	_	_
intangible assets	(1,188)	(718)	_	-
	40,678	34,877	-	_
Directors' remuneration				
Salaries, bonus and allowances	4,835	4,082	_	_
Directors' fee	478	411	228	192
Defined contribution plans	875	788	_	_
Social security contributions	12	13	_	_
Others	1,148	1,267	_	-
	7,348	6,561	228	192
Total staff costs	48,026	41,438	228	192
Analysis of estimated				
benefits-in-kind:				
- Directors	129	129	_	_

#### 8. **TAX EXPENSE**

	Gr	Group		Company	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	
Current tax:					
- current year	5,284	2,815	8	4	
- overprovision in prior year	(91)	(19)	(2)	_	
Deferred tax (Note 15):	5,193	2,796	6	4	
<ul> <li>origination and reversal of temporary differences</li> <li>underprovision in prior year</li> </ul>	370 228	204 63	1 _	-	
	598	267	1		
Tax expense for the financial year	5,791	3,063	7	4	

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2020: 24%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year. Taxation for other jurisdictions are calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

A reconciliation of income tax expenses applicable to profit/(loss) before tax at the statutory tax rate to income tax expenses at the effective income tax rate of the Group and the Company are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Profit/(loss) before tax	25,385	11,726	2,763	(179)
Tax at Malaysian tax rate of 24%				
(2020: 24%)	6,092	2,814	663	(43)
Effect of tax in foreign jurisdictions	(316)	(170)	-	-
Non-deductible expenses	823	1,120	170	105
Non-taxable income	(660)	(759)	(824)	(58)
Double deductible allowance	(5)	(1)	-	_
Tax exempt pioneer income *	(335)	(121)	-	_
Utilisation of previously				
unrecognised tax losses	_	(32)	-	_
Deferred tax assets not recognised	14	168	-	_
Tax effect on share of result of				
an associate	41	-	-	
	5,654	3,019	9	4
(Over)/underprovision in prior year:				
- current tax	(91)	(19)	(2)	_
- deferred tax	228	63	_	_
Tax expense for the financial year	5,791	3,063	7	4

#### 8. TAX EXPENSE (CONT'D)

A local subsidiary of the Group has been granted pioneer status incentive by the Malaysian Industrial Development Authority ("MIDA"). Under this incentive, the subsidiary enjoys full exemption from income tax on its statutory income arising from promoted activities for the production of "Advanced Wafer Measurement System and Equipment" for a period of 5 years (extendable for further 5 years) commencing from 3 December 2014. The subsidiary was granted a further extension of 5 years from 3 December 2019 to 2 December 2024.

Subject to agreement with the Inland Revenue Board, the Group has the following items available for set off against future taxable profits as follows:

	Group	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Unabsorbed capital allowances	165	251
Unutilised tax losses	1,801	1,685
	1,966	1,936

The availability of the unutilised tax losses will be subject to Inland Revenue Board discretion and approval to offset against future taxable profit. In the announcement of Malaysia 2022 Budget, the unutilised tax losses will be allowed to be carried forward for 10 consecutive years of assessment ("YA")(previously 7 YAs) deemed to be effective from YA 2019.

The comparative figures have been restated to reflect the actual unutilised tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowance carried forwards available to the Group.

#### 9. **EARNINGS PER SHARE**

Basic earnings per ordinary share for the financial year is calculated by dividing the profit after tax attributable to Owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

	Gro	oup
	2021	2020
Profit after tax attributable to the Owners of the Company (RM'000)	18,985	8,660
Number of ordinary shares at the beginning of the year (unit'000) Effects of ordinary share issue (unit'000)	834,139 -	758,308 13,053
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at end of the year (unit'000)	834,139	771,361
Basic earnings per ordinary share (sen)	2.28	1.12

Diluted earnings per share is not presented as there are no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year and is therefore the same on basic earnings per share.

	Capital work-in-progress Freehold Freehold land* building* RM'000 RM'000	-in-progress Freehold building* RM'000	Moulds, plant and equipment RM'000	Office equipment, furniture, fittings, computer and telecom- munication equipment RM'000	Equipment for demonstration RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Electrical fittings, office renovation and signboard RM'000	Total RM'000
Group 2021 Cost								
At 1 January	ı	I	4,578	8,144	15,330	625	1,308	29,985
Additions	15,563	7,408	585	919	3,556	ı	30	28,061
Disposals	I	I	I	(444)	(2,326)	I	ı	(2,770)
Written off	ı	I	I	(8)	(49)	ı	ı	(22)
Reclassification	ı	ı	449	(624)	175	ı	ı	1
Exchange differences	ı	I	21	(20)	(71)	-	(8)	(77)
At 31 December	15,563	7,408	5,633	7,967	16,615	626	1,330	55,142
Accumulated depreciation								
At 1 January	ı	I	4,287	4,470	9,481	438	925	19,601
Charge for the financial year	ı	I	117	999	1,569	53	110	2,514
Disposals	I	I	I	(4)	(922)	I	ı	(956)
Written off	I	ı	I	(5)	(48)	I	I	(54)
Reclassification	I	ı	512	(5	51	I	ı	ı
Exchange differences	1	ı	13		(28)	7	(9)	(26)
At 31 December	1	ı	4,929	4,556	10,102	493	1,029	21,109
<b>Net book value</b> At 31 December	15,563	7,408	704	3,411	6,513	133	301	34,033

		Office equipment, furniture, fittings, computer and telecommunication equipment	Equipment for demonstration	Motor vehicles	Electrical fittings, office renovation and signboard	Total
Group 2020	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
<b>Cost</b> At 1 January Transfar from right-of-use assets	4,598	8,267	14,377	536	1,400	29,178
Additions Disposale	46	1,210	2,118	1 I	I	3,374
Written off Exchange differences	(55) (11)	(1,310) (1,310) (8)	(10)	(3)	(88) (4)	(1,453) (1,453) (36)
At 31 December	4,578	8,144	15,330	625	1,308	29,985
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January Transfer from right-of-use assets	4,181	5,407	8,375	337	907	19,207
Charge for the financial year Disposals	168	382 (11)	1,422 (313)	32	108	2,115 (324)
Written off Exchange differences	(55) (7)	(1,302) (6)	` - (E)	- (4)	(88)	(1,445)
At 31 December	4,287	4,470	9,481	438	925	19,601
<b>Net book value</b> At 31 December	291	3,674	5,849	187	383	10,384

## 10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

	Computers RM'000
Cost	
At 1 January 2021 Additions	9
At 31 December 2021	9
Accumulated depreciation	
At 1 January 2021 Charge for the financial year	1
At 31 December 2021	1
Net carrying amount	
At 31 December 2021	8

Included in freehold land and freehold building of the Group are interest expenses amounted to RM389,000 (2020: NIL) and RM182,000 (2020: NIL) respectively as disclosed in Note 5.

## 11. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	Leasehold land RM'000	Leasehold building RM'000	Lease of buildings RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Total RM'000
Group 2021 Cost					
At 1 January Reversal due to lease	118	500	5,135	2,462	8,215
modification	-	_	(3,488)	_	(3,488)
Exchange differences	_	_	10	_	10
At 31 December	118	500	1,657	2,462	4,737
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 January	9	210	2,017	1,087	3,323
Charge for the financial year	1	10	1,141	313	1,465
Reversal due to lease					
modification	_	_	(1,869)	_	(1,869)
Exchange differences	_	_	6	_	6
At 31 December	10	220	1,295	1,400	2,925
Net book value					
At 31 December	108	280	362	1,062	1,812

The freehold land and building of the Group are pledged for borrowings of the Group as disclosed in Note (a)

## 11. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (CONT'D)

	Leasehold land RM'000	Leasehold building RM'000	Lease of buildings RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Total RM'000
Group					
2020					
Cost	440	500	4.000	0.554	0.450
At 1 January	118	500	4,980	2,554	8,152
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	_	_	_	(92)	(92)
Addition	_	_	434	_	434
Reversal due to lease					
modification	_	_	(280)	_	(280)
Exchange differences	_	_	1	_	1
At 31 December	118	500	5,135	2,462	8,215
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 January	7	200	1,028	830	2,065
Transfer to property, plant	•		.,020		_,000
and equipment	_	_	_	(70)	(70)
Charge for the financial year	2	10	1,127	327	1,466
Reversal due to lease			,		,
modification	-	-	(138)	_	(138)
At 31 December	9	210	2,017	1,087	3,323
Net book value					
At 31 December	109	290	3,118	1,375	4,892

The Group leases various office buildings that run between 2 years and 5 years, with an option to renew the lease after the expiry date. The leases for motor vehicles generally have lease terms between 5 to 6 years.

(a) The expenses charged to profit and loss is as below:

		Group
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	1,465	1,466
Interest expense on lease liabilities	177	232
Expenses relating to short-term leases	357	333

The leasehold land of the Group has a remaining lease period of more than 50 years. (b)

## 12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Trademark RM'000	Development costs RM'000	Goodwill RM'000	Total RM'000
Group				
2021				
Cost	0.0	4.400	0.004	7.000
At 1 January Addition	26	4,462	3,381	7,869
Addition		1,188		1,188
At 31 December	26	5,650	3,381	9,057
Accumulated amortisation				
At 1 January	-	948	-	948
Charge for the financial year	-	471	_	471
At 31 December	-	1,419	-	1,419
Carrying value	26	4,231	3,381	7,638
2020				
Cost				
At 1 January	26	3,744	3,381	7,151
Addition	_	718	_	718
At 31 December	26	4,462	3,381	7,869
Accumulated amortisation				
At 1 January	_	577	_	577
Charge for the financial year	-	371	_	371
At 31 December	-	948	-	948
Carrying value	26	3,514	3,381	6,921

Additions for the year include the following:

	G	roup
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Capitalised from profit or loss: Employee benefits expenses (Note 7)	1.188	718
Litiployee beliefits expenses (Note 1)	1,100	7 10

## 12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONT'D)

### Goodwill

The goodwill arose from the Group's acquisition of a subsidiary, QES (Hong Kong) Limited, and has been wholly allocated to this cash generating unit ("CGU").

## Impairment testing of goodwill

### Key assumptions used (a)

The recoverable amount of the CGU has been determined based on value-in-use ("VIU") method using discounted cash flows projections from financial budgets approved by the management covering a fiveyears period.

The following describes each key assumption on which the management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of goodwill.

### (i) Budgeted gross margin

The basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted gross margin is the average rate achieved in the year immediately before the budgeted year.

#### (ii) Pre-tax discount rate

The pre-tax discount rates of 14% (2020: 10.5%) per annum is applied to the cash flows in determining the recoverable amount of the CGU. The discount rate used is based on the weighted average cost of capital of the Group.

#### (iii) Growth assumptions

Cash flows were projected based on past experience, actual operating results and the 5-year business plan.

The anticipated sales are approximately RM3,737,000 (2020: RM2,292,000) for the first year of the business plan. The anticipated annual revenue growth for the subsequent 4 years from 2023 to 2026 (2020: 2022 to 2025) included in the cash flow projections was 20% (2020: 2%) which based on the approved business plan and reflect the expectation of revenue to be generated and assessment of current market condition with the terminal value assessed using perpetual model without a perpetual growth rate.

### Sensitivity to changes in assumptions (b)

Management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount of goodwill is based on would not cause the carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

### 12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONT'D)

#### **Development costs**

The development project consists of developing visual software solutions for automated equipment for the purpose of catering and meeting the demand from the market within the semiconductor industry.

#### Impairment testing of development costs

#### Key assumptions used (a)

The recoverable amount of the CGU has been determined based on value-in-use ("VIU") method using discounted cash flows projections from financial budgets approved by the management covering a fiveyears period.

The following describes each key assumption on which the management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of development costs.

#### (i) Budgeted gross margin

The basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted gross margin is the average rate achieved in the year immediately before the budgeted year.

#### (ii) Pre-tax discount rate

The pre-tax discount rates of 14% (2020: 10.5%) per annum is applied to the cash flows in determining the recoverable amount of the CGU. The discount rate used is based on the weighted average cost of capital of the Group.

#### (iii) Growth assumptions

Cash flows were projected based on past experience, actual operating results and the 5-year business plan.

The anticipated sales are approximately RM2,821,000 (2020: RM2,668,000) for the first year of the business plan. The anticipated average revenue growth for the subsequent 4 years from 2023 to 2026 (2020: 2022 to 2025) included in the cash flow projections was 54% (2020: 26%) which based on the approved business plan and reflect the expectation of revenue to be generated and assessment of current market condition with the terminal value assessed using perpetual model without a perpetual growth rate.

#### (b) Sensitivity to changes in assumptions

Management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount of goodwill is based on would not cause the carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

### 13. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Com	pany
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Unquoted shares, at cost		
At 1 January	46,358	46,358
Addition	5,000	_
At 31 December	51,358	46,358

### 13. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

The details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of companies	Country of Incorporation		entage y held 2020	Principal activities
Held by the Company				
QES (Asia-Pacific) Sdn. Bhd. ("QAP")	Malaysia	100%	100%	Investment holding, marketing and servicing of scientific instruments
QS Instruments Sdn. Bhd. ("QSI")	Malaysia	100%	100%	Marketing and servicing of scientific instruments
QES Intra Pacific Sdn. Bhd. ("QIP")	Malaysia	100%	100%	Trading and servicing of industrial parts and equipment
QES Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd. ("QMG)	Malaysia	100%	100%	Investment holding
Subsidiaries of QAP:				
QAM (Asia-Pacific) Sdn. Bhd. ("QAM")	Malaysia	82.5%	82.5%	Marketing and servicing of scientific instruments and industrial materials
P.T. QES Indonesia ("QID") #	Indonesia	55%	55%	Marketing and servicing of scientific instruments
QES (Hong Kong) Limited ("QHK") #	Hong Kong	100%	100%	Marketing and servicing of scientific instruments
QES (Vietnam) Co. Ltd. ("QVN") #	Vietnam	100%	100%	Marketing and servicing of scientific instruments
QES (Thailand) Co., Ltd. ("QBK") #	Thailand	100%	100%	Marketing and servicing of scientific instruments
QES (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. ("QSG") #	Singapore	70%	70%	Marketing and servicing of scientific instruments
QES Technology Philippines, Inc. ("QTP") #	Philippines	87.74%	87.74%	Wholesale, technical testing and analysis of machinery, equipment and supplies
Subsidiaries of QMG:				
QES Mechatronic Sdn. Bhd. ("QMC")	Malaysia	100%	100%	Manufacturing and trading of industrial equipment and systems
QES Vision Solutions Sdn. Bhd. ("QVS")	Malaysia	85%	70%	Providing vision software solution for automated equipment

The financial statements of these subsidiaries were audited by auditors other than the auditors of the Company.

The subsidiaries of the Group that have material non-controlling interests ("NCI") are as follows: <u>a</u>

INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

<del>1</del>3.

	QAM	QID	QTP	QVS	OSG	QBK*	Other adjustments	Total RM'000
<b>2021</b> NCI percentage of ownership interest and voting interest	17.50%	45.00%	12.26%	15.00%	30.00%	0.00%		
Carrying amount of NCI (RM'000)	344	1,240	175	(159)	539	32	I	2,171
Dividends paid to NCI	I	1	1	1	(94)	(48)	I	(142)
Charges in ownership interests in a subsidiary Other comprehensive income	1 1	ו ע	- (9)	277	- ~	1 1	1 1	277 6
Profit/(loss) allocated to NCI (RM'000)	10	336	16	(228)	475	I	I	609
2020 NCI percentage of ownership interest and voting interest	17.50%	45.00%	12.26%	30.00%	30.00%	0.00%		
Carrying amount of NCI (RM'000)	334	899	165	(208)	151	80	I	1,421
Other comprehensive income	I	(12)	15	1	Î	Î	I	က
Pront/loss) allocated to NCI (RM'000)	(39)	(57)	(86)	(57)	191	I	63	က

NCI of QBK is a local shareholder whom holds the preference shares of the subsidiary. According to QBK's articles of association, the holder of preference shares shall have a priority right to receive dividends before ordinary shareholders in any year, when dividends are declared by QBK at the rate not over 38% of the paid-up value of each share and shall have no further right to receive any other dividends or other profits left over after deducting the dividends amount entitled by the preference shareholder.

### 13. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

- Additional investment in subsidiaries
  - On 1 June 2021, the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of QMG had increased from RM7,500,000 to RM12,500,000 upon the Company's subscription of 5,000,000 new ordinary shares for a total cash consideration of RM5,000,000 at the issue price of RM1 per ordinary share.
  - On 8 October 2021, the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of QVS had increased from RM500,000 to RM1,000,000 upon QMG's subscription of all the 500,000 additional number of new ordinary shares in QVS for a total cash consideration of RM500,000 at the issue price of RM1 per ordinary share. This subscription had increased the controlling interest of QMG in QVS from 70% to 85%.
- The summarised financial information before intra-group elimination of the subsidiaries that have material NCI as at the end of each reporting year are as follows:

	QAM RM'000	QID RM'000	QTP RM'000	QVS RM'000	QSG RM'000
2021					
Assets and liabilities					
Non-current assets	219	630	549	1,870	80
Current assets	3,337	5,312	6,259	1,660	7,659
Non-current liabilities	(136)	(912)	(342)	_	(5)
Current liabilities	(1,456)	(2,276)	(5,042)	(4,591)	(5,935)
Net assets/(liabilities)	1,964	2,754	1,424	(1,061)	1,799
Results					
Revenue	4,788	9,390	10,572	557	31,039
Profit/(loss) for the year	58	747	128	(869)	1,584
Total comprehensive income	58	758	83	(869)	1,608
Cash flows from/(used in):	(5.1.5)			(()	
Operating activities	(312)	798	1,740	(1,050)	1,252
Investing activities	(45)	(4)	(157)	(649)	(325)
Financing activities	8	_	_	2,006	(512)
Foreign currency translation		07	(0.4)	(0)	(O=)
differences	_	37	(64)	(2)	(87)
	(349)	831	1,519	305	328
Dividends paid to NCI	_	-	-	-	(94)

## 13. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)

The summarised financial information before intra-group elimination of the subsidiaries that have material NCI as at the end of each reporting year are as follows: (cont'd)

	QAM RM'000	QID RM'000	QTP RM'000	QVS RM'000	QSG RM'000
2020					
Assets and liabilities					
Non-current assets	238	726	736	1,845	285
Current assets	2,496	3,095	3,221	470	7,078
Non-current liabilities	(165)	(789)	(251)	(14)	(58)
Current liabilities	(663)	(1,036)	(2,365)	(2,993)	(6,801)
Net assets/(liabilities)	1,906	1,996	1,341	(692)	504
Results Revenue Profit/(loss) for the year Total comprehensive income	3,590 (224) (224)	6,006 (128) (155)	4,896 (806) (680)	1,331 (189) (189)	23,754 636 636
Cash flows from/(used in):					
Operating activities	191	(37)	364	(15)	1,052
Investing activities	-	(178)	(161)	(561)	(8)
Financing activities	(26)	-	-	578	(203)
Foreign currency translation	(= -)				(===)
differences	-	(44)	14	-	6
	165	(259)	217	2	847

### 14. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

	Group 2021 RM'000
Unquoted equity shares, at cost At beginning of the financial year Addition	- 1,200
At end of the financial year	1,200
Add: Share of post acquisition result At beginning of the financial year Addition	- (170)
At end of the financial year	(170)
Carrying amount at the reporting date	1,030

#### 14. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (CONT'D)

The details of the associate are as follows:

	Country of		entage y held	
Name of companies	Incorporation	2021	2020	Principal activities
Associate of QMG: Applied Engineering Technology (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("AETM") *	Malaysia	30%	-	Electromechanical contract manufacturing services from prototype to high volume production for semiconductor, life science, defence, aerospace and emerging technology.

Not audited by Moore Stephens Associates PLT.

#### Incorporation of an associate (a)

On 3 May 2021, QMG entered into a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") with Electronic Interface Company, Inc. dba Applied Engineering, Inc ("AE") through a proposed joint venture company ("JVC") with an agreed capital contribution proportion of RM2,800,000 by AE and RM1,200,000 by QMG, representing 70% and 30% equity interest in the JVC respectively.

On 21 May 2021, QMG had incorporated an associate, namely AETM and subscribed for the total paidup share capital of RM100 comprising of 100 ordinary shares at price of RM1 per share, representing the entire share capital of AETM.

On 1 September 2021, QMG transferred 70 ordinary shares, representing 70% of the share capital of AETM to AE. Subsequently, QMG and AE subscribed for additional 1,199,970 and 2,799,930 new ordinary shares in AETM respectively at price of RM1 per share.

The summarised financial information of the associate, not adjusted for the proportion of the ownership (b) interest held by the Group is as follows:

	AETM 31.12.2021 RM'000
Assets and liabilities:	
Non-current assets	46
Current assets	4,571
Current liabilities	(1,182)
Net assets	3,435

**AETM** 21.05.2021 to 31.12.2021 RM'000

_	_
Res	ulte
nesi	uito.

Loss for the financial period	(566)
Total comprehensive income	(566)

### 15. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

	Gro	oup	Company	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
At 1 January	1,108	1,382	_	_
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 8)	(598)	(267)	(1)	_
Exchange difference	5	(7)	_	_
At 31 December	515	1,108	(1)	_

Presented after appropriate offsetting:

	Gre	oup	Company		
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	
Deferred tax assets	986	1,139	_	_	
Deferred tax liabilities	(471)	(31)	(1)	_	
	515	1,108	(1)	-	

The components and movements of deferred tax liabilities and assets during the financial year prior to offsetting are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Deferred tax assets				
Provisions*	1,006	1,221	_	_
Unabsorbed capital allowances	15	29	_	_
Unutilised tax losses	_	3	_	_
Contract liabilities	528	419	_	-
	1,549	1,672	_	_
Deferred tax liabilities				
Difference between carrying amounts of plant and				
equipment and their tax base	(1,026)	(559)	(1)	_
Net right-of-use assets	(8)	(5)	_	_
	(1,034)	(564)	(1)	_
	515	1,108	(1)	_

Provisions made up of allowance for inventories written down, loss allowance on trade receivables and remeasurement of defined benefit plan.

#### 15. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) (CONT'D)

The estimated amounts of temporary differences for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised in the statements of financial position are as follows (stated at gross):

	Group		Company	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Unabsorbed capital allowances	104	204	_	_
Unutilised tax losses	1,801	1,671	_	_
Other deductible timing differences	29	-	-	-
	1,934	1,875	-	_

The comparative figures have been restated to reflect the actual unutilised tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowance carried forwards available to the Group.

#### 16. INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2021	
	RM'000	RM'000
At cost:		
Raw material	4,723	1,957
Work-in-progress	3,055	3,861
Trading goods	11,623	11,525
Manufactured finished goods	1,337	1,509
	20,738	18,852
Recognised in profit or loss:	105 110	00.000
Inventories recognised as cost of sales	135,116	89,068

### During the financial year:

- The Group has written down inventories of NIL (2020: RM162,000) which was recognised an expense (a) under other expenses.
- The Group has written back inventories of RM653,000 (2020: NIL) which was recognised as other income (b) due to sales made during the financial year.
- The Group has written off inventories of RM757,000 (2020: RM16,000) which was recognised as an expense under other expenses due to stocks obsolescence.

#### 17. TRADE RECEIVABLES

		Gro	oup
	Note	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Trade receivables, gross		54,005	33,320
Less : Allowance for impairment	(i)	(1,415)	(655)
Trade receivables, net		52,590	32,665

#### Allowance for impairment (i)

	Group		
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	
At 1 January Addition Exchange difference	655 766 (6)	237 418 -	
At 31 December	1,415	655	

<sup>(</sup>ii) Included in trade receivables of the Group is retention sum amounting to NIL (2020: RM50,283). The Group's normal trade credit terms range from 30 - 120 days (2020: 30 - 120 days). Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case-by-case basis.

#### 18. OTHER RECEIVABLES

		Gre	oup	Com	pany
	Note	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Other receivables		1,134	947	_	_
Advances to suppliers		4,156	318	_	_
Deposits	(i)	1,615	3,739	1	_
Prepayments	(ii)	2,163	1,916	_	12
		9,068	6,920	1	12

- Included in deposits of the Group are: (i)
  - deposit in relation to the acquisition of factory amounted to NIL (2020: RM3,150,000). The acquisition (a) was completed during the year; and
  - deposit in relation to the acquisition of land amounted to RM958,320 (2020: NIL). (b)
- Included in prepayments of the Group are: (ii)
  - prepaid expenses in relation to the acquisition of factory amounted to NIL (2020: RM1,294,316). The (a) acquisition was completed during the year; and
  - prepayment in relation to the factory renovation amounted to RM1,600,000 (2020: NIL). (b)

#### 19. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

	Group		Company	
	2021 RM'000		2020 2021 RM'000 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Investments in unit twest funds in Molaysia	NIVI 000	NIVI 000	NIVI 000	NW 000
Investments in unit trust funds in Malaysia at fair value through profit or loss	40,101	34,233	24,381	28,950

Investments in unit trust funds represent investments in highly liquid money market instrument and deposits with a financial institution in Malaysia. The distribution income from these funds is tax exempted.

The Group and the Company classified these short-term funds as cash and cash equivalents, as the redemption period is 1 day (2020: 1 day) and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 20. FIXED DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Fixed deposits with financial institutions have effective interest rates which range from 0.25% to 2.85% (2020: 0.25% to 3.25%) per annum. The fixed deposits with carrying amount of RM19,174,000 (2020: RM18,633,000) are pledged to secure bank borrowings as disclosed in Note 25.

#### 21. SHORT-TERM DEPOSITS

Short-term deposits with licensed banks carry interest rates ranging from 1.20% to 1.60% (2020: NIL) per annum and had maturity period of 7 to 10 days (2020: NIL).

### 22. SHARE CAPITAL

		Group/Company			
	Number of o	rdinary shares	Am	ount	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	Unit'000	Unit'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Issued and fully paid:					
At 1 January	834,139	758,308	80,775	61,180	
Issuance of new shares	-	75,831	_	19,595	
At 31 December	834,139	834,139	80,775	80,775	

In prior year, Bursa Securities has approved the Company's private placement of up to 75,830,800 new ordinary shares on 6 October 2020. In pursuance thereof, the Company's issued share capital was increased from RM61,179,724 to RM80,774,547 by placement of 75,830,800 at an issue price of RM0.265 per share on 30 October 2020 and offset with share issuance expenses amounting RM500,339.

The new ordinary shares issued during the financial year rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares rank equally with regards to the Company's residual assets.

#### 23. RESERVES

#### (i) Legal reserve

In accordance with Thai Civil and Commercial Code ("Thai Code") and the Articles of Association of QES (Thailand) Co., Ltd. ("QBK"), 5% of QBK's profit for all time of dividend payment is required to be transferred to a legal reserve. QBK may resolve to discontinue such transfers when the reserve reaches 10% of its capital. The reserve is not normally available for distribution.

#### (ii) Translation reserve

The translation reserve is used to record foreign currency exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations whose functional currencies are different from that the of the Group's presentation currency. It is also used to record the exchange differences arising from monetary items, which form part of the Group's net investment in foreign operations, whereby the monetary item is denominated in either the functional currency of the reporting entity on foreign operation.

#### 24. MERGER DEFICIT

The merger deficit arose from the difference between the carrying value of the investments and the nominal value of the shares of subsidiaries upon consolidation under the merger accounting principles.

#### 25. BORROWINGS

		Group		
		2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	
Secured				
Current liabilities				
Bankers' acceptance		1,664	864	
Bank overdrafts		2,566	3,869	
Trust receipts		4,869	5,368	
Revolving loan		500	800	
Term loan	(a)	662	591	
		10,261	11,492	
Non current liabilities				
Term loan	(a)	16,660	17,259	
Total borrowings		26,921	28,751	

### 25. BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

#### (a) Term Loan

Group	
2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
662	591
684	664
2,189	2,126
13,787	14,469
16,660	17,259
17,322	17,850
	2021 RM'000 662 684 2,189 13,787 16,660

The interest rates for borrowings per annum were as follows:

		Group
	<b>2021</b> %	<b>2020</b> %
Bankers' acceptance Bank overdrafts Term loan	3.39 - 4.03 6.99 - 7.32 3.25	3.99 - 4.14 6.90 - 7.20 3.25
Trust receipts Revolving loan	1.53 - 2.46 8.00	1.52 - 7.32 8.00

The Group's bank borrowings are secured as follows:

- Fixed deposits placed with licensed financial institutions of the Group as disclosed in Note 20;
- Fresh facility agreement of a subsidiary;
- Corporate guarantee and indemnity by the Company to its subsidiaries; and
- Legal charge on freehold land and buildings of the Group as disclosed in Note 10.

#### 26. LEASE LIABILITIES

	Gr	oup
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Minimum lease payments:		
Repayable within one year	779	1,593
Repayable between one and five years	703	3,310
	1,482	4,903
Less: Future lease charges	(74)	(393)
Total present value of minimum lease payments	1,408	4,510
Repayable within one year	738	1,411
Repayable between one and five years	670	3,099
Present value of minimum lease payments	1,408	4,510

	G	iroup
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Representing:		
Current liability	738	1,411
Non-current liability	670	3,099
	1,408	4,510

The lease liabilities of the Group bear interest at rates ranging from 2.31% to 10.00% (2020: 2.31% to 9.00%) per annum.

### 27. PROVISION FOR POST- EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Note	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
	1,068	831
		296
	(78)	_
	(11)	(5)
(i)	46	(36)
	4	(18)
	1,301	1,068
		Note RM'000  1,068 272 (78) (11) (i) 46 4

### 27. PROVISION FOR POST- EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONT'D)

(i) Actuarial loss/(gain) on remeasurement of defined benefit plan

	Gro	oup
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Recognised in other comprehensive income:		
Actuarial loss/(gain) on remeasurement of defined benefit plan	46	(36)
Deferred tax impact on actuarial loss/(gain)	(11)	7
Reversal during the year		(36)
	35	(65)

The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

		Group
	2021	2020
Discount rate Annual salary rate increase	7.05% 6.00%	7.11% 6.00%

#### Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to two of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts show below:

	Defined bend Increase RM'000	efit obligation Decrease RM'000
2021 Discount rate (1% movement)	(87)	99
2020 Discount rate (1% movement)	(80)	92

#### TRADE PAYABLES

The Group's and the Company's normal trade credit terms are within 30-120 days (2020: 30-120 days). Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case-by-case basis.

#### 29. OTHER PAYABLES

	Gr	oup	Com	pany
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Other payables	2,012	1,378	_	101
Accruals	17,086	10,343	206	111
	19,098	11,721	206	212

#### 30. AMOUNTS DUE FROM/TO SUBSIDIARIES

These amounts are non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free advances except for an amount owing by a subsidiary of RM2,650,000 (2020: RM1,403,700) which is subject to interest being charged at a rate ranging from 1.78% to 2.41% (2020: 3.22% to 3.64%) per annum and all these amounts are repayable on demand.

The significant related party transactions are disclosed in Note 32.

#### 31. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

		Gr	oup	
	Note	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	
Contract liabilities	(a)	3,265	2,919	
Deposit received from customers	(b)	11,924	5,245	
		15,189	8,164	

(a) The contract liabilities represent the amount received and/or receivable from maintenance services for the customers, which was sold on an annual service contract basis. Revenue arising from the maintenance services will be recognised in profit and loss over the duration of the service contract, typically for a duration of one year.

Movement of contract liabilities is as follows:

	Gro	oup
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
At beginning of the financial year Collection during the financial year Service income recognised during the financial year (Note 4)	2,919 48,247 (47,901)	2,020 40,999 (40,100)
At end of the financial year	3,265	2,919

The deposit received from customers represents the down payments received from customers, where the (b) Group has billed or collected the payments before the goods are delivered or services are provided to the customers.

#### 32. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### (a) Identity of related parties

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group and the Company if the Group and the Company have the ability to directly control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decision, or vice versa, or where the Group and the Company and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

(b) The aggregate value of transactions of the Company were as follows:

		Transacti	on value
	Type of	2021	2020
Company	transactions	RM'000	RM'000
With subsidiaries			
QES (Asia-Pacific) Sdn. Bhd.	Management fee paid	(132)	_
	Repayment to	(1,570)	(2,134)
	Advances from	1,449	2,134
QS Instruments Sdn. Bhd.	Advances to	(787)	(122)
	Repayment from	787	122
QES Intra Pacific Sdn. Bhd.	Advances to	(130)	_
	Repayment from	130	-
QAM (Asia-Pacific) Sdn. Bhd.	Advances to	(17)	_
	Repayment from	17	-
QES Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd.	Advances to	(1,200)	_
QLO Manalastaning Gan. Bha.	Advances to	(1,200)	
QES Vision Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	Loan interest income	45	(40)
	Advances to	(1,564)	(637)
QES Mechatronic Sdn. Bhd.	Loan interest income	_	(33)
	Repayment from	488	412

Information regarding outstanding balances arising from related party transactions as at 31 December 2021 are disclosed in Note 30.

#### (c) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group and of the Company either directly or indirectly. The key management personnel include all the Executive Directors and key management personnel of the Group.

	Gre	oup	Com	pany
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Short-term employee benefits expense	4,836	4,780	228	192
Post employment benefits expense	820	763		
	5,656	5,543	228	192

#### 33. SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### (a) **Reporting format**

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services, and has four reportable operating segments as follows:-

Investment holding Investment in shares.

Distribution division:

Marketing and servicing of scientific instruments. Equipment

Materials & Engineering Solutions Trading and servicing of industrial parts and equipment

and scientific instruments.

Manufacturing division Manufacturing, trading and servicing of industrial parts

and equipment and providing vision software solution

for automated equipment.

#### Segment revenue and results

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in Note 3. Segment results represent profit or loss before finance costs and tax of the segment. Inter-segment transactions are entered in the ordinary course of business based on terms mutually agreed upon by the parties concerned.

#### Segment assets

Segment assets are measured based on all assets of the segment, excluding deferred tax assets and tax recoverable.

#### Segment liabilities

Segment liabilities are measured based on all liabilities of the segment, excluding deferred tax liabilities and tax payable.

#### (b) Allocation basis and transfers

Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets, liabilities and expenses.

Segment revenue, expenses and results include transfers between business segments. These transfers are eliminated on consolidation. Segment revenue, expenses and results include transfers between business segments. These transfers are eliminated on consolidation.

Except as indicated above, no other operating segments has been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss which, in certain respects as explained in the table below, is measured differently from operating profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Income taxes are managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

		Investment holding RM'000	Equipment RM'000	Materials & Engineering Solutions RM'000	Manufacturing RM'000	Adjustments & & Eliminations RM'000	Consolidated RM'000
<b>2021</b> External revenue Intra segment revenue	(a)	2,952	166,894 78,051 1,046	30,490 286 353	25,458	- (78,337) (4,351)	222,842
Total revenue		2,952	245,991	31,129	25,458	(82,688)	222,842
Results Depreciation and amortisation Other non-cash expenses/(income) Segment profit before tax	(p)	2,763	3,206 351 22,239	222 162 1,339	1,053 (153) 2,219	(31)	4,450 360 25,385
Assets Additions to non-current assets Investment in an associate Segment assets	(p) (a)	- - 84,361	26,913 - 169,064	333 - 21,463	2,003 1,030 44,225	- (600,09)	29,249 1,030 229,110
Segment liabilities	( <del>L</del> )	218	89,294	12,399	19,466	(29,116)	92,261

**SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)** 

		Investment holding RM'000	Equipment RM'000	Materials & Engineering Solutions RM'000	Manufacturing RM'000	Adjustments & & Eliminations RM'000	Consolidated RM'000
<b>2020</b> External revenue Intra segment revenue Inter segment revenue	(a)	1 1 1	109,109 52,739 682	21,044 206 356	25,071 180 -	- (53,125) (1,038)	155,224
Total revenue		I	162,530	21,606	25,251	(54,163)	155,224
Results Depreciation and amortisation Other non-cash expenses/(income) Segment profit/(loss) before tax	(Q) (D)	- - (178)	3,059 216 8,542	147 (64) (719)	773 (83) 4,054	(27) - 27	3,952 69 11,726
Assets Additions to non-current assets Segment assets	(p) (e)	-81,600	1,974 136,078	285 14,135	2,267 35,587	- (76,058)	4,526 191,342
Segment liabilities	(f)	213	69,944	6,196	17,184	(20,897)	72,640

**SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)** 

### 33. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

- (a) Inter-segment revenues are eliminated on consolidation.
- (b) Other non-cash expenses/(income)

	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
	NIVI UUU	HIVI OOO
Bad debts written off	_	87
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1,401)	(965)
Gain on lease modification	_	(2)
Gain on unrealised foreign exchange	446	(11)
Loss allowance on trade receivables	766	418
Inventories written back	(653)	_
Inventories written down	_	162
Inventories written off	757	16
Other investments written off	_	60
Property, plant and equipment written off	3	8
Provision for post-employment benefits	272	296
Share of result of an associate, net of tax	170	-
	360	69

The following items are added to/(deducted from) segment profit to arrive at profit before tax presented in (c) the consolidated statement of comprehensive income:

	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Segment profit	28,560	11,699
Profit from inter-segment sales	(3,390)	(757)
Dividend	(4,055)	_
Other income	(572)	(716)
Unallocated corporate expenses	4,842	1,500
Profit before tax	25,385	11,726

Additions to non-current assets consist of:

	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	28,061	3,374
Intangible assets	1,188	718
Right-of-use assets	-	434
	29,249	4,526

### 33. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)

#### (e) Reconciliation of assets:

	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Segment assets	319,113	267,400
Adjustment on consolidation of subsidiaries	(63,420)	(53,779)
Deferred tax assets	986	1,139
Tax recoverable	1,112	1,708
Unrealised profit on inventories	(701)	(221)
Inter-segment balances	(27,980)	(24,905)
Total assets	229,110	191,342

#### (f) Reconciliation of liabilities:

	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Segment liabilities	121,377	93,537
Adjustment on consolidation of subsidiaries	(2,907)	3,096
Tax payable	1,300	881
Deferred tax liabilities	471	31
Inter-segment balances	(27,980)	(24,905)
Total liabilities	92,261	72,640

### **Geographical Information**

Revenue information based on the geographical location of customers is as follows:

	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
	HW 000	HIVI UUU
Malaysia	92,044	59,480
Singapore	34,282	24,659
Vietnam	25,963	24,428
Thailand	19,925	14,610
Philippines	16,377	11,904
Indonesia	12,957	7,157
China	8,086	5,456
Morocco	5,345	1,197
Taiwan	2,668	1,803
Malta	2,218	2,320
Lao People's Democratic Republic	1,479	713
Others	1,240	868
Germany	258	629
	222,842	155,224

### Major customers' information

The Group has five customers which contributes approximately RM44.1 million or 19.8% (2020: five customers, RM30.7 million or 19.8%) of the Group's revenue during the financial year.

The following is the analysis of non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets analysed by the Group's geographical segment:

d Singapore Philippines Consolidated 0 RM'000 RM'000	0 31 397 34,033 - 49 - 1,812	7,638	80 397 4	2 43 374 10,384	
Thailand RM'000	029	1 1	670	912	1 1
Hong Kong RM'000	23	3,381	3,404	28	3,381
Vietnam RM'000	371 30	1 1	401	129	186
Indonesia RM'000	404	1 1	430	484	89 1
Malaysia RM'000	32,137 1,707	4,257	39,131	8,414	4,396 3,540
	2021 Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets	Intangible assets Investment in an associate		<b>2020</b> Property, plant and equipment	Right-of-use assets Intangible assets

**SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONT'D)** 

#### 34. DIVIDENDS

	Total amount RM'000	Date of payment
2021 Group Attributable to non-controlling interests: Dividend for the financial year ended 31 December 2021	142	20 December 2021

#### 35. CAPITAL COMMITMENT

	Group	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Commitment not provided for in the financial statements is as follows:		
Capital expenditure commitment Authorised and contracted for:		
Intangible assets	307	_
Property, plant and equipment	10,458	-
	10,765	_

#### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Categories of financial instruments

The Group's and the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are all categorised as amortised costs except for short-term investments are categorised as fair value through profit or loss.

#### Financial risks management objectives and policies

The Group's and the Company's activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks which include credit risk, liquidity risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk. The Group's and the Company's overall financial risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's and the Company's financial performance.

Risk management is integral to the whole business of the Group and of the Company. Management continually monitors the Group's and the Company's risk management process to ensure that an appropriate balance between risk and control is achieved. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in the market conditions and the Group's and the Company's activities.

There have been no changes to the Group's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

#### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from their receivables (which consist of trade receivables and other receivables). For other financial assets (including cash and bank balances, deposits placed with financial institutions and short-term investments), the Group and the Company minimise credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

The Group's and the Company's objective are to seek continual revenue growth while minimising losses incurred due to increased credit risk exposure. The Group and the Company trade only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's and the Company's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's and the Company's exposure to bad debts is not significant. For transactions that do not occur in the country of the relevant operating units, the Group and the Company do not offer credit terms without the approval of the executive Directors.

#### Trade receivables

#### Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As the Group does not hold any collateral, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of the financial assets as at the end of the reporting period.

#### Concentration of credit risk

The Group determines concentration of credit risk by monitoring the profiles of its receivables on an ongoing basis.

At the end of the reporting period, there are 6 customers with balances amounting to 34% (2020: 6 customers amounting to 37%) of the Group's gross trade receivables.

### Recognition and measurement of impairment loss

The Group and the Company apply the MFRS 9 simplified approach to measure Expected Credit Losses ("ECL") which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for trade receivables.

The Group and the Company assess impairment of trade receivables on individual and collective basis.

For individual assessment, it is due to different risk characteristics and the number of debtors is minimal and these debtors can be individually managed by the Group in an effective and efficient manner. The Group has reasonable and supportable information available to assess the impairment individually.

For collective assessment, the Group and the Company used an allowance matrix to measure ECL of collective assessed receivables as they are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, the days past due and similar types of contracts which have similar risk characteristics.

Loss rates under collective assessment are calculated using a 'roll rate' method based on the probability of a receivable progressing through successive stages of delinquency to 90 days past due. Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experienced over the past years. The Group and Company also consider differences between (a) economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, (b) current conditions and (c) the Group's and Company's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

Any receivables having significant balances past due more than 90 days, which are deemed to have higher credit risk, are monitored individually.

### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### Credit risk (cont'd)

#### Trade receivables (cont'd)

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss (cont'd)

	Gross RM RM'000	Loss Allowances RM RM'000	Net RM RM'000
Group 2021 Not past due	37,672	(32)	37,640
Past due: Less than 30 days 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days More than 90 days	5,020 1,752 1,504 6,765	(22) (7) (3) (59)	4,998 1,745 1,501 6,706
	15,041	(91)	14,950
Individually impaired	1,292	(1,292)	
Gross amount	54,005	(1,415)	52,590
2020 Not past due	19,423	(16)	19,407
Past due: Less than 30 days 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days More than 90 days	4,009 3,258 746 5,344	(17) (23) (9) (50)	3,992 3,235 737 5,294
	13,357	(99)	13,258
Individually impaired	540	(540)	
Gross amount	33,320	(655)	32,665

### Credit impaired

Trade receivables that are determined to be impaired at the reporting date relate to debtors that have defaulted on payments subsequent to 90 days past due. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.

#### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### Credit risk (cont'd)

#### Trade receivables (cont'd)

Receivables that are past due but not impaired

The Group has not provided impairment loss on these trade receivables as there has been no significant change in their credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. Trade receivables that are past due have not been impaired as payments have been substantially received from these debtors subsequent to year end.

#### Receivables that are not past due nor impaired

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records and mostly are regular customers that have been transacting with the Group.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The cash and cash equivalents are held with banks and financial institutions. As at the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the statements of financial position. These banks and financial institutions have low credit risks. Hence, a loss allowance is not necessary.

#### Other receivables and deposits

Expected credit loss of other receivable is determined individually after considering the financial strength of the other receivable. As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risks is represented by their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position. The Group believes that generally no loss allowance is necessary in respect of other receivables and deposits that are neither past due nor impaired as these receivables and deposits are mainly arising from debtors that have good records of payment in the past.

#### Financial guarantees

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Company provides unsecured financial guarantees to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. The Company monitors the ability of the subsidiaries to service their loans on an individual basis.

#### Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

The maximum exposure to credit risk amounting to RM31,717,000 (2020: RM32,142,000) representing the outstanding banking facilities of the subsidiaries as at the end of the reporting period comprised of borrowings amounted to RM26,921,000 (2020: RM28,751,000), letter of credit and bank guarantee amounted to RM4,513,000 (2020: RM3,288,000) and RM283,000 (2020: RM103,000) respectively.

The financial guarantees are provided as credit enhancements to the subsidiaries' secured loans.

#### Recognition and measurement of impairment loss

The Company assumes that there is a significant increase in credit risk when subsidiaries' financial position deteriorates significantly. The Company considers a financial guarantee to be credit impaired when:

- The subsidiary is unlikely to repay its credit obligation to the bank in full; or
- The subsidiary is continuously loss making and is have a deficit shareholders' fund.

#### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### Credit risk (cont'd)

#### Financial guarantees (cont'd)

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss (cont'd)

The Company determines the probability of default of the guaranteed loans individually using internal information available.

These guarantees are subject to the impairment requirement under MFRS 9. The Company assessed that its subsidiaries' borrowings are secured by assets and its subsidiaries have strong financial capacity to meet the contractual cash flows obligations in the near future. Hence, the Company does not expect significant credit losses arising from these guarantees.

#### Inter-company loans and advances

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Company provides unsecured loans and advances to subsidiaries. The Company monitors the ability of the subsidiaries to repay the loans and advances on an individual basis.

#### Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position. Loans and advances provided are not secured by any collateral or supported by any other credit enhancements.

### Recognition and measurement of impairment loss

Intercompany loans between entities within the Group are repayable on demand. For loans that are repayable on demand, expected credit losses are assessed based on the assumption that repayment of the loan is demanded at the reporting date.

Generally, the Company considers loans and advances to subsidiaries have low credit risk. The Company assumes that there is a significant increase in credit risk when a subsidiary's financial position deteriorates significantly. As the Company is able to determine the timing of payments of the subsidiaries' loans and advances when they are payable, the Company considers the loans and advances to be in default when the subsidiaries are not able to pay when demanded.

The Company determines the probability of default for these loans and advances individually using internal information available.

As at the year end, there was no impairment loss required in respect of amounts due from subsidiaries.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company will not be able to meet their financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's and the Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises principally from its various payables, lease liabilities and borrowings.

The Group and the Company practice prudent risk management by maintaining sufficient cash balances and the availability of funding through certain committed credit facilities.

### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### Liquidity risk (cont'd)

The following table sets out the maturity profile of the financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on the rates at the end of the reporting period):

	Carrying amount RM'000	Contractual cash flows RM'000	Within 1 year RM'000	1 - 5 years RM'000	More than 5 years RM'000
Group					
2021	06 570	06 570	26,573		
Trade payables Other payables	26,573 19,098	26,573 19,098	19,098	_	_
Borrowings:	19,096	19,090	19,090	_	_
- Bank overdrafts	2,566	2,749	2,749	_	_
- Bankers' acceptances	1,664	1,664	1,664	_	_
- Trust receipts	4,869	4,892	4,892	_	_
- Revolving loan	500	500	500	_	_
- Term loan	17,322	23,297	1,215	4,860	17,222
Lease liabilities	1,408	1,482	779	703	_
	74,000	80,255	57,470	5,563	17,222
2020					
Trade payables	17,514	17,514	17,514	_	_
Other payables	11,721	11,721	11,721	_	_
Borrowings:	, ,	, ,	,		
- Bank overdrafts	3,869	4,143	4,143	_	_
- Bankers' acceptances	864	864	864	_	_
- Trust receipts	5,368	5,391	5,391	_	_
- Revolving loan	800	800	800	_	_
- Term loan	17,850	24,295	1,114	4,860	18,321
Lease liabilities	4,510	4,903	1,593	3,310	_
	62,496	69,631	43,140	8,170	18,321
Company 2021					
Other payables	206	206	206	_	_
Amount due to a subsidiary	11	11	11	_	_
Financial guarantees *	31,717	37,898	15,816	4,860	17,222
	31,934	38,115	16,033	4,860	17,222
2020					_
Other payables	212	212	212	_	_
Financial guarantees *	32,142	38,884	12,312	4,860	18,321
	32,354	39,096	12,524	4,860	18,321

This liquidity risk exposure is included for illustration purpose only as the related financial guarantees have not crystalised.

#### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### Foreign exchange risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Group has transactional currency exposures that are denominated in a currency other than respective functional currencies of Group entities, primarily Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), United States Dollar ("USD"), Thai Baht ("THB"), Vietnam Dong ("VND"), Philippine Peso ("Peso"), Indonesia Rupiah ("IDR") and Singapore Dollar ("SGD"). The foreign currencies in which these transactions are denominated are mainly USD, Euro Dollar ("EUR"), Japanese Yen ("JPY") and Great Britain Pound ("GBP").

The Group does not have any formal hedging policy for its foreign exchange exposure and did not actively engage in activities to hedge its foreign currency exposures during the financial year. The Group seeks to manage the foreign currency risk by constructing natural hedges where it matches revenue and expenses in any single currency.

The Group is also exposed to currency translation risk arising from its net investments in foreign operations. The Group's net investment in Philippine, Thailand, Singapore, Vietnam, Hong Kong and Indonesia are not hedged as currency position in Peso, THB, SGD, VND, USD and IDR are considered to be long-term in nature.

The Group's exposure to foreign currency (a currency which is other than functional currency of the Group entities) risk, based on carrying amounts as at end of the reporting period was:

	USD RM'000	EUR RM'000	JPY RM'000	GBP RM'000	Total RM'000
Group 2021 Financial assets					
Trade receivables	23,371	934	3,611	297	28,213
Cash and bank balances	6,594	1,371	1,462	1,396	10,823
	29,965	2,305	5,073	1,693	39,036
Financial liabilities					
Trade payables	(10,379)	(1,008)	(7,360)	(2,425)	(21,172)
Other payables	(142)	(3)	_		(145)
	(10,521)	(1,011)	(7,360)	(2,425)	(21,317)
Net exposure	19,444	1,294	(2,287)	(732)	17,719

### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### Foreign exchange risk (cont'd)

	USD RM'000	EUR RM'000	JPY RM'000	GBP RM'000	Total RM'000
Group 2020 Financial assets					
Trade receivables	13,099	1,473	40	_	14,612
Other receivables	3	_	_	_	3
Cash and bank balances	11,959	152	1,346	251	13,708
	25,061	1,625	1,386	251	28,323
Financial liabilities					
Trade payables	(10,465)	(1,352)	(1,825)	(776)	(14,418)
Other payables	(147)	_	_	_	(147)
	(10,612)	(1,352)	(1,825)	(776)	(14,565)
Net exposure	14,449	273	(439)	(525)	13,758

#### Foreign currency risk sensitivity analysis

The sensitivities of the Group's profit after tax and equity to the possible change in the following foreign currencies against the respective functional currencies of the Group entities are shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remained constant and ignores any impact of forecasted sales and purchases.

A 10% strengthening of the foreign currencies of the Group entities against the functional currency at the end of the reporting period would have increased/(decreased) profit after tax and equity by the amounts shown below:

	2021		2020	
	Profit after tax RM'000	Equity RM'000	Profit after tax RM'000	Equity RM'000
Group Foreign currencies/Functional currency				
USD/RM	1,478	1,478	1,098	1,098
EUR/RM	98	98	21	21
JPY/RM	(174)	(174)	(33)	(33)
GBP/RM	(56)	(56)	(40)	(40)

A 10% weakening of the foreign currencies of the Group entities against the functional currency at the end of the reporting period would have equal but opposite effect on profit after tax and equity.

### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises mainly from interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities. The Group's policies are to obtain the most favourable interest rates available. Any surplus funds of the Group and of the Company will be placed with licensed financial institutions to generate interest income.

In respect of interest-earning financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities, the effective interest rates at the reporting date and the maturity periods are disclosed in Notes 20, 21, 25 and 26 respectively.

#### Exposure in interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Group's and the Company significant interest-bearing financial instruments, based on carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period was:

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Floating rate instruments Financial assets				
Short-term investments	40,101	34,233	24,381	28,950
Short-term deposits	16,350	_	_	_
	56,451	34,233	24,381	28,950
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings				
- Bank overdrafts	(2,566)	(3,869)	_	_
- Bankers' acceptances	(1,664)	(864)	_	_
- Trust receipts	(4,869)	(5,368)	_	_
- Revolving loan	(500)	(800)	_	_
- Term loan	(17,322)	(17,850)	_	-
	(26,921)	(28,751)	-	_
Net exposure	29,530	5,482	24,381	28,950

### Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, and the Group does not designate derivatives as hedging instruments under a fair value hedge accounting model. Therefore, a change in interest rates as the reporting period would not affect profit or loss.

#### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### Interest rate risk (cont'd)

Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis (cont'd)

Cash flow analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 10 basis points ("bp") in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would have increased/ (decrease) equity and profit after tax by amount shown below.

The following table details the sensitivity analysis to a reasonably possible change in the interest rates as at the end of the reporting period, with all other variables held constant:

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	Increase/	Increase/	Increase/	Increase/
	(Decrease) RM'000	(Decrease) RM'000	(Decrease) RM'000	(Decrease) RM'000
Effect on profit after tax				
Increase of 10 basis points	22	4	19	22
Decrease of 10 basis points	(22)	(4)	(19)	(22)
Effect on equity				
Increase of 10 basis points	22	4	19	22
Decrease of 10 basis points	(22)	(4)	(19)	(22)

#### 37. FAIR VALUES

Financial instrument other than those carried at fair value

Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The carrying amounts of short-term receivables and payable, cash and cash equivalents and short-term borrowings approximate their fair values due to the relatively short-term nature of these financial instruments and insignificant impact of discounting.

The fair values of fixed and floating rate borrowings are determined by discounting the relevant cashflows using current interest rates for similar instruments as at the end of the reporting year. At the reporting date, the carrying value as compared to fair value of the borrowings are not materially different.

Table below analyses assets carried at fair value and disclosed together with the carrying amounts shown in the statements of financial position.

### 37. FAIR VALUES (CONT'D)

	2021		2020	
	Carrying amount RM'000	Fair value Level 2 RM'000	Carrying amount RM'000	Fair value Level 2 RM'000
Group Financial asset Short term investments	40,101	40,101	34,233	34,233
Company Financial asset Short term investments	24,381	24,381	28,950	28,950

#### Level 2:

The fair values of other investments are valued using the net asset value of the investment funds.

There was no material transfer between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the financial year.

#### 38. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages their capital to ensure the Group will maintain an optimal capital structure so as to support the businesses and maximise shareholder value. To achieve this objective, the Group may make adjustments to the capital structure in view of changes in economic conditions, such as adjusting the amount of dividend payment, returning of capital to shareholders or issuing new shares.

The Group monitors capital using debt-to-equity ratio which is the total debt divided by total capital. Total debts includes borrowings and lease liabilities whilst total capital is defined as equity attributable to Owners of the

The debt-to-equity ratios at end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Group		
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	
Borrowings	26,921	28,751	
Lease liabilities  Total debts	1,408 ————————————————————————————————————	4,510 33,261	
Total equity attributable to the Owners of the Company	135,708	117,281	
Gearing ratio (times)	0.21	0.28	

### 38. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

Under the terms of the major borrowing facilities, the Group is required to comply with the following financial covenant:

(i) Gearing ratio to be capped at 1.50 times.

> The Group is in compliance with all externally imposed capital requirements as mentioned above. As at 31 December 2021, the gearing ratio of QAP (the subsidiary that is subject to the loan covenant) was 0.57 times (2020: 0.83 times).

#### SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

(i) Joint venture agreement between QMG and Electronic Interface Company, Inc.

On 3 May 2021, QMG entered into a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") with Electronic Interface Company, Inc. Dba Applied Engineering, Inc ("AE") through a proposed JVC with an agreed capital contribution proportion of RM2,800,000 by AE and RM1,200,000 by QMG representing 70% and 30% equity interest of the JVC respectively.

On 21 May 2021, QMG had incorporated an associate, namely AETM and subscribed for the total paidup share capital of RM100 comprising of 100 ordinary shares at price of RM1 per share, representing the entire share capital of AETM.

On 1 September 2021, QMG transferred 70 ordinary shares representing 70% of the share capital of AETM to AE. Subsequently, QMG and AE subscribed 1,199,970 and 2,799,930 additional number of new ordinary shares in AETM respectively at price of RM1 per share.

#### (ii) Coronavirus ("Covid-19")

The emergence and spread of the Covid-19 in early 2020 has affected businesses and economic activities in Malaysia and beyond. The Group and the Company have not been adversely affected as at the date of this report. No adjustment is required to the financial position and operating results for the current financial year. The Group and the Company shall continue to monitor the developments of the Covid-19 situation closely, assess and react actively to its impacts on the financial position and operating results of the Group and the Company for the financial year ending 31 December 2022. This includes continuous special attention to be given towards ensuring all standard operating procedures set by the government are complied with to minimise the risk of Covid-19 occurrences and addressing the acute labour shortages, which may impact the operations of the Group and the Company negatively. The Group continues to monitor the impact of Covid-19 pandemic and its impact on the Group, the Company and its shareholders.

**Built Up Area** 

**Audited Net Book Value** 

# LIST OF PROPERTIES

Particulars of the property	
Description / Address	3-storey intermediate unit shop office building situated on a piece of leasehold land held under HSD 14891, PT 2935, Mukim 11, District of Seberang Perai Tengah, Pulau Pinang, with a postal address of No 19, Tingkat Bukit Jambul, Bukit Jambul Indah, 11950 Penang
Owner	QES (Asia-Pacific) Sdn. Bhd.
Age of building (years)	23
Tenure / Expiry	Leasehold for 99 years Expiring on 10 April 2095
Existing Use	Utilised by QES (Asia-Pacific) Sdn. Bhd.'s Penang branch as office premises
Land Area	1,410.07 sq. ft.
Built Up Area	3,422.92 sq. ft.
Audited Net Book Value	RM387,675.00
Description / Address	Five (5) Storey detached factory erected on land held under Individual Title H.S.(D) 225962, PT No. 114, Bandar Glenmarie, Daerah Petaling, Negeri Selangor bearing the address of No. 2, Jalan Jururancang U1/21, HICOM Glenmarie Industrial Park, Seksyen U1, 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor
Owner	QES (Asia-Pacific) Sdn. Bhd.
Age of building (years)	26
Tenure / Expiry	Freehold
Existing Use	To be utilised by QES (Asia-Pacific) Sdn. Bhd. as its new headquarters
Land Area	62,786 sq. ft.

86,806 sq. ft.

RM22,971,156.00

# ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

As at 31 March 2022

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Total Number of Issued shares 834,138,800 ordinary shares

Class of shares Ordinary shares

Voting rights One vote per ordinary share

### **ANALYSIS BY SIZE OF SHAREHOLDINGS**

Size of shareholdings	No. of shareholders	%	No. of shares held	%
Less than 100 shares	9	0.08	119	0.00
100 – 1,000 shares	1,356	11.48	854,181	0.10
1,001 – 10,000 shares	5,830	49.37	33,213,900	3.98
10,001 - 100,000 shares	4,020	34.04	135,464,700	16.24
100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares	592	5.01	258,617,095	31.00
5% and above of issued shares	2	0.02	405,988,805	48.67
Total	11,809	100.00	834,138,800	100.00

#### **LIST OF THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS**

	Name	No. of shares held	%
1.	CIMSEC NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD CIMB FOR WA CAPITAL SDN BHD (PB)	218,000,000	26.13
2.	LIEW SOO KEANG	187,988,805	22.54
3.	MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD MAYBANK PRIVATE WEALTH MANAGEMENT FOR CHEW NE WENG (12021750) (440078)	23,000,000	2.76
4.	CIMSEC NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD CIMB FOR CHEW NE WENG (PB)	10,270,895	1.23
5.	DB (MALAYSIA) NOMINEE (TEMPATAN) SENDIRIAN BERHAD DEUTSCHE TRUSTEES MALAYSIA BERHAD FOR HONG LEONG ASIA- PACIFIC DIVIDEND FUND	9,700,000	1.16
6.	AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD PUBLIC STRATEGIC SMALLCAP FUND	5,400,000	0.65
7.	TAN SEOW HOE	4,800,000	0.58
8.	TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR PHANG MIOW SIN	4,207,700	0.50
9.	CHONG TOH WEE	4,000,000	0.48
10.	UNIVERSAL TRUSTEE (MALAYSIA) BERHAD TA ISLAMIC FUND	3,256,700	0.39

# Analysis of Shareholdings (Cont'd)

### LIST OF THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS (CONT'D)

	Name	No. of shares held	%
11.	KEOH BENG HUAT	3,239,700	0.39
12.	PAN LEE CHIN	3,060,000	0.37
13.	TAN POH CHYE @ TAN POH SAI	2,888,000	0.35
14.	LIEW SOO KEANG	2,762,300	0.33
15.	MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR OOI KENG THYE	2,500,000	0.30
16.	LAI LENG LEAN	2,253,000	0.27
17.	CHOW KWOK ZHI	1,970,000	0.24
18.	CIMB GROUP NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD CIMB COMMERCE TRUSTEE BERHAD FOR TA DANA OPTIMIX	1,945,000	0.23
19.	APRECINIA MATIAS PABLO	1,700,000	0.20
20.	ALLIANCEGROUP NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR LIM HUNG THIAM (7000997)	1,696,000	0.20
21.	MALACCA EQUITY NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD EXEMPT AN FOR PHILLIP CAPITAL MANAGEMENT SDN BHD (EPF)	1,672,200	0.20
22.	MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR CHENG CHEW GIAP	1,500,000	0.18
23.	AMSEC NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR YONG CHEN VOON	1,445,900	0.17
24.	ALLIANCEGROUP NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR CHIANG SOAK HOONG (7001002)	1,428,000	0.17
25.	UNIVERSAL TRUSTEE (MALAYSIA) BERHAD TA DANA FOKUS	1,400,000	0.17
26.	PUBLIC NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR TEH SEH BEE (E-KPG)	1,362,100	0.16
27.	KUAN WEI LING	1,360,000	0.16
28.	I.S.E.T ENGINEERING SDN BHD	1,350,000	0.16
29.	RHB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR JOSEPH LAM WAI	1,350,000	0.16
30.	ALLIANCEGROUP NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR TEO SIEW HONG (8120067)	1,275,000	0.15
	Total	508,781,300	60.99

## Analysis of Shareholdings (Cont'd)

#### **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS**

(AS SHOWN IN THE REGISTER OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS)

	No. of ordinary shares			
Name of substantial shareholders	Direct	%	Indirect	%
1) Chew Ne Weng	33,270,895	3.99	218,000,000(1)	26.13
2) Liew Soo Keang	190,751,105	22.87	-	-
3) WA Capital Sdn Bhd	218,000,000	26.13	_	-
4) Zhou Fu (L) Foundation	_	-	218,000,000(2)	26.13

### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS

	No. of ordinary shares			
Directors' name	Direct	%	Indirect	%
1) Chew Ne Weng	33,270,895	3.99	218,000,000(1)	26.13
2) Liew Soo Keang	190,751,105	22.87	-	-
3) Adnan bin Zainol	40,000	0.00	-	_
4) Chia Gek Liang	40,000	0.00	-	-
5) Hoh Chee Mun	90,000	0.01	-	-
6) Maznida binti Mokhtar	_	-	_	-

#### Notes:

- (1) Deemed interested pursuant to Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2016.
- Deemed interested by virtue of Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2016 held through WA Capital Sdn. Bhd.

## **NOTICE OF 8TH** ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the 8th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of QES Group Berhad ("QES" or "the Company") will be held on a virtual basis through live streaming and online remote voting using Remote Participation and Voting ("RPV") facilities via Vote2U provided by Agmo Digital Solutions Sdn Bhd in Malaysia at https://web.vote2u.my (Domain Registration No. with MYNIC - D6A471702) from the Broadcast Venue, QES Group Berhad, No. 2, Jalan Jururancang U1/21, HICOM Glenmarie Industrial Park, Seksyen U1, 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor, Malaysia, on Wednesday, 15 June 2022 at 10.00 a.m. for the transaction of the following businesses:

#### **AGENDA**

#### **AS ORDINARY BUSINESS**

To receive the Audited Financial Statements of the Company and the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 together with the Reports of the Directors and the Auditors thereon.

Refer Notes No. 1(a)

To approve the payment of Directors' fees to the Non-Executive Directors up to an amount of RM300,000/- for the period from 16 June 2022 to the next AGM or at any adjournment thereof.

(Ordinary Resolution 1)

- To re-elect the following Directors who retire by rotation pursuant to Clause 115 of the Company's Constitution, and who being eligible, offered themselves for re-election:
  - (i) Mr. Hoh Chee Mun
  - Puan Maznida Binti Mokhtar (ii)

(Ordinary Resolution 2) (Ordinary Resolution 3)

To re-appoint Messrs. Moore Stephens Associates PLT as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration

(Ordinary Resolution 4)

#### **AS SPECIAL BUSINESS**

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Ordinary Resolution:-

**AUTHORITY TO ALLOT AND ISSUE SHARES PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 75** AND 76 OF THE COMPANIES ACT. 2016

(Ordinary Resolution 5)

THAT subject to the Companies Act 2016 ("the Act"), the Constitution of the Company, the Ace Market Listing Requirements ("Listing Requirements") of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"), Additional Temporary Relief Measures to Listed Corporations for Covid-19, issued by Bursa Securities on 16 April 2020, its subsequent letter dated 23 December 2021 on extension of implementation of the 20% General Mandate and subject to the approvals of the relevant governmental/regulatory authorities, the Directors be and are hereby authorised and empowered pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Act, to issue and allot shares in the Company, at any time to such persons and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed twenty per centum (20%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) at any point in time ("20% General Mandate"); AND THAT the Directors be and are hereby also empowered to obtain approval from the Bursa Securities for the listing and guotation of the additional shares so issued pursuant to the 20% General Mandate on Bursa Securities which would be utilised before 31 December 2022 and thereafter, the 10% general mandate will be reinstated;

## Notice of 8th Annual General Meeting (Cont'd)

AND THAT such authority shall continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company.

AND THAT authority be and is hereby given to the Directors to do all acts including executing all relevant documents as he/they may consider expedient or necessary to complete and give full effect to the abovesaid mandate."

6. To transact any other business for which due notice shall have been given.

#### BY ORDER OF THE BOARD,

#### ANDREA HUONG JIA MEI (MIA 36347/ SSM PC NO. 202008003125)

Company Secretary Kuala Lumpur 29 April 2022

#### **Explanatory Notes on Ordinary Resolutions:**

#### Audited Financial Statements for financial year ended 31 December 2021

The Audited Financial Statements are for discussion only under Agenda item No. 1, as it does not require shareholders' approval under the provisions of Section 340(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2016. Hence, this Agenda is not being put forward for voting by the shareholders of the Company.

#### **Ordinary Resolution 1** (b)

Section 230(1) of the Companies Act, 2016 provides amongst others, that "the fees" of the Directors and "any benefits" payable to the Directors of a listed company and its subsidiaries shall be approved at a general meeting. In this respect, the Board agreed that the shareholders' approval shall be sought at the 8th AGM on the Directors remuneration.

#### **Ordinary Resolutions 2 and 3**

Clause 115 of the Company's Constitution provides that 1/3 of the Directors of the Company for the time being shall retire by rotation at an AGM of the Company. With the current Board size, 2 Directors are to retire pursuant to Clause 115 of the Company's Constitution.

## Notice of 8th Annual General Meeting (Cont'd)

#### **Explanatory Notes to Special Business**

#### (d) Ordinary Resolution 5 - Authority to allot and issue shares

The proposed Ordinary Resolution 5, if passed, is a general mandate to empower the Directors to issue and allot shares up to an amount not exceeding 20% of the total number of issued share of the Company for the time being for such purposes as the Directors consider would be in the best interest of the Company. Bursa Securities has via their letter dated 23 December 2021 granted an extension to the temporary relief measures to listed corporations, amongst others, an increase in general mandate limit for new issues of securities to not more than 20% of the total number of issued shares of the Company for the time being ("20% General Mandate"). Pursuant to the 20% General Mandate, Bursa Securities has also mandated that the 20% General Mandate may be utilised by a listed corporation to issue new securities until 31 December 2022 and thereafter, the 10% general mandate will be reinstated. Having considered the current economic climate arising from the global COVID-19 pandemic and future financial needs of the Group, the Board would like to procure approval for the 20% General Mandate, pursuant to Section 76(4) of the Companies Act 2016 from its shareholders at the forthcoming 8th AGM of the Company. The 20% General Mandate will provide flexibility to the Company for any possible fund-raising activities, including but not limited to further placing of shares, for the purpose of funding future investment project(s) workings capital and/or acquisitions. The 20% General Mandate, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, will expire at the end of the 31 December 2022. The Board of Directors of the Company, after due consideration, is of the opinion that in the face of unprecedented challenges to the Company brought by Covid-19 pandemic, this 20% General Mandate will enable the Company further flexibility to raise funds expeditiously other than incurring additional interest costs as compared to bank borrowings, thereby allowing the Company to preserve its cash flow and achieve a more optimal capital structure. Any funds raised from this 20% General Mandate is expected be used as working capital to finance day-to-day operational expenses, on-going projects or future projects/investments to ensure the long-term sustainability of the Company. The Board, having considered the current and prospective financial position, needs and capacity of the Company, is of the opinion that the 20% General Mandate is in the best interest of the Company and its subsidiaries. As at the date of this Notice, no new shares in the Company were issued pursuant to the general mandate granted to the Directors at the last AGM held on 23 June 2021 and which will lapse at the conclusion of the 8th AGM.

#### MODE OF MEETING

In light of the COVID-19 outbreak and as part of our safety measures, the 8th AGM of the Company will be conducted on a virtual basis via live streaming and online voting from the Broadcast Venue. This is in line with the Guidance and FAQs on the Conduct of General Meetings for Listed Issuers issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia on 7 April 2022.

The Broadcast Venue is strictly to comply with Section 327(2) of the Companies Act 2016 which requires the Chairman of the Meeting to be present at the main venue of the Meeting. No shareholders/proxies should be physically present at the Broadcast Venue on the day of the 8th AGM.

Kindly ensure that you are connected to the internet at all times to participate and vote when our virtual 8th AGM has commenced. Therefore, it is your responsibility to ensure that connectivity for the duration of the meeting is maintained. Kindly note that the quality of the live webcast is dependent on the bandwidth and stability of the internet connection of the participants.

You may email your questions to investor.relations@qesnet.com, in relation to the matters of discussion of the AGM, in advance to the Company.

Members are to attend, speak (including posing questions to the Board via real time submission of typed texts) and vote (collectively, "participate") remotely at the 8th AGM of the Company via the Remote Participation and Voting facilities ("RPV") provided by Agmo Digital Solutions Sdn. Bhd. ("Agmo") through its Vote2U Online website at https://web.vote2u.my. Please follow the Procedures for RPV in the Administrative Details for the 8th AGM.

## Notice of 8th Annual General Meeting (Cont'd)

#### **POLL VOTING**

The voting will be conducted by a poll in accordance with Rule 8.31A of ACE Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The Company has appointed Agmo Digital Solutions Sdn Bhd as Poll Administrator to conduct the poll by way of electronic voting and Aegis Communication Sdn Bhd as Scrutineers to verify the poll results.

#### RECORD OF DEPOSITORS FOR THE AGM

The date of Record of Depositors for the 8th AGM is 8 June 2022. As such, only members whose names appear in the Record of Depositors as at 8 June 2022 shall be eligible to participate, speak and vote at the 8th AGM.

#### NO RECORDING OR PHOTOGRAPHY

Strictly no recording or photography of the proceedings of the AGM is allowed.

## STATEMENT ACCOMPANYING NOTICE OF EIGHTH (8th) ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

(Pursuant to Rule 8.29(2) of ACE Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad)

- 1. Pursuant to Clause 115 of the Company's Constitution the following Directors are standing for re-election at the 8th AGM of the Company:-
  - Mr. Hoh Chee Mun (a)
  - (b) Puan Maznida Binti Mokhtar
- No individual is standing for election as a Director at the forthcoming 8th AGM of the Company other than the Directors seeking for re-election and retention as a Director at the 8th AGM.
- The profiles of the Directors who are standing for re-election at the 8th AGM are set out in the Company's Annual Report 2021.
- 4. The Company will seek shareholder's approval on the general meeting to allot and issue shares. Please refer to the proposed Ordinary Resolution 5 as stated in the Notice of the 8th AGM of the Company for further details.

## ADMINISTRATIVE GUIDE FOR SHAREHOLDERS

#### **QES GROUP BERHAD - 8TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

D6A471702

**Date** Wednesday, 15 June 2022

using the Remote Participation and Voting Facilities ("RPV").

Time 10.00 a.m.

**Meeting Venue** https://web.vote2u.my

**Domain Registration** 

**Numbers with MYNIC** 

In light of the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak, governmental decrees, and the encouragement of the Securities Commission Malaysia, as well as in the best interest of public health and the health and safety of our Board of Directors, employees and shareholders, the 8th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") will be held virtually and online remote voting

We strongly encourage our shareholders whose names appear on the Record of Depositors as at 8th June 2022 and holders of proxy for those shareholders to participate in the virtual AGM and vote remotely at this AGM. In line with the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance Practice 13.3, this virtual AGM will facilitate greater shareholder's participation (including posting questions to the Board of Directors and/or Management of the Company) and vote at the AGM without being physically present at the venue. For shareholders who are unable to participate in this virtual AGM, you may appoint a proxy(ies) or the Chairman of the Meeting as your proxy to attend and vote on your behalf at the AGM.

Kindly note that the quality of the live streaming is highly dependent on the bandwidth and stability of the internet connection of the participants (shareholders and proxies). Hence, you are to ensure that internet connectivity throughout the duration of the meeting is maintained while using RPV provided by Agmo Digital Solutions Sdn. Bhd. ("AGMO") via its Vote2U Online website at <a href="https://web.vote2u.my">https://web.vote2u.my</a>

#### PROCEDURES TO PARTICIPATE IN RPV

Please follow the Procedure to Participate in RPV as summarized below:

#### **BEFORE AGM DAY**

#### A: REGISTRATION

#### **Individual Shareholders**

	Description	Procedure
i.	Shareholders to register with Vote2U online	<ul> <li>The registration will open from the day of notice</li> <li>a. Access website at https://web.vote2u.my</li> <li>b. Click "Sign Up" to sign up as a user.</li> <li>c. Read the 'Privacy Policy' and 'Terms &amp; Conditions' and indicate your acceptance of the 'Privacy Policy' and 'Terms &amp; Conditions' on a small box □. Then click "Next".</li> <li>d. *Fill-in your details (note: create your own password). Then click "Continue".</li> <li>e. Upload softcopy of your identification card (MYKAD) (front only) (for Malaysian) or Passport (for non-Malaysian).</li> <li>f. Click "Submit" to complete the registration</li> <li>g. Your registration will be verified and an email notification will be sent to you. Please check your email.</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>If you have registered as a user with Vote2U Online previously, you are not required to register again.</li> <li>* Check your email address is keyed in correctly.</li> <li>* Remember the password you have keyed-in.</li> </ul>

## Administrative Guide for Shareholders (Cont'd)

#### B: **REGISTER PROXY**

#### Individual Shareholder / Corporate Shareholder / Nominees Company

	Description	Procedure
i.	Submit Form of Proxy (hardcopy)	<ul> <li>a. *Fill-in details on the hardcopy Form of Proxy and ensure to provide the following information: <ul> <li>o MYKAD (for Malaysian) / Passport (for non-Malaysian) number of the Proxy</li> <li>o *Email address of the Proxy</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. The Proxy Form must be deposited at the Share Registrar's office at Mega Corporate Services Sdn Bhd of Level 15-2, Faber Imperial Court Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur, not less than 48 hours before the time set for the meeting or any adjournment thereof.</li> </ul>
		Note: After verification, an email notification will be sent to the Proxy and the Proxy will be given a temporary password. The Proxy could use the temporary password to log in to Vote2U.  * Check the email address of Proxy is written down correctly.
ii.	Electronic Lodgement of Proxy Form (e-Proxy Form) For individual shareholders only	<ul> <li>a. Individual shareholders to log in to Vote2U with your email address and password that you have registered with Vote2U.</li> <li>b. Click "Register Proxy Now" for e-Proxy registration.</li> <li>c. Select the general meeting event that you wish to attend.</li> <li>d. Select/ add your Central Depository System ("CDS") account number and number of shares.</li> <li>e. Select "Appoint Proxy".</li> <li>f. Fill-in the details of your proxy(ies) – ensure proxy(ies) email address(es) is/are valid.</li> <li>g. Indicate your voting instruction should you prefer to do so.</li> <li>h. Thereafter, select "Submit".</li> <li>i. Your submission will be verified.</li> <li>j. After verification, proxy(ies) will receive email notification with temporary credentials, i.e. email address &amp; password, to log in to Vote2U.</li> <li>Note: <ul> <li>You need to register as a shareholder before you can register a proxy and submit the e-Proxy form. Please refer above 'A: Registration' to register</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Shareholders who appoint Proxy(ies) to participate in the virtual AGM must ensure that the hardcopy Form of Proxy or e-proxy is submitted not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or any adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote and in default, the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

## Administrative Guide for Shareholders (Cont'd)

### ON AGM DAY

#### **WATCH LIVE STREAMING**

#### **Individual Shareholders & Proxies**

	Description	Procedure
i.	Login to virtual meeting portal - Vote2U online & watch Live Streaming.	The Vote2U online portal will open for log in starting from <b>9.00am, Wednesday, 15th June 2022</b> , one (1) hour before the commencement of the AGM.
		<ul> <li>a. Login with your email and password</li> <li>b. Select the General Meeting event (for example, "QES 8th AGM").</li> <li>c. Check your details.</li> <li>d. Click "Watch Live" button to view the live streaming.</li> </ul>

#### B: **ASK QUESTION**

#### **Individual Shareholders & Proxies**

	Description	Procedure
i.	Ask Question during AGM (real-time)	Questions submitted online using typed text will be moderated before being forwarded to the Chairman to avoid repetition. Every question and message will be presented with the full name of the shareholder or proxy raising the question.
		<ul> <li>a. Click "Ask Question" button to post question(s).</li> <li>b. Type in your question and click "Submit".</li> </ul>
		The Chairperson / Board of Director will endeavor to respond to questions submitted by remote shareholders and proxies during the AGM.

#### C: **VOTING REMOTELY**

#### **Individual Shareholders & Proxies**

	Description	Procedure
i.	Online Remote Voting	Once the Chairman announces the opening of remote voting:  a. Click "Confirm Details & Start Voting".
		<ul> <li>b. To vote, select your voting choice from the options provided. A confirmation screen will appear to show your selected vote. Click "Next" to continue voting for all resolutions.</li> <li>c. To change your vote, click "Back" and select another voting choice.</li> <li>d. After you have completed voting, a Voting Summary page appears to show all the resolutions with your voting choices. Click "Confirm" to submit your vote.</li> </ul>
		[Please note that you are <u>not able</u> to change your voting choices after you have confirmed and submitted your votes.]

## Administrative Guide for Shareholders (Cont'd)

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

#### **Voting Procedure**

Pursuant to Rule 8.31A of the Ace Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, voting at the AGM will be conducted by poll. Poll administrator and Independent Scrutineers will be appointed to conduct the polling process and verify the results of the poll respectively.

#### **Enquiry**

- For enquiries relating to the general meeting, please contact our Investor Relations during office hours (9:00 a. a.m. to 5:00 p.m.) on Mondays to Fridays (except public holidays) as follows:
  - Email: investor.relations@qesnet.com
- For enquiries relating to RPV facilities or issues encountered during registration, log in, connecting to the live b. streaming and online voting facilities, please contact Vote2U helpdesk during office hours (9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.) on Mondays to Fridays (except public holidays) as follows:

Telephone Number: 03-7664 8520 / 03-7664 8521

Email: vote2u@agmostudio.com

### PROXY FORM



201401042911 (1119086-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

1/ vve		(FULL NAME AS PER NRIC / C	CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION IN CAPITAL LETTERS)	••••••	•••••
		ompany No./ NRIC No. (new)	(old	)	
of			(FULL ADDRESS)		
being a	member(s) of QES GROUP	BERHAD hereby appoint:	(10127.037.1233)		
Name		Email Address	Mobile No.	NRIC/Passport	
*And/c	or failing him/her (delete as	appropriate)			
7 11 107 0	in raining rinny rior (delete de l				
of the C Glenma adjourn	ompany to be held at will b rie Industrial Park, Seksyen ment thereof. (*Strike out w	e held on a virtual basis at the U1, 40150 Shah Alam, Seland hichever is not desired*)	to vote for *me/us on *my/our behalf at the 8 Broadcast Venue, QES Group Berhad, No. 2 gor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia, on Wednesday, 1	2, Jalan Jururanca	ang U1/21, HICOM
The pro	portions of my/our holdings	s to be represented by my/our	proxy(ies) are as follows:-		
Proxy 1		%			
Proxy 2		<u>%</u>			
	100	<u>%</u>			
			solutions set out in the Notice of Meeting, plean n from voting at his discretion.)	ase indicate an "X	" in the appropriate
NO.	RESOLUTIONS		, ,	FOR	AGAINST
1)	Ordinary Resolution 1 - T	o approve the payment of Dire	ectors' fees of Non-Executive Directors		
2)	Ordinary Resolution 2 - F	Re-election of Mr. Hoh Chee M	lun as Director		
3)	Ordinary Resolution 3 - F	Re-election of Puan Maznida B	Binti Mokhtar as Director		
4)	Ordinary Resolution 4 – To re-appoint Messrs. Moore Stephens Associates PLT as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration				
5)	5) Ordinary Resolution 5 – Authority to allot and issue shares				
Signed	thisday of	2022			
No. of	shares held:				
CDS A	ccount No.:		 Sir	nature/Common	Seal of Member(s)
Tel No	. (during office hours):		Siç	griatare, common	Coal of Member(s)
Notes:-	'				

- 1. As part of the initiatives to curb the spread of Covid-19, the Eigth Annual General Meeting ("8th AGM") of the Company will be conducted on a virtual basis by way of live streaming and online remote voting via Remote Participation and Voting ("RPV") facilities available on Vote2U Online website at https://web.vote2u.my Please follow the procedures provided in the 'Administrative Details' section of the 8th AGM in order to register, participate and vote remotely via the RPV facilities.
- The broadcast venue of the 8th AGM is strictly for the purpose of complying with Section 327(2) of the Act and Clause 58 of the Company's Constitution which stipulate that the Chairman shall be at the main venue. Member(s)/proxy(ies)/corporate representative(s) WILL NOT BE ALLOWED to attend the 8th AGM in person at the broadcast venue on the day of the meeting.
- Members are to attend, speak (including posing questions to the Board via real time submission of typed texts) and vote (collectively, "participate")
  remotely at the 8th AGM via the RPV provided by Agmo Digital Solutions Sdn Bhd. ("Agmo") via its Vote2U Online website at https://web.vote2u.my.
  Please follow the Procedures for RPV provided in the Administrative Details of the 8th AGM and read the notes below in order to participate remotely via RPV.
- 4. The Proxy Form must be deposited at the Share Registrar's office at Mega Corporate Services Sdn Bhd of Level 15-2, Faber Imperial Court Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur, not less than 48 hours before the time set for the meeting or any adjournment thereof.
- 5. Members may submit questions to the Board of Directors prior to the 8th AGM via **Vote2U Online** website at https://web.vote2u.my by selecting "Ask Question" after the login, pose questions and submit electronically no later than Monday, 13 June 2022 at 10.00 a.m. or to use the query box to transmit questions to the Chairman/Board via RPV during live streaming.
- 6. For the purpose of determining who shall be entitled to attend this General Meeting via RPV, the Company shall be requesting Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd to make available to the Company, a Record of Depositors as at 8 June 2022. Only a member whose name appears on this Record of Depositors shall be entitled to attend in this 8th AGM via RPV.
- 7. A member entitled to attend and vote at this General Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy or attorney or in the case of a corporation, to appoint a duly authorised representative to attend, participate, speak and vote in his place. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company.
- 8. A member of the Company who is entitled to attend and vote at a General Meeting of the Company may appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend, participate, speak and vote instead of the member at the General Meeting.
- 9. Where a member of the Company is an authorised nominee as defined in the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991 ("Central Depositories Act"), it may appoint not more than two (2) proxies in respect of each securities account it holds in ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account.
- 10. Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds. An exempt authorised nominee refers to an authorised nominee defined under the Central Depositories Act which is exempted from compliance with the provisions of Section 25A(1) of the Central Depositories Act.
- 11. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the proportion of shareholdings to be represented by each proxy must be specified in the instrument appointing the proxies.
- 12. A member who has appointed a proxy or attorney or authorised representative to attend, participate, speak and vote at this 8th AGM via RPV must request his/her proxy to register himself/herself for RPV at Vote2U Online website at https://web.vote2u.my. Please follow the Procedures for RPV in the Administrative Details of the 8th AGM.



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AFFIX STAMP

SHARE REGISTRAR

## Mega Corporate Services Sdn Bhd

Level 15-2, Faber Imperial Court Jalan Sultan Ismail 50250 Kuala Lumpur

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## **Contact Us**

QES GROUP BERHAD Company No. 201401042911 (1119086-U) (Incorporated in Malaysia under the Companies Act, 1965)



NO. 2, JALAN JURURANCANG U1/21, HICOM GLENMARIE INDUSTRIAL PARK, SEKSYEN U1, 40150 SHAH ALAM, SELANGOR, MALAYSIA.



(603) 5882 6668



investor.relations@qesnet.com www.qesnet.com

